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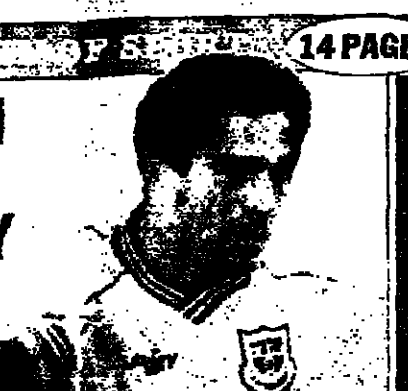
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Cambridge boost for state pupils

By JOHN O'LEARY
EDUCATION EDITOR

CAMBRIDGE University is to increase by a third the number of students it recruits from state schools in an attempt to ward off a government threat to college fees, which does see as vital to its position as a world leader.

Plans to take two out of three undergraduates from the state system were endorsed by admissions tutors on Friday. At present, half come from state schools.

The target reflects the proportion of state-educated pupils achieving three A grades at A level, but it will

alarm independent schools, some of which already claim that the system is weighted against their candidates.

Ministers have asked the Higher Education Funding Council for England to review the justification for Oxford and Cambridge receiving an extra £35 million a year to maintain individual tuition and separate college facilities. Although the review is concentrating on value for money, the universities believe that the price for retaining the system may be greater access for state pupils. Gordon Brown was applauded at the Labour Party conference when he said: "When at

Oxford and Cambridge half the places still go to private schools, it is time to extend opportunity by redistributing resources."

There are wide variations among the colleges at both of the ancient universities. In Cambridge, Churchill and King's colleges take at least three-quarters of their students from the state sector, while in some others the proportion is little more than a third.

The two universities have launched a series of initiatives to attract more applications from the state system. But the proportion of offers to state applicants dropped below 44 per cent last year at

Oxford, and Cambridge struggled to raise it above 50 per cent.

Dr Susan Stobbs, the Pembroke College scientist who chairs the Cambridge Admissions Forum, said: "We think that a split of 65 per cent state pupils and 35 per cent from independent schools would be a fair proportion of the brightest and the best. Although we have no intention of introducing quotas, we will have in our thoughts what would be sensible. We will not be discriminating against anybody."

Almost all of those offered places at Cambridge are predicted to achieve three A grades at A level. Of 25,700 students achieving that

last year, 17,400 were from state schools or colleges and 8,300 from the independent sector.

Dr Stobbs said the imbalance was compounded by sixth-form scholarships, which attract many of the most talented comprehensive school pupils into the independent sector. "Some of those who remain in state schools are not encouraged to apply, even though they could do very well."

An official analysis of Cambridge degree results, carried out for the first time this year, has shown little difference between the performances of state and independent school pupils. Dr Stobbs said:

"This suggests that our selection procedures are fair."

Oxford will address the issue when the North Commission, which is reviewing all aspects of university life, reports next month. A spokesman said yesterday: "We are doing our best to see that as many people as possible apply from state schools. We do not go in for positive discrimination, but we do look for potential in applicants from all types of school."

John Moore, Headmaster of the King's School, Worcester, and academic secretary of the Headmasters' and Headmistresses' Conference, said that independent schools

would be concerned if quotas were set, but would not object to Cambridge's move. "If they want to set a target, that is perfectly proper, as long as all applications are treated on merit."

College fees, which provide Oxford and Cambridge with £2,000 a year more per student than other universities receive, have been the subject of fierce discussion since Sir Ron Dearing raised the issue in his report on higher education. Education ministers are said to have argued for abolition, but to have met resistance in Downing Street.

Friendly quads, page 7

Brown tries to calm market EMU fears

By NICHOLAS WATT AND ALASDAIR MURRAY

GORDON BROWN was forced last night to try to calm stock markets braced for a dramatic fall today after his indication that Britain would not join a European single currency for at least five years.

The Chancellor gave a series of interviews promising a "full and substantial" statement to Parliament soon after it returns on Monday. And today he will tell the Stock Exchange: "We are determined to avoid continuing and debilitating speculation."

Mr Brown spoke after Peter Lilley, the Shadow Chancellor, led criticism of the way he had outlined his thinking on the single currency in an interview with *The Times* rather than to Parliament. Mr Lilley accused the Government of "whispered words and bungled briefings" and said that Parliament should be recalled within 48 hours.

City prepare for economic and monetary union — whether or not Britain was a part of it.

Government sources last night stood by the Chancellor's interview with *The Times* in which he gave his strongest indication to date that Britain would not sign up to the currency this side of a general election.

And today he will use his speech at the opening of the stock market's new electronic trading system: "I have already said that entry in 1999 is highly unlikely. Our economic cycle has been out of line with our European partners. There has not been sufficient flexibility to cope with economic shocks. Business has not had time to prepare. If we do not join in 1999, Britain will need a period of stability without continuing speculation."

Mr Lilley, however, called for an official enquiry into a series of recent briefings about the Government's view on the euro. He told BBC's *On the Record*: "If any private individual had misled markets in the way that this Government has done, that would be a very serious offence. We should have an inquiry into who has said what that caused this from within government."

"The correct thing to do is for Gordon Brown to come before the House of Commons and spell out his policies and make it absolutely clear and subject himself to parliamentary scrutiny. He should do so sooner rather than later. Ideally he should recall Parliament early so that next week he can do it and clear up confusion."

"This is a Government which does not have policies, it has media manipulation at its heart and its core. And those who live by the leak are going to die by the leak. All this is caused by their obsession with media manipulation and their contempt for parliamentary democracy."

Paddy Ashdown said that the Government had confused the situation over EMU. He continued on page 2, col 5



Asylum-seeking gypsies from Eastern Europe at Dover yesterday. Over the weekend 180 people seeking political refuge arrived forcing the council to implement emergency plans

Chinese swim into trouble

A series of record-breaking performances by swimmers from the National Games of China in Shanghai has again pointed the finger of suspicion at sport in China.

Susan O'Neill, Australia's Olympic champion over 200 metres butterfly, said: "They are obviously cheating — they are machines." Don Talbot, head coach to the Australian team, said: "You have to be naive to think they're clean. This is a planned policy." Page 26

Tax on savings to be reformed

Gordon Brown is planning to sweep away differing tax rates and exemptions and equalise taxes on savings.

A team of Treasury officials is working on proposals, possibly for the Chancellor's next Budget in the spring, to entitle everyone to a fixed amount of tax-free income from all forms of savings — possibly as much as £2,000 a year. Alternatively, the tax-free limit could be fixed in terms of the capital sum invested. Page 2

Dover overwhelmed by gypsy asylum seekers

By LIN JENKINS

URGENT talks are to be held today with Slovakian Embassy officials in an attempt to stem the flow of Eastern European gypsies arriving at Dover seeking political asylum.

The arrival of more than 180 men, women and children over the weekend — few of whom are likely to be granted asylum — forced Kent County Council to implement an emergency plan as every available bed and breakfast place was taken. The weekend influx adds to the 600 who have arrived since August.

A day centre has been used to accommodate some, while an empty old peoples' home in Thanet is on standby to take more if two coachloads, reported by the Immigration Service to be at Calais, arrive. Up to 3,000 people are said to be making their way across Europe.

Kent County Council has said it is unable to cope with the numbers and demanded an immediate meeting with ministers. It was already facing

a £1 million bill before the weekend arrivals.

Mike O'Brien, the Home Office Minister in charge of immigration, rejected criticism. "I am satisfied we are approaching it in the proper way. We are getting some irresponsible and inflammatory comment," he said.

At least 36 of those who arrived over the weekend have returned to France. About 30 of the men, all classified as principal asylum seekers, are in detention centres. Their wives and families have been found accommodation after some spent a night on the floor of a social services day centre.

The influx has been attributed to a documentary made by a Prague-based television company which interviewed asylum seekers in Dover a few weeks ago. It is believed to have suggested that Britain was an attractive prospect for refugees. None of the 140 Slovak and Czech Republic gypsies whose applications have been processed has been granted asylum. There is

widespread belief that they are deliberately abusing the system.

Some of the group are telling us that Eastern European TV was saying that the asylum and benefits system in Britain can be abused," said Mr O'Brien.

Since August 116 men have sought political asylum for themselves and their families. Last year there were 10 applications in the same period.

Keith Ferrin, Deputy Leader of Kent County Council, said local services were at crisis point. "The bill for this year before the new arrivals at £1 million. We are on a knife-edge and we cannot allow services to local people to deteriorate."

Primary schools in the town are full. "We face the prospect of telling somebody who moves to the town that their children will have to be bussed elsewhere because schools are full."

Romany influx, page 5

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Diana's dresses wanted for Millennium Dome

By VALERIE ELLIOTT
WHITEHALL EDITOR

A DAZZLING collection of evening dresses worn by Diana, Princess of Wales, is being considered by ministers for display at the Millennium Dome.

The display would raise money for charities and causes associated with the Princess. It is expected that visitors to the dome would be asked to make a charity donation on top of the admission cost.

The idea has interested Peter

Mandelson, the Minister without Portfolio, who is in charge of the project and Jenny Page, the Millennium Commission chief executive, is to inspect an exhibition of the Princess's dresses in America. They wish to ensure, however, that any exhibition would meet the approval of the Princess's family.

Ministers hope that by the time exhibition opens, the Princess's ex-tors might allow more of her clothes to be included.

The idea was prompted by an exhibition opening next month at the

Museum of Art in Tampa, Florida, of some of the Princess's dresses bought at the Christie's auction in New York. Maureen Roesch, a 37-year-old businesswoman, bought 13 of the dresses and had decided to exhibit them to raise money for charities connected with children. Aids, cancer and hospices even before the Princess's death.

Interest in the exhibition has surged since then, and many other people who bought some of the 79 dresses at auction wish to present their items.

Cynthia Duval, curator and consultant for the exhibition, has been inundated

with offers of dresses and requests from museums in the US, Japan, Hong Kong, Brazil and Europe to stage the exhibition in support of the Princess's charities. Her aim is that the collection, or at least part of it, should ultimately return to England.

Mrs Roesch said last night that she intended to present the dresses she owns to Prince William and Prince Harry after the world tour. "They can then decide what is most appropriate for them but I hope they would never be sold," she said. "The dresses

Continued on page 2, col 4

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Chancellor plans 'savings ration' in tax shake-up

A REVOLUTION in the taxation of savings is being planned by Gordon Brown. Treasury officials are working on radical proposals to cut through the jungle of differing tax rates and exemptions and create a level playing field for taxes on savings.

Under the plan, everyone would be entitled to a fixed tax-free income from all savings — possibly as much as £2,000 a year. Alternatively, the tax-free limit could be fixed in terms of the capital sum invested. Under this formula no tax would be payable on the return from annual savings of, say, £10,000. Above these limits, tax would become payable at the basic or top rate.

It is understood that Mr Brown has pencilled in the shake-up for his next Budget in March. He regards the "ration of savings" plan as a potential big idea for his Chancellorship — on a par with the far-reaching tax reforms introduced by Nigel Lawson in the 1980s.

The proposal goes far beyond Mr Brown's announcement in his July Budget of plans for a new individual

Nicholas Wood
on Gordon Brown's latest attempt at cutting the welfare bill

savings account (ISA) to replace tax-free Peps and Tassas. An attack on savings and pensions tax incentives would be seen as a direct blow at the middle classes, who have already seen their pension returns sliced by Budget reforms depriving pension funds of the right to claim back the tax paid on dividends.

Treasury officials had been given until the end of the year to present detailed proposals to the Chancellor. However, the "ration of savings" plan is encountering stiff resistance from senior officials, who fear that it will prove administratively unworkable.

At present, some forms of

income from savings — such as Peps and Tassas — are tax free. Others, such as interest on bank- and building society deposits, are taxable. Under the proposed new regime, all forms of saving would be treated alike for tax purposes. The future of tax relief on pension contributions — which could lead to abolition of 40 per cent relief for high earners — could be included in the savings rethink.

Mr Brown believes that such a radical upheaval — if properly presented to the public — would encourage far more people to save. At present, the average level of savings is less than £500 per household and most people have little put aside.

Boosting the nation's modest savings ratio is seen by the Chancellor as important to strengthening the economy in the long term and easing the path towards reform of the £100 billion-a-year welfare state. If more people, particularly the low paid, could be encouraged to save through their working lives, they would be less reliant on welfare if they hit hard times.

It is understood that similar proposals were secretly considered by John Major and Kenneth Clarke in 1995 in the early stages of preparation for the 1997 Conservative manifesto. They were dropped after the Inland Revenue warned that implementation would require thousands of new tax inspectors. They would be needed to check more complicated self-assessment tax returns and to replace the banks, building societies and other financial institutions, who police the current system, deducting tax at source on savings.

Edward Troup, a tax adviser to Mr Clarke during his Chancellorship, and now head of tax strategy at law firm Simmons and Simmons, said: "A ration of savings could mean that up to £22 billion more people would have to fill in tax returns, either to reclaim tax or to pay additional tax. It is an attractive idea but not one whose time has yet come."



Maureen Rorech, who is behind an exhibition in the US of dresses which belonged to Diana, Princess of Wales

Continued from page 1 represent something so historic." Last month Mrs Rorech bought a fourteenth dress for her collection. She paid more than £200,000 (£125,000) for the black velvet dress designed by Bruce Oldfield which the Princess wore in 1985 to a first-night performance of *Les Misérables*. Its original price at auction was \$36,800.

The exhibition collection is insured for nearly \$15 million.

Diana's dresses to raise charity funds

By next spring at least 30 dresses are expected to be included and by the millennium it is hoped that most of the 79 dresses can be assembled.

Mrs Duval said last night: "I would love to have all the dresses. They represent a remarkable piece of history.

of museum standards. Mrs Rorech, who runs a number of style and fashion companies and campaigns for charity, said: "My interest in this collection is as a memorial to the Princess. I believe it will represent something very important over the next few years and that it will powerfully rally millions of people around the world and they will support the Princess's charities and the causes she believed in."

The dresses are already being treated as invaluable historical costumes and are being conserved to the highest

NEWS IN BRIEF

Legal aid axe to fall without legislation

The Government will move swiftly to scrap civil legal aid for all claims involving money and damages from as early as next April without primary legislation.

But such a move, in the wake of the Lord Chancellor's publication of a far-reaching shake-up of legal services on Saturday, could be challenged by the legal profession in the courts. Both the Law Society and the Bar believe legislation is needed.

Government officials however are believed to take the view that removing civil legal aid from work such as personal injuries, debt and consumer claims could be done through an order in Parliament. The idea is that legal aid would be scrapped at the same time as the Government acts next April to open up "no win, no fee" work for most civil claims. Officials accept that other aspects of the reforms — introducing fixed-price contracts for remaining legal aid work — will need legislation. No Bill on those measures is likely before November 1998.

Hague calls Bell back into fold

Sir Tim Bell, former special adviser to Margaret Thatcher and head of a public relations company, will be a main speaker at the two-day "bonding session" for Tory MPs, starting in Eastbourne on Tuesday. He will describe how parties in other countries use political advertising. Senior MPs who have declined William Hague's invitation to attend include John Major and Michael Heseltine.

Toll on drivers in cities urged

One of John Prescott's transport advisers will today demand that the Government introduces urgent legislation to charge motorists so as to ease city congestion. Ministers must let local authorities use the money to improve public transport, says a report by David Begg. He will tell the Government that plans to reduce pollution and congestion will fail unless it takes swift action on charges.

New powers for food watchdog

The new Food Standards Agency will be given sweeping powers over the monitoring and labelling of foods, ministers have decided. The agency will also be responsible for legislation covering the nutritional qualities of food, including claims made by manufacturers. The decision is a success for critics of the food industry, which says it fears a return to the "naughty state".

Unheard-of quiet on Armistice Day

An unprecedented number of businesses and councils will pay tribute to the war dead with an Armistice Day silence on November 11. For the first time all the leading stores, and Radio 4, will mark the two-minute silence, and McDonald's has agreed to encourage all 800 of its restaurants to support the tribute. More than 120 companies and organisations will observe the silence.

South basks in flaming October

Temperatures reached 23C (73F) in southern England yesterday in one of the hottest October spells since records began. West London saw the highest temperatures, with West Wales and western Ireland a few degrees lower. Scotland was much colder. The London Weather Centre said it was unlikely to last and frost could be expected in some areas this week.

Forecast, page 2

Schemes boosted the thrifty ethic

By ANNE ASHWORTH

A NUMBER of tax-free schemes currently exist to promote the saving ethic. But they have been introduced at different times and grown up without overall planning.

Each year you can put a total of £9,000 into personal equity plans (PEPs) and get tax-free income and gains. Another £9,000 can be invested over five years in tax exempt special savings accounts (Tassas). Provided the capital remains untouched for that period, all the interest is tax free.

Pension savings is promoted through tax relief on contributions, given both at the basic (23 per cent) rate of tax

and of the higher rate (40 per cent). Employees contributing to company schemes are entitled to pay in 15 per cent of their salaries tax free. Those without company schemes or the self-employed, can contribute from 17.5 per cent of earnings to personal plans depending on age.

Tax-free savings can also be made in National Savings plans, including Premium Bonds, friendly societies, venture capital and enterprise investment schemes.

In 1999 Peps and Tassas are to be phased out to be replaced by Individual Savings Accounts (Isas), to encourage the low-paid to save.

Edward Troup, a tax adviser to Mr Clarke during his Chancellorship, and now head of tax strategy at law firm Simmons and Simmons, said: "A ration of savings could mean that up to £22 billion more people would have to fill in tax returns, either to reclaim tax or to pay additional tax. It is an attractive idea but not one whose time has yet come."

McAleese in new Sinn Fein row

MARTIN FLETCHER, CHIEF IRELAND CORRESPONDENT

THE frontrunner for Ireland's presidency, a Belfast law professor who lunched privately with the Queen at Buckingham Palace last year, yesterday faced a fresh claim of being a Sinn Fein sympathiser.

The allegation against Mary McAleese, based on leaked documents from the Irish Foreign Ministry, have introduced uncertainty into the previously sedate race just 12 days before the election.

Bertie Ahern, the Irish Prime Minister, reiterated his strong support for Dr McAleese yesterday, and has ordered a police investigation into the leak of a memorandum from an Irish diplomat, Dymally Hayes, on a conversation she had with Brid Rodgers, a senior member of Ulster's nationalist Social

Democratic and Labour Party, a month before Britain's general election.

It quotes Mr Rodgers complaining that the SDLP was receiving poor coverage in Belfast's *Irish News* because of an unofficial alliance between Dr McAleese, the newspaper's editor-in-chief, and Alex Reid, a priest instrumental in bringing Sinn Fein to the negotiating table. In her view the trio was "promoting a new nationalist consensus which owes more to Sinn Fein than the SDLP. All three are in regular touch with the Sinn Fein leadership and are in reality pushing the Sinn Fein agenda."

Gerry Adams, Sinn Fein's president, compounded Dr McAleese's problems last Thursday by saying she was



McAleese spoke of ceasefire initiative

his preferred candidate. Dr McAleese, whose childhood home is in a predominantly Catholic area of north Belfast was once sprayed with bullets by loyalists, has made no secret of her nationalist views, but insists her only link with

Sinn Fein was through a private initiative with Father Reid to secure an IRA ceasefire. There is no evidence she has ever supported violence.

Dr McAleese is Pro-Vice-Chancellor of Queen's University in Belfast and a director of Channel 4 television. She told *The Times* last week that the Queen invited her to a private lunch in May 1996. "We passed a very nice afternoon," she said, "and she would love to invite the Queen to make her first visit to the Republic."

An *Irish Times* poll last week gave Dr McAleese 32 per cent support, eight points more than Mary Bannotti, the opposition Fine Gael candidate, with the other three candidates trailing far behind.

Chancellor

Continued from page 1 told the BBC's *The World This Weekend*: "We are certainly seeing the price of Government by spin and leak and that's very unhelpful. What we are seeing is rather uncertain government, pretty questionable politics and extremely doubtful economics."

The political row came as economists predicted that leading shares could fall by as much as 100 points today, but they stopped short of forecasting meltdown. There is also growing anger among businesses and investors that the series of leaks and counter-leaks on single currency policy are wreaking havoc in the financial markets.

The stock market soared a near-record 161 points three weeks ago, after a report suggesting that the Government was preparing for an early entry into EMU. But the latest contrary reports are expected to wipe out most of these gains. Gilt prices will also be vulnerable.

Speculation of an early entry into EMU boost the stock market because it implies relatively high UK interest rates converging with lower European interest rates. Today, only the pound looks set to climb higher as a delayed entry into EMU would leave the Bank of England free to raise interest rates to curb the booming domestic economy.

Peter Warburton, UK economist at Robert Fleming, said: "The markets will be pretty confused today. Gordon Brown has flagged up that he will soon make a formal statement on EMU. He should get on and make it."

TV pullout fuels Clark reshuffle speculation

By NICHOLAS WATT AND VALERIE ELLIOTT

DAVID CLARK, the embattled Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, pulled out of a television interview yesterday, increasing speculation that his Cabinet career may be nearing its end.

The BBC had been expecting Dr Clark to make a strong defence of his accusation that a Government official is running a "smear campaign" against him. But the current affairs programme *On the Record* was told abruptly on Saturday night that the minister could not attend because he had a perforated eardrum.

Peter Kilfoyle, a junior Cabinet Office Minister took his place. In an uncertain performance Mr Kilfoyle denied that Dr Clark had been "got at" after implying that a Government minister was behind press leaks about him.

However, Dr Clark's non-appearance added to speculation that the minister is likely to be a victim in Tony Blair's first Cabinet reshuffle. A senior Government source underlined the Prime Minister's irritation with the minister when he told one newspaper that he had "totally lost it". Senior members of the Government were exasperated when Dr Clark, the MP for South Shields, told his local newspaper that he was the

victim of a smear campaign by an unnamed Government colleague. He then told a local BBC radio station: "I don't think there's any doubt that there is somebody running a smear campaign against me. The media has considerable detail, basically much of it true."

Dr Clark's outburst was prompted by a series of stories in the press claiming that he spent about £50,000 on three factfinding visits to the United States, Canada and Australia to compare international freedom of information laws.

His astonishing remarks also highlighted Dr Clark's anger that he is being blamed for failing to produce the much-awaited Government White Paper for a Freedom of Information Bill. Dr Clark, who had promised to produce a White Paper by the end of August, was given a dressing down by Lord Irvine of Lairg, the Lord Chancellor, in a Cabinet committee on future legislation.

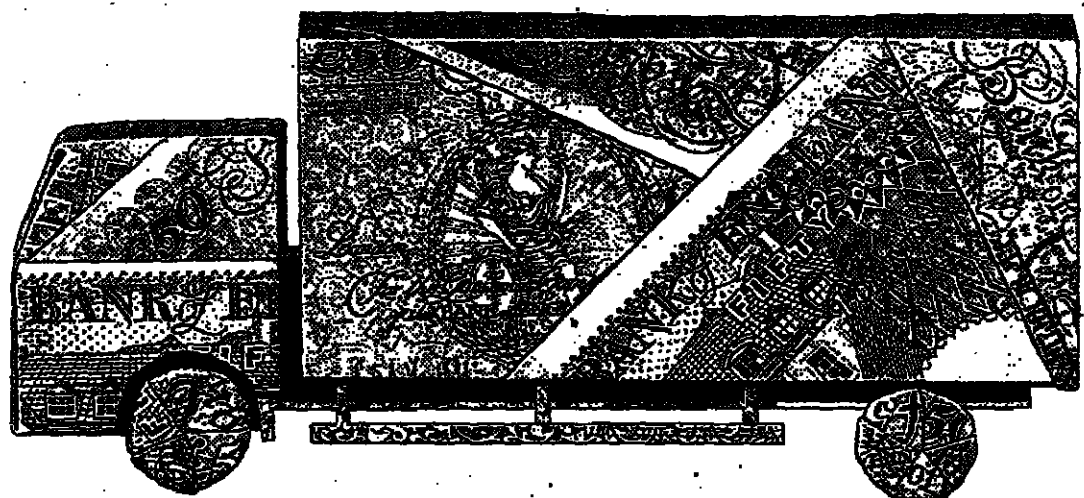
He was told to go back to the drawing board.

Dr Clark's allegations about a smear campaign are being viewed "extremely seriously", Robin Manfield, the Permanent Secretary at the Office of Public Service, is to look at the claims this week.

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Rape victim was for hours in box

Malvern boy dies in car as he flees police

Pupil crashed into his school gatepost, reports Simon de Bruxelles

A PROMISING sixth-form pupil at Malvern College was killed at the wheel of his car when he crashed into the school gates during a high-speed police chase.

Julian Elwell, 17, died after hitting a stone pillar at the entrance to the public school on Saturday night as he tried to evade a patrol car. His Fiat Tipo burst into flames, and repeated attempts to rescue him from the burning vehicle failed. West Mercia police said last night that the Police Complaints Authority would oversee the investigation into Mr Elwell's death.

The chase began shortly after 9pm on Saturday, when PC Paul Lambourne stopped his patrol car to speak to the driver of a red Fiat parked on double yellow lines outside the Unicorn pub in the centre of Malvern, Hereford and Worcester. Instead, Mr Elwell made off at high speed and PC Lambourne followed as he went through a red traffic light, narrowly missed another car and then lost control and crashed into the entrance of No 8 House in College Road. Police said the pursuing patrol car was 200 yards from the Fiat when it crashed.

Inspector David Pellet of Worcester police said: "The vehicle burst into flames and officers made repeated attempts to extinguish the fire and rescue the occupant. A local doctor who was one of the first on the scene pronounced Mr Elwell dead at 9.40pm."

"At this stage of the inquiry we have absolutely no idea why the car drove off at high speed. The whole incident was over in a matter of two or three minutes."

The schoolboy's father, Jon, an advertising executive and former RAF helicopter pilot, received news of his son's death on Saturday — his 42nd birthday. "It is a loss to the world, not just to us. He was going to be a doctor," he said.

His mother Clare, 43, a teacher of dyslexic children, added: "The best are always taken away soonest and now I know that is true."

Mrs Elwell, who also has a



The burnt-out wreckage of the car which crashed into the gate pillars, below, after a high-speed police chase



15-year-old daughter and another son, aged 13, said her son was trustworthy behind the wheel of a car despite his inexperience. "I find it so out of character that he ended up that way. I entrusted my other children to his care. I entrusted myself to his care. I had no concerns about his driving."

News of the tragedy was broken to the college's 570 pupils at chapel on Sunday morning. Headmaster Hugh Carson said: "We are gravely concerned at this terrible event. Julian Elwell was a bright and popular boy and an Oxbridge candidate. We are investigating the accident and its causes and will make a further statement on completion of this investigation. Our priority now rests with consol-

ing the family and also the rest of the college community."

A post mortem examination due to be carried out this morning will establish whether Mr Elwell had been drinking before the accident. A scholar as well as a recipient of a government assisted place, he had been a pupil at the public school since the age of 13. At the time of his death, he was studying for Art, Biology, Chemistry and Maths A levels and hoping for a place at Cambridge, University College London or Imperial College.

After A levels the teenager, who was a pupil at Buckfast Abbey School before enrolling at Malvern in 1993, was hoping to teach in Tanzania for eight months before a spell

as a sailing instructor in France. Pupils at the school are expected to carry photo identity cards giving their date of birth.

The Unicorn's manager, Chris Lush, said: "The College has very good relations with the pub in Malvern. Pupils know we won't serve them without ID. We certainly don't need the custom as it's a lively little town, especially on Saturday night."

"I doubt that even if he left his car it was for long as it is a busy road and he was on a double yellow line. There are some cashpoint machines across the road so he may have stopped to use one of them."

Older pupils at Malvern are allowed to own and drive cars only with the written permission of their parents, which Mr Elwell had been given the necessary authority at the start of the autumn term. They may only carry other pupils as passengers with the approval of both sets of parents.

Keys have to be left with the housemaster and pupils need his permission each time they take a car out. On Saturday nights sixth-formers must be back in their boarding houses by 10.30. Twelve pupils within the sixth form are currently permitted to drive.

A spokesman for the school said the policy had been in place for seven years, adding: "However, it is reassessed all the time. They must apply for permission each term."

Malvern College, which was founded in 1862, is co-educational and has 450 boarders and 120 day pupils. The fees are £4,450 a term and famous old boys include CS Lewis, Denholm Elliott, Jeremy Paxman and former Tesco chairman Lord McLaurin.

Superintendent Tony Stanley of West Mercia police said that the decision to refer the matter to the Police Complaints Authority had been taken by the deputy chief constable. He said: "We cannot say if Julian had been drinking at the pub or not. His movements and his activities will no doubt be part of the investigation."



Julian Elwell, 17: he hoped to become a doctor after university, his father said

Anger at reports of road rage victim's drug past

By DOMINIC KENNEDY

THE family of a man who died with his girlfriend in an apparent "road rage" attack reacted with outrage yesterday to reports that he had been convicted of attempting to supply drugs.

The killings of Toby Exley, 22, and his girlfriend Karen Martin, 20, whose car was shunted across a dual carriageway by another motorist, took a new twist when it was disclosed that Mr Exley, who was driving, was still on two years' probation at the time of his death.

He had been fined £210 and put on a rehabilitation programme last year after being convicted of possessing amphetamines. Ecstasy and cannabis with intent to supply. He had been arrested by drugs squad officers outside a nightclub in Putney, south-west London, just after Christmas 1995, it was reported.

Yesterday's News of the World quoted an unnamed underground source as saying Mr Exley was a well known cocaine dealer. Mr Exley's mother Joan and his brothers Robin, 16, and Ben, 17, from Teddington, west London, have issued a statement defending the dead chef's reputation.

The statement read: "We the Exley family are disgusted by the allegations printed in today's papers. Toby was not a drugs dealer. Toby has no connection with any drug warlords or barons. Toby never came into contact with cocaine. Toby's arrest came on Boxing Day, 1995, the anniversary of his father's death. He hadn't come from a club. He was at home with his family. He did not sell any drugs to anyone else, he was caught in possession."

Mr Exley had also been fined £800 in 1994 after being convicted of stealing from a car, but the family's statement made no mention of that.

Scotland Yard would say only that it was looking at a number of lines of inquiry as 20 detectives continued narrowing down the search for the killer's vehicle. The search has been narrowed to 5,000 cars.

Rape victim was locked for hours in boot of car

By PAUL WHITTAKER

A WOMAN made a desperate call for help from a mobile phone while locked in the boot of her Mercedes by an abductor who later raped her during a terrifying seven-hour ordeal.

The woman, who met her attacker in Loughborough, Leicestershire, at about 1.45am on Saturday before later being attacked in nearby Shephed, rang the pre-programmed number of a colleague on a mobile phone hidden in her pocket. But her frantic call proved to be in vain.

After being alerted by the colleague, police quickly dispatched patrol cars and a search helicopter to the disorientated woman's last known location, but by daylight they had failed to find any trace of her.

The woman, who was being interviewed yesterday by rape crisis officers, was discovered by a farmer who heard her cries for help and found her in her boot lid at about 9.30am in a remote field at Gelscoe

Farm, between the villages of Belton and Tongue, on the Leicestershire-Derbyshire border.

Detective Superintendent Bryan Warraker, who is leading the hunt for the rapist, yesterday described the attack as particularly cruel and violent. "It was a terrifying ordeal. Without a shadow of a doubt, this is a man we must catch as we have fears he will offend again."

"The offender told her to take him to Shephed, about seven miles out of Loughborough, and started directing her through dark back roads and small country lanes. She became nervous and when she tried to turn around he grabbed the steering wheel, overpowered her and bundled her into the boot."

Mr Warraker said that the woman was able to make a call at 2am before her abductor heard her talking as he was beginning to drive off. He then snatched the phone from her. The woman, who suffered

severe bruising after being struck in the face, was raped twice by her assailant and had her money stolen.

She was first attacked in farmland before being forced back into the boot, driven further into a field and assaulted behind a hedge.

Mr Warraker said that the man, who had a local accent, was slim, white, in his late teens with short fair hair and a small hoop earring. He was wearing a white T-shirt and dark jeans, and would have had mud on his clothes after walking a long distance.

"Anyone who saw a similarly described person in the early hours of October 18 should come forward immediately. It is quite likely that the offender would have mud on his shoes or on the bottom of his trousers and would be cold and damp when he returned home," Mr Warraker said. Anyone with information should contact the incident room at Loughborough on 0116 222 2222.

Keays will face court on publicity for daughter

By EMMA WILKINS

SARA KEAYS, former mistress of Lord Parkinson, has been summoned to appear at the High Court today over a series of newspaper interviews. Ms Keays is the subject of an injunction which since 1993 has banned her from making any public reference to the upbringing of her daughter Flora, who is now 13.

The Official Solicitor, Peter Harris, will ask the court to appoint a psychologist to examine Flora to see if she has been affected by the publicity. Ms Keays, who will be contesting the application, said: "I have been summoned to appear and I will be there. I am not going to allow anyone to examine Flora."

Ms Keays said she would ask the court to lift the "gagging" order. "My rights as Flora's mother have been infringed in a grotesque way. The injunction has given Flora no protection whatsoever."

RSC plays Chelsea at their own game

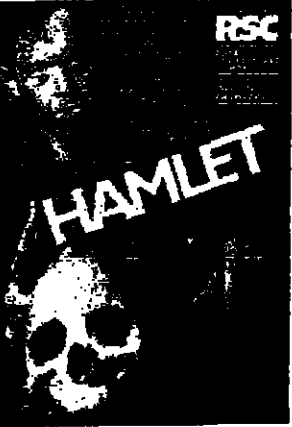
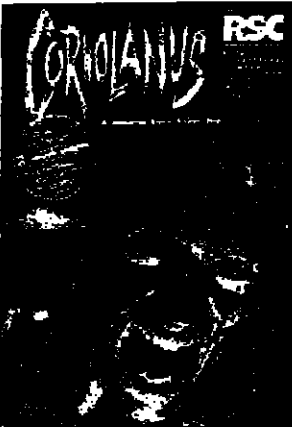
By CAROL MIDDLEY
MEDIA CORRESPONDENT

DEATH and violence in the plays of William Shakespeare are being used to tempt Nine-ites man away from the football terraces and into the theatre.

The Royal Shakespeare Company is playing up the bloodier and more juddish elements of the Bard's work in the hope of persuading young men to swap the drama of the speeder stadium for live action on stage.

Theatre managers are concerned that the majority of theatre tickets are bought by women and they aim to swell attendance figures by tapping into a new audience. Men under 30 are the least represented group, but often have the most spare money for leisure pursuits.

A poster campaign about to be launched on the London Underground shows Hamlet holding Yorick's skull as if it



The Coriolanus poster that inspired the series — and a "juddish" advertisement for Hamlet

were a football beneath the words "On your head". Further posters are planned to coincide with rugby matches. In a special advertising campaign in the sports pages of newspapers, Henry V is trumpeted as the macho warrior fighting for England. The advert is headlined: "In 1415

away games were life and death." The RSC was inspired to carry out the campaign after the success of a poster to promote a production of Coriolanus at the time the violent film Natural Born Killers was released in Britain. It was a graphic picture

showing Coriolanus, "a natural born killer", drenched in blood and had a "tremendous" response from the public.

"We are trying to relate to men on their own level and say that there is a lot in Shakespeare that will connect with them," said Andy Cole, spokesman for the RSC. "They might pay £25 to watch Chelsea play but could pay as little as £6 to watch a Shakespeare play."

RSC research shows that women buy 60 per cent of theatre tickets and of the men who buy them relatively few are under 40.

Frances Hughes, secretary of the Shakespeare Reading Society, said men were under-represented in theatre attendance. "I go to the theatre 50 or 60 times a year and young men are very much in the minority," she said.

Henry V is at the Barbican from November 4. Hamlet plays from November 28.

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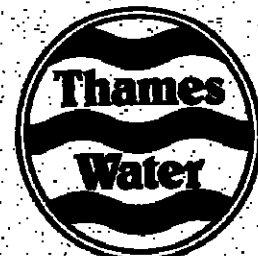
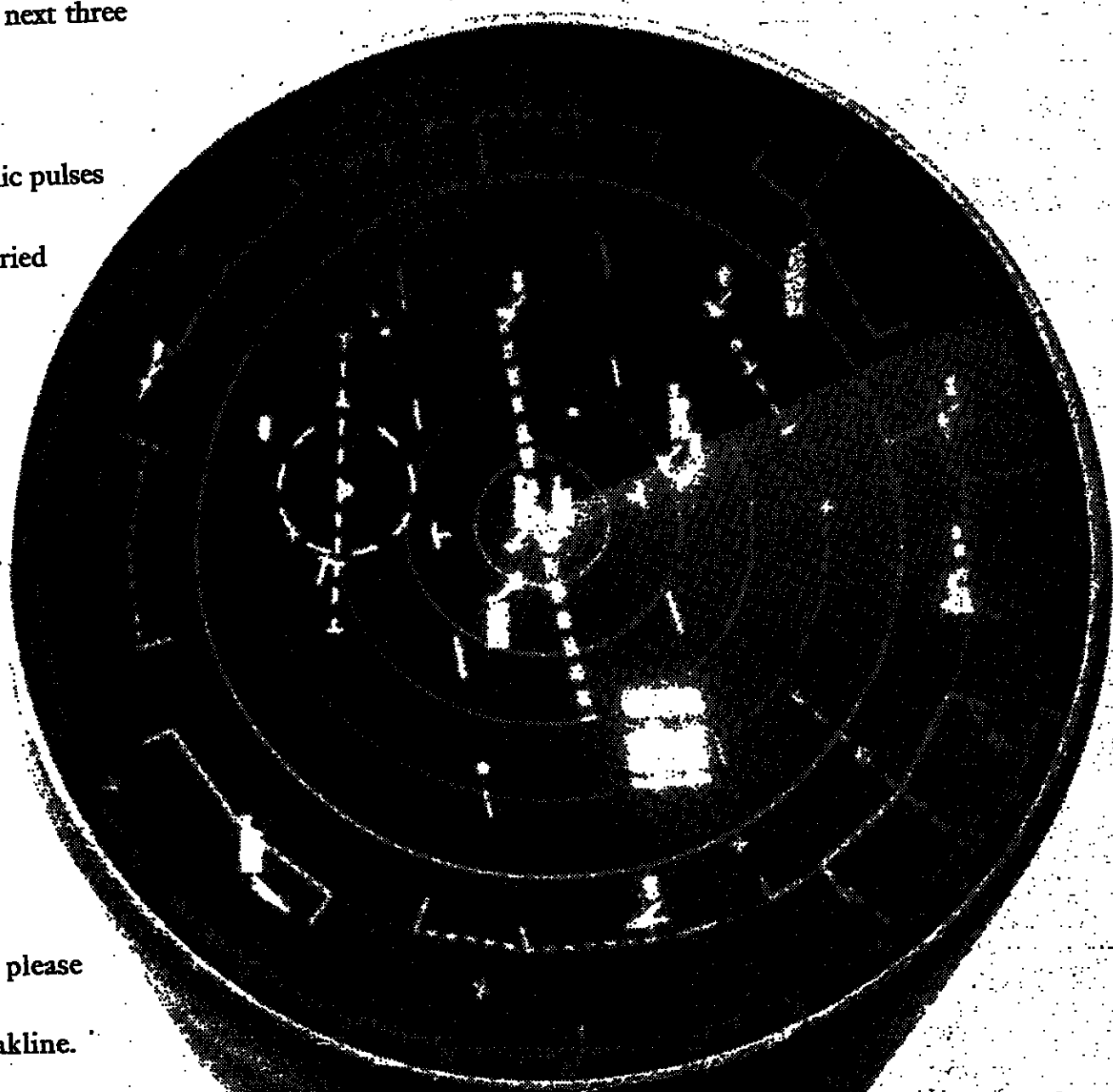
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A flow of good ideas.

Romany refugees head for Britain after Canada closes the door

Up to 6,000 gypsies say they face racial attacks and state persecution in eastern Europe, write Roger Boyes and Ruth Gledhill

ROMANIES claiming political asylum in Kent are among thousands fleeing persecution and unemployment in eastern Europe. German police say as many as 6,000 Romanies are involved in the westward migration. Thousands more are expected to arrive in the next few months.

Skinhead and rightwing extremist attacks have been increasing on Romanies — in August a gang in west Bohemia set fire to an apartment block where 16 Romanies were staying. Curfews have been imposed on Romanies in Slovak villages, and the Slovak Government has cut child benefit

to Romanies to curb the "reproduction of socially unacceptable people".

The first goal of Czech and Slovak Romanies this year was Canada, after a flattering portrayal of the country's policy towards Romany immigrants on the Czech Republic's main private television station. But the focus has shifted to Britain, partly because Canada is now insisting on stricter entry rules, including proof that the Romanies are planning to return

to the Czech Republic and bank accounts showing enough money to support their stay in Canada. Many Romanies, having sold their belongings on the strength of the television broadcast, now find they cannot meet the Canadian visa regulations. Britain has become the destination of choice, partly because it too was portrayed in a good light by television reporters and partly because of rumours circulating in the Romany population that it is easy to move from

Britain to Canada. There are now more than 4 million Romanies living in eastern and central Europe, treated with hostility by most local communities. In 1993 when Czechoslovakia broke up, Prague classified over 250,000 Romanies as Slovak citizens, even though two thirds were born on Czech territory. Slovakia thus gained a huge Romany minority, which has swollen to around 400,000. Many Romanies applying for citizenship in the Czech

Republic have been defeated by bureaucracy requiring them to present proof of registered residence and a clean criminal record. Many have been denied benefits because of widespread illiteracy.

In Bulgaria there is a Romany population of 400,000, many of whom live in ghettos on the fringes of Sofia and other cities. Brutal police treatment ensures that they do not stray far from these shanty towns. The unemployment rate for Romanies is high — around 25 per

cent in most east European countries — and some younger Romanies have been drawn into organised crime, especially cross-border car theft.

In 1992 Germany found itself the target of a massive migration, similar to that possibly facing Britain. Romanies from Romania poured into Germany and claimed asylum. They quickly found themselves subjected to neo-Nazi violence and caused political embarrassment in Bonn. After

several months of negotiation, Bucharest was offered a cash sum to resettle the Romanies and tens of thousands were deported. Romanies still enter Germany, wading illegally across the Oder river. According to Isabel Fonseca, author of *Gypsy Me*, a study of gypsy life in Europe, where most of the world's 12 million gypsies live, the Czech Republic has introduced some "draconian" laws which effectively disenfranchise gypsies.

Footballers bet on matches in defiance of FA

FOOTBALLERS routinely gamble on matches in breach of an FA rule, a committee of inquiry into match-fixing allegations will report. Clubs are threatening to bring the professional game into disrepute by turning a blind eye or claiming that they do not know the rules, it will say.

The inquiry, led by Sir John Smith, a former Deputy Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, was set up after three players were acquitted in August of match-rigging. They included Bruce Grobbelaar, the former Liverpool and Southampton goalkeeper, and John Fashanu, the former England international.

Sir John was asked to look at possible disciplinary action against Mr Grobbelaar and his co-defendant Hans Segers, and links between British soccer and Far Eastern gambling syndicates.

The report is being completed and, according to football sources, Sir John is expected to say that the Far Eastern connections raised in the match-fixing trial are not replicated elsewhere in British soccer. There was found to be no attempt by wealthy gambling syndicates in Malaysia, Singapore and other areas to influence matches. But the report is expected to leave the FA worried and embarrassed over domestic gambling.

Since 1990 there have been

three occasions when players

and managers have been

found gambling on their own

matches, and in 1994 the FA

warned the game about betting. Under rule 26a (IV),

players, referees and officials

who assist or take part in

gambling on football, apart

from the football pools, face

unlimited penalties, including

being banned from the game.

Sir John took evidence from

within the game and from the

betting industry. His report is

expected to show a significant

number of players placing

money on match results and

other bets, such as likely

goalscorers, although the

sums are not large.

Players do not always know

the rules and clubs are also

ignorant or are prepared to

look the other way. Club

officials told the inquiry that

they did not see the importance

of the rule. It is believed

that players may sign profes-

sional contracts without being

told the extent of the rule.

The FA may have to issue a

new public warning to the

game about gambling and to

set an example by severely

punishing any players who

are caught. When the Smith

inquiry was announced in

August, the FA said that there

had been talks about setting

up a unit to oversee the ethical

side of the game and this is

certain to be raised again.

Although there is no sign

that the gambling has led to

corruption, football adminis-

trators must be aware of the

risks. Some players have in

recent years got into serious

financial difficulties over gam-

bling on other sports.

Many older supporters re-

member the match-fixing

scandal in the mid-1960s,

which featured a week ago in a

BBC television programme.

Ten players were jailed and

dismissed from the game.

They included the former Eng-

land and Sheffield Wednesday

players Peter Swan and Tony

Kay. They received £100 each

for fixing a 1962 match be-

tween Ipswich and Sheffield

Wednesday, which Ipswich

won despite being second

from the bottom of the First

Division.

A former Everton and

Charlton Athletic player, Jim-

my Gauld, was jailed for four

years for fixing up to 14

matches.



Lena Young, whose late father, a British actor, married her Thai mother in 1991

British girl, 3, begging in Thailand resort

FROM ANDREW DRUMMOND IN BANGKOK

A BRITISH girl aged 3 has been found begging on the streets in Thailand after her father died.

Lena Young was found washing clothes and begging in the beach resort of Pattaya. Her father, Stanley Young, an actor, died aged 54 when she was two weeks old. The girl's mother, Anongnart Young, 35, a Thai national, says that she was refused help from the British Embassy in Bangkok and was told to contact a lawyer. The embassy has promised an inquiry.

Mrs Young says she tried to contact Lena's relatives in Birmingham but they had disowned the young girl. The beach resort is notorious for its sex trade. The local account which showed he had £92,983 in 1992.

Mr Young's family in Britain insisted that he died in Bangkok. His sister, Anne Magosfalvi, said he had been penniless most of his life and had become remote from

close family. "I have not seen him for 15 years."

Mrs Magosfalvi added that both her parents had died and Mr Young's two adult children from a first marriage had barely been in contact.

Mr Young's ex-wife Julie, who lives in Coventry, said that she was struggling, on benefits, to raise the couple's only son Charlie, a 16-year-old who suffers from cerebral palsy. She insisted that her husband had had no money when he visited them.

visa to Britain, but she postponed the trip because of her pregnancy. She claimed that while her husband was on his last trip home she was notified by the British Embassy in Bangkok that he had died of a heart attack on February 16, 1994.

She claimed she had tried to contact the rest of the family in Birmingham and to see if her husband had left any money for his daughter in the will. The British Embassy in Bangkok, she said, declined to help.

"After he died, I heard nothing from his family in England. We lived simply, but we were well-off," said Mrs Young, who showed a page of his building society *Pattaya Mail* has launched an appeal to help the girl, who has British citizenship. The child had been washing clothes for tourists, with her mother, for £15 a month and whatever they can both beg or borrow.

A spokesman for the British Embassy in Bangkok said: "We are on the case. We are looking into the matter."

Lena's parents married in a Thai register office in 1991. Mr Young was a bit-part actor and his income was sporadic, but he once played a Swiss burglar in the *William Tell* television series. With the spread of satellite television, showing old programmes, he received repeat fees.

After the couple married, Mrs Young was granted a

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Arctic whaling tribes accused of cruelty

Aboriginal rights are increasingly at odds with international moves to ban slaughter, writes Nick Nuttall

HIGH in the Arctic, a desperate people are slaughtering gray whales with Second World War rifles and home-made harpoons in defiance of international rules, according to an investigation by the Humane Society.

The findings of the study into so-called aboriginal whaling, by the Yupik and Chukchi people of the Bering Straits, are to be presented to an International Whaling Commission meeting, opening today in Monaco. The society will highlight growing fears that Eskimos, Inuits and other tribes are killing more whales than they need, and that the method used is barbaric.

The Makah tribe of Washington state, which last hunted in the 1930s, will be asking the commission for the right to resume hunting of the gray whale off the West Coast of America, claiming a need to reassert cultural rights. Environmentalists fear the meat will end up in smart Tokyo restaurants, rather than be consumed by local tribes.

At least 13 native groups and tribes in Russia, Canada and Japan, are expected to submit similar claims if the Makah's bid for five grays a year is approved.

Ivor Llewellyn, the Government's representative at the

meeting, said last night that other Alaskan whalers, who are closely related to the Chukchi, had offered help, including more powerful rifles, in an attempt to reduce the cruelty of the Siberian hunt.

The difficulty of policing quotas and ensuring they meet modern standards of animal welfare are underscored by the investigation into the Siberian Yupik Eskimo and Chukchi people. Under commission rules, tribal peoples with a long tradition of whaling, or who have a pressing need for whales as food, can apply for hunting quotas.

The Siberian Yupik and Chukchi have a quota of 140 gray whales a year. But the hunt must not be commercial, should minimise cruelty and should target only adult animals. The investigators, led by Eleanor

These people are not villains. They are suffering and the whales are suffering too

O'Hanlon, an environmental researcher commissioned by the Humane Society, found that nearly half the whale meat from the hunts was being used as feed for commercial fur farms rather than for the hunters and their families.

Female whales nursing calves are also being illegally harpooned and shot. The hunts, using at 50-year-old



The Humane Society claims that tribes are using 50-year-old Soviet rifles to kill whales. In one illegal hunt of a female gray with her calf, it took 700 bullets to kill the adult

Soviet-made rifles and hand-held lances and harpoons, are cruel and lengthy. During one hunt of a female gray with her calf, it took more than two hours and nearly 700 bullets to kill the adult.

Patricia Forkan, of the Humane Society, yesterday called on nations including Britain to put pressure on Russia to crack down on the hunt. The society, one of the

world's oldest animal welfare groups, said it would be pressing the commission's members to cut the quota for the Yupik and Chukchi to 60 whales a year.

Ms O'Hanlon said it was also vital that the Eskimos and Chukchi were supplied with modern weapons to reduce the cruelty. She said aid was needed to help those peoples affected by the collapse of the

former Soviet Union. "These people are not villains. They have been abandoned. As a result they are suffering and the whales are suffering too," she said.

Research presented yesterday to the commission's humane killing workshop shows that even the most modern slaughtering methods can be cruel. The Japanese use the electric lance, claiming it stops

an animal's heart in seconds. But researchers say it is incapable of generating sufficient electricity to kill the whale.

Per Madie and Geoff Barnes, scientists at Massey University in New Zealand, said yesterday: "We claim it is not the electric lance that kills the whale but the considerable blood loss. It is possible that the electric lance helps them on their way. But if it really

worked it should kill a whale within five seconds. However, in some cases it is taking up to 20 minutes or longer."

Last night it emerged that the Japanese whaling fleet could scrap the electric lance. Mr Llewellyn said that in talks yesterday the Japanese had said tests with rifles had proved successful.

The concern over aboriginal whaling comes amid growing

alarm among conservationists over a proposal before the commission for a global sanctuary. Ireland's proposal, which scores of nations including Britain sympathise, calls for all whaling, both commercial and scientific, to be banned from international waters. In return the commission's members might back coastal whaling in a country's territorial waters.

Cherie Booth backs lung cancer alert

By POLLY NEWTON
POLITICAL REPORTER

CHERIE BOOTH is to give her support to a campaign that begins next week to increase awareness of lung cancer, by hosting a reception at Downing Street.

Relief to highlight the growing incidence of lung cancer among women. Ms Booth's guests, many of whom are editors of women's magazines, will hear the results of new research into treatment of lung cancer sufferers.

A letter from Ms Booth accompanying invitations to the reception says that, if current trends continue, cases of lung cancer in women will double over the next 20 years. It says that nine out of ten cases of lung cancer are

connected to smoking, and points out that smoking is on the increase among women.

Ms Booth's decision to involve herself closely in the campaign against lung cancer dovetails with the Government's determination to reduce smoking. Last week, Tessa Jowell, the Public Health Minister, renewed that commitment after researchers published new evidence connecting passive smoking with increased incidence of lung cancer.



Booth will host reception at 10 Downing Street

Tighter rules needed on smear tests

By IAN MURRAY
MEDICAL CORRESPONDENT

AN INVESTIGATION into the way a hospital carried out cervical smear tests will call today for a new code of standards to restore confidence in the NHS screening programme.

The highly critical report into what went wrong at Kent and Canterbury Hospitals NHS Trust between 1990 and 1995 is expected to reveal that inefficient management, poor training and severe understaffing led to 345 women being wrongly given the all-clear after a test. At least three of the women, by the hospital's

own admission, died from a cancer which could have been successfully treated if spotted in time. Many others needed hysterectomies and chemotherapy.

The report has been drawn up by Sir William Wells, chairman of the South Thames Health Authority. Although it focuses on Kent and Canterbury, it draws attention to the need for stricter controls throughout the national screening programme.

Smear test scares in the late 1980s and early 1990s led to thousands of women being recalled for tests in Liverpool, London, Scotland and Mid-Glamorgan. In 1994 Julietta Patrick was appointed to

co-ordinate the screening programme and last year guidelines were published requiring better training and management from all laboratories doing the tests.

About two thirds of these laboratories have so far been accredited. The mistakes in reporting in Kent were first noticed in October 1995 when checks revealed that there were errors in 19 per cent of the tests compared with a national target of 15 per cent. The hospital has admitted liability in only 25 cases but more than 70 women have so far asked Sarah Harman, a Canterbury solicitor, to sue for compensation. Others are expected to follow.

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MI6 fed Cold War propaganda to BBC

Michael Evans reports on evidence that the corporation collaborated in anti-communist broadcasts to East

BBC correspondents in Eastern Europe in the 1950s, including the veteran broadcaster Charles Wheeler, were fed classified material gleaned from covert intercepts of Soviet bloc communications in a secret government operation to generate anti-communist propaganda broadcasts during the Cold War.

In another private arrangement between the BBC and the Foreign Office, confidential letters written to BBC correspondents by people living in the communist bloc at the start of the Cold War were passed on to MI6.

The extent of the secret collaboration between the BBC and the Government in transmitting propaganda into Eastern Europe in the 1950s is disclosed by Michael Nelson, formerly of the news agency Reuters, who has been

allowed full access to BBC archives. "The Foreign Office regarded the BBC as by far the most important propaganda weapon it had in Eastern Europe," he says.

He discloses that a Foreign Office unit called the Information Research Department (IRD), which was linked to MI6 and funded from the secret vote, used to give details of clandestine intercepts of East German and Russian communications to Wheeler when he was based in Berlin in the early 1950s.

Wheeler would send the material, selected to cast East Germany in a bad light, to London for the BBC's German Service programmes. Mr Nelson says in *War of the Black Heavens*, published by Brassey's next month.

The Cabinet approved the creation of the IRD for propa-



Nelson: had full access to corporation archives

ganda operations that would "emphasise the weakness of communism". The BBC agreed to co-operate.

A Foreign Office telegram sent to all British Embassies said that the new policy was "of particular secrecy". In fact, the Russians were fully aware of it. Kim Philby was the MI6 representative on the Russia Committee of the Foreign Office and Guy Burgess worked, briefly, for the IRD.

Ernest Bevin, then Foreign Secretary, wrote a secret

memo in April 1948 in which he said that the Government's views should be made clear in Iron Curtain countries principally through the BBC. Mr Nelson says: "The correspondent of the BBC External Services in Berlin was an important channel."

The post had been established with the title BBC European Service liaison officer. Wheeler was assigned to the Berlin post in 1949. Mr Nelson says: "One of the two IRD men in Berlin would visit him in his office armed with cyclostyled sheets of information. He was not allowed to look at them, but the IRD man paraphrased the contents."

They were mostly "gossipy news items" about East Germany which Wheeler sent to the German Service in London. "The IRD had access to the clandestine British intercepts of domestic East German communications, so it was not too difficult to find items that put the regime in a bad light or stories that made it look foolish," Mr Nelson says.

From the end of 1954 the



Charles Wheeler, as a BBC correspondent, sent material to London chosen to cast East Germany in a bad light

BBC also agreed to pass letters from East European countries "to a secret department of the Foreign Office" (MI6).

Wheeler, who left Berlin in 1953, knowingly gave information to MI6 on only one occasion. This was at the request of a young West German engineer who had

been advised to contact Wheeler by a BBC engineer. He gave Wheeler information and asked to be put in touch with MI6.

Mr Nelson says: "Wheeler discouraged this idea, but agreed to pass on to British Intelligence what the engineer told him."

Wheeler tells how he fought the good fight

By MICHAEL EVANS, DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

CHARLES WHEELER, now 74, looks back without regret on his days as a "Cold Warrior", when he was the BBC External Services' man in Berlin.

"I used to get regular visits from the Information Research Department. Peter Seckelmann used to come and see me with snippets which I think were taken from intercepts from the Berlin tunnel — the 600-yard tunnel dug by MI6 and the CIA beneath the city's Soviet zone."

"I would pass anything interesting back to the German Service in London. It was all done on an old boys' basis."

There was a quid pro quo: I handed over material to the IRD and they gave me stuff back. At that stage, before the Berlin Wall went up, I used to have contacts with East Germans and when they told me things, I would pass them on. Remember, that was the height of the Cold War."

He did not know that Major-General Sir Ian Jacob, Controller of the BBC European Service in the early part of the Cold War, was a member of the Foreign Office's secret Russia Committee, which devised propaganda strategies against the Soviet Union. Jacob later became BBC Director-General.

Wheeler said: "I wasn't sent out from London with any particular instructions, but I knew that the stuff I was sending back was being used in the propaganda broadcasts into Eastern Europe. That

was the job in those days. That didn't mean it was lies. It wasn't black propaganda."

"The German Service used to put on some very clever dramas that were broadcast in East Germany. During the war, the service used to run a programme called *The Two Nazis* but in the Cold War it switched to *The Two Communists*. It was very effective."

Wheeler described how he got the job in Berlin. "I had lived in Germany before the war, my father worked there. I spoke the language and had been in Naval Intelligence at the end of the war, so when the BBC's External Services correspondent in Berlin needed to be replaced, someone came into the newsroom where I was a sub-editor and asked for volunteers. I went out to Berlin in 1949. I was only supposed to stay for six months, but I loved it and stayed until 1953."

"I suppose I was a Cold War warrior: I had seen the Nazis in the war and East Germany didn't seem any different after the war from what it was like under the Nazis. It was as much of a police state under communism as it had been under the Nazis."

"The domestic service had nothing to do with the propaganda side. My domestic counterpart in Berlin, Patrick Smith, was totally straight and disapproved of what I was doing. He thought I was just a propagandist. I didn't see myself like that."

6 I knew my stuff was used in propaganda broadcasts. That didn't mean it was lies

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Prince Michael to contest writ for £105,000

By EMMA WILKINS

PRINCE Michael of Kent will defend "rigorously" a writ issued by a former business adviser alleging £105,000 in unpaid bills, a spokeswoman for the Prince said yesterday.

Coles Remnant, who parted company with the Prince in May, issued the writ at the High Court in London seeking damages for breach of a signed business agreement.

The spokeswoman said: "HRH Prince Michael's lawyers have received a writ addressed to HRH. The service of the writ has not yet been properly executed. The proceedings will be rigorously defended by Prince Michael."

The case threatens to embarrass the Prince by revealing his financial troubles. He and his wife, Princess Michael, do not receive any Civil List payment, but are expected to carry out official duties as Royal Family members.

Mr Remnant, 42, a former insurance specialist, claims that the Prince agreed to divide equally with him any income and commission from joint business ventures. He also claims a 25 per cent share of retainer fees paid by clients. The sum claimed is £105,456.

Mr Remnant, who lives

near Saffron Walden, Essex, said he was unable to discuss details of the claim as he was bound by a confidentiality agreement.

Earlier this year, reports suggested that Prince and Princess Michael were £2 million in debt to Coutts Bank. They are believed to have suffered heavy Lloyd's losses. In 1991, the couple bought Nether Lypiatt Manor in Gloucestershire for £300,000 and spent £450,000 refurbishing it.

Prince Michael has appeared on American television to promote a mail-order business selling House of Windsor souvenirs and is reported to have offered himself for hire as a corporate party host for £60,000 a year.



Prince Michael: sued by business adviser



Photo: © Ron Evenden

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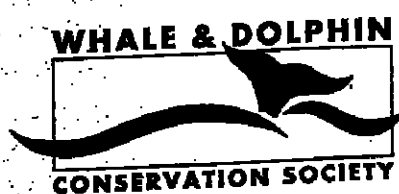
The conference starts today. Make your protest now. Tell the UK Government you won't stomach any return to commercial whaling! Elliot Morley is the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. Write or fax him today using the details shown below.

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Or visit our website at: <http://www.wdcs.org> or RSPCA, Causeway, Horsham, RH12 1HG. Tel: 01403 223284. Fax: 01403 241048.

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Turning heads: a new angle on 'ruined' picture

A SKULL on a renovated masterpiece is expected to make heads turn at the National Gallery, after an accusation that restorers have ruined its design. The row centres on finding a correct angle at which to view Holbein's *The Ambassadors*.

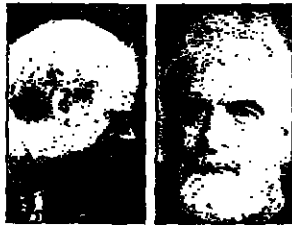
The enigmatic skull is a crucial feature of one of the nation's most prized paintings. Holbein painted it anamorphically, so that it appears distorted unless looked at the right way.

One of the gallery's severest critics says that Holbein would not recognise the result of the restored work. Michael Daley, an illustrator and director of ArtWatch UK, which campaigns for the welfare of works of art, has used his expertise as a draftsman to argue that the restorers misunderstood the laws of perspective. He said: "In key respects, the skull and its significance have been misunderstood. Its design has been altered in apparent ignorance of the artist's method."

Holbein's enormous double-portrait of two diplomats to the Court of Henry VIII, painted in London in 1533, underwent a three-year restoration programme, completed last year. It included repatching the skull after the removal of varnish and earlier repaints exposed losses in the original paint.

Mr Daley says that the distorted, elongated design rights itself when seen through a glass cylinder: "They tried to make it work

Dalya Alberge
on how gallery is accused of ignorance for its perspective on Holbein skull



Opposing viewpoints: Wyld and Daley

from the extreme right-hand viewpoint, which was never intended. To try to make it more intelligible, they changed the proportions of the jaw, making it stick out much further. They've made a ghastly blunder."

Mr Daley suggests that Holbein was playing artistic games with a viewing device. The glass cylinder might have been a secret gift from his royal patron. Earlier in his reign, Henry VIII had been painted "in such a cunning manner that the face, when looked at through a peculiar optic, seemed larger than the whole body".

The gallery felt that *The*

Ambassadors had badly deteriorated through the ravages of time, water damage and earlier restoration. Mr Daley, who felt there was no need for drastic repairs, let alone repainting, is among those who believe that restorers should not rework a painting to how they imagine it once looked.

"Viewing from the far right does not correct the perspective. Seen from that position, the cranium remains grotesquely distended. On the other hand, seen from the left, the near eye socket is alarmingly disproportionate."

The latest issue of *Art Review*, published on Thursday, will elaborate on his findings to coincide with the gallery's exhibition on the painting, "Making and Meaning", opening on November 5, and a BBC series, *Making Masterpieces*, beginning tonight.

Previously, Mr Daley has attacked the National Gallery's restorers for over-cleaning works by Titian and Veronese. His new study backs concerns initially expressed by John Sharp, a lecturer on art and perspective who also writes computer manuals. In 1994, he contacted the gallery after noticing that their Microsoft CD-Rom contained "a gross error in the skull". Writing in *Art Review* earlier this year, he said that, although the gallery claimed that the skull appeared in corrected perspective from a "particular point", it failed to identify the point.

The CD-Rom showed a sequence of how the image



The Ambassadors with the skull in foreground: restorers deny a "ghastly blunder" in their three years of work

was developed by using an equally spaced grid of parallel lines which is sheared to reconstruct the skull in a square — "unfortunately, parallel lines do not behave this way in perspective, as anyone with a scientific training would know." The National Gallery has since updated its CD-Rom graphics, conceding that Sharp was correct.

Mr Daley's study was further inspired by the optician Edgar R. Samuel. In 1963, he said, Samuel "noted that the

only truly corrected view arises from the front of the picture when the picture is viewed through a glass tube held at right angles to the lateral axis. Such viewing not only corrects the distortion but also triggers an extraordinary compositional transformation in the picture itself."

David Lee, editor of the *Art Review*, said of Mr Daley's study: "I'm very impressed. He has got them on this. He's proved beyond any doubt that it was never intended to be

seen from the right. It seems the NG in this instance made a first-class pig's ear of it. It doesn't lead one to have confidence that they solicit expert opinion before starting work."

The gallery's chief restorer, Martin Wyld, insisted yesterday that the skull distortions were corrected when the viewer stood in exactly the right spot. He said that he had taken into account various viewpoints on perspective: "It seems to work through a cylinder, and an exact spot

from the right in a certain distance from the picture, and also the left. This is 1533, not 1997, and Holbein had probably not had much experience of this kind of distortion."

He denied that the jaw had been unnaturally distorted: "Holbein's paint survives on most of the jaw." Details such as the fine-case and silk, satin and velvet fabrics were now fully visible.

Mr Daley said: "Perspective can't work from a variety of viewpoints simultaneously."

NEWS IN BRIEF

Scouts see volunteer electrocuted by aerial

A retired Scout leader died instantly when he was electrocuted while trying to erect a radio aerial at a forest campsite near Horsham, West Sussex. Dozens of Scouts saw Bernard Worsell, 66, die when the aerial touched overhead power cables carrying 11,000 volts.

His son, Leslie, said his father had volunteered to run the campsite when he retired as a leader of the First Horsham Scout group. "He loved the Scouting life and had been involved for as long as I can remember."

Wheelchair crash

A woman aged 18 went voluntarily to police to be interviewed about an accident in which a car allegedly failed to stop after hitting an electric wheelchair in Fenstanton, Cambridgeshire. A woman in the wheelchair suffered two broken legs.

River ordeal

A woman was stranded for four hours in fog on the roof of her car in the fast-running River Swale, North Yorkshire. The soldier's wife, 27, hit a tree near Catterick Camp in the early hours and drove across fields into the river. She climbed out of a window.

Taken for a ride

A man in his early 20s, who stole a bus with 36 people on board, escaped on foot after a four-mile chase by police in Pontypridd, South Wales. One passenger said: "We'd been waiting on board for a while and I think he just lost patience."

Part-time pilot

Jan Black, 37, of Skelton, North Yorkshire, has become the first weekend fighter pilot to fly with the RAF for 40 years. Flight Lieutenant Black, a pilot for Virgin Atlantic, will fly Tornado fighters under a scheme to relieve pressure on the fighter force.

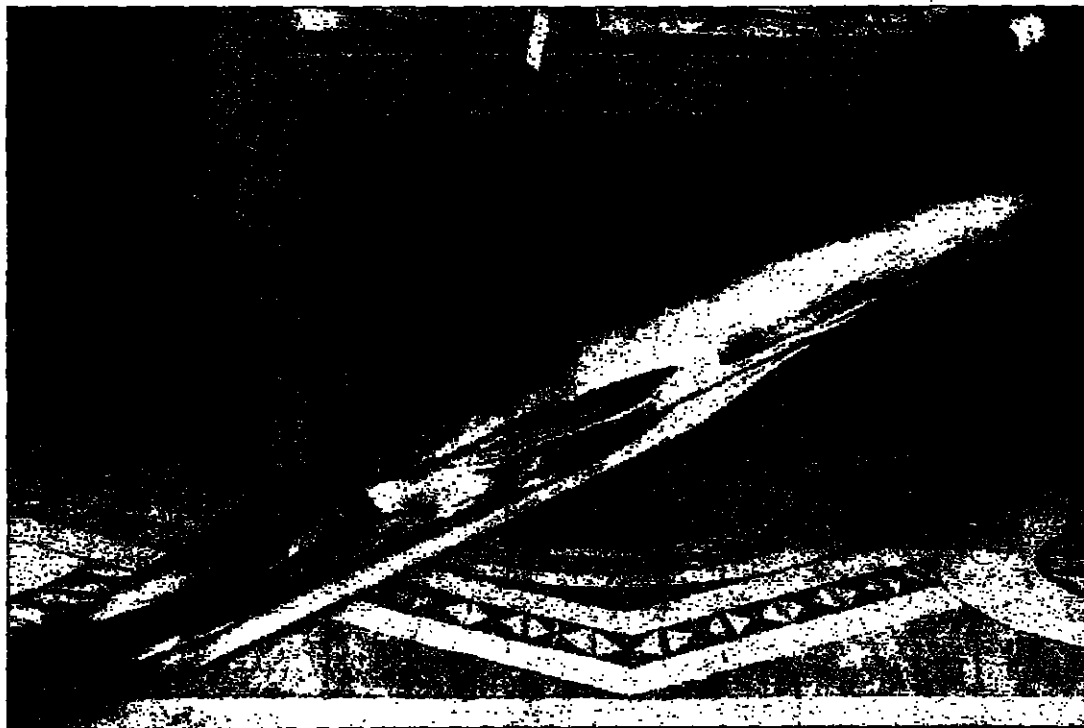
TROUT poisoned

Hundreds of brown trout died in a tributary of the river Ockrent in west Devon was polluted for 1/4 miles by slurry from a farm near Ockrent, the Environment Agency said. An investigation into the incident is under way.

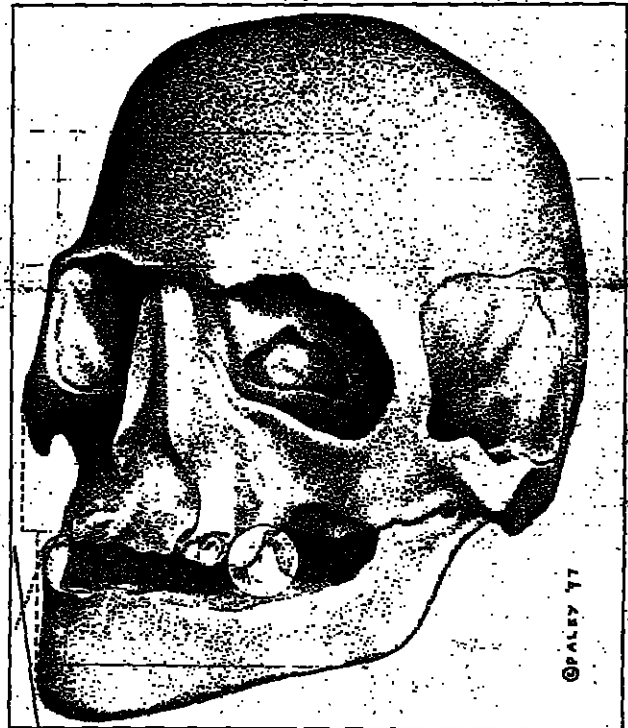
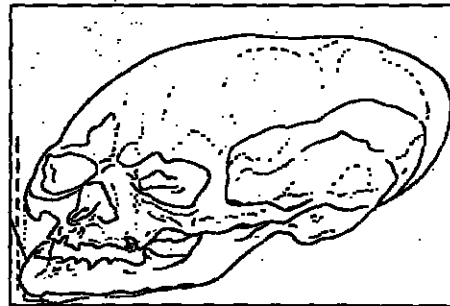
Red-hot bird seed

A new product containing finely ground capsaicin is said to deter squirrels from stealing food from bird tables. Covering seeds and nuts in Squirrel Away gives the rodents the sensation of eating hot curry. Birds will not be able to taste it.

A QUESTION OF PERSPECTIVE: HOW THE EXPERTS ARE DIVIDED OVER THE BEST WAY TO OBSERVE HOLBEIN'S MYSTERIOUS SKULL



On the left is the distorted skull, pictured before restoration. You will see it as a skull if you hold your copy of *The Times* at eye level and view the picture from the top, right-hand corner — the way in which the National Gallery chose to view it for its restoration. However, Michael Daley insists that the skull was designed to be viewed only through a glass cylinder and that the gallery has altered the artist's image. He has produced his own drawings to show how he feels the image has been changed. On the right is his impression of how the skull once looked when viewed through a glass cylinder. Below is his impression of how the restored skull looks when viewed at the angle recommended by the gallery. He says it is no longer possible to see it as intended — through a glass cylinder.



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Anti-bribe chief calls for arrest of Bhutto

PAKISTAN'S chief anti-corruption investigator has asked the Government to arrest Benazir Bhutto and put her on trial, declaring that there was enough evidence to charge the former Prime Minister with embezzlement.

Saifur Rehman, chief of the Government's accountability department, said several allegations of corruption against Miss Bhutto were ready to be filed in court. He said the charges would be referred to the Election Commission and the Speaker of the National Assembly to seek her disqualification from parliament.

Mr Rehman, who is also a member of the Senate, disclosed that last week Switzerland had blocked 12 more bank accounts belonging to Miss Bhutto and her imprisoned husband, Asif Ali Zardari. This was in addition to five accounts in the Bhutto family name frozen last month. According to the chief investigator, the Swiss Gov-

Switzerland has blocked 12 more bank accounts, writes Zahid Hussain

ernment has indicated that 15 more accounts of the opposition leader would be frozen soon.

Investigators said the Bhutto family's accounts in Switzerland contain more than £16 million. Mr Rehman declared: "We have substantive evidence that the money deposited in these accounts was siphoned off from the country."

He said that he has asked Nawaz Sharif, the Prime Minister, to order Miss Bhutto's arrest. However, he added that a decision on whether to



Benazir Bhutto in her Karachi home at the weekend. She denied bank accounts frozen by the Swiss are hers

arrest her would be dictated by political considerations.

Mr Rehman suggested that Miss Bhutto might be put on an exit control list to prevent her fleeing the country.

Miss Bhutto has denied that the frozen Swiss bank accounts belonged to her. "I'm

confused whose accounts have been frozen," she declared. The former Prime Minister said she did not have any connection with accounts frozen by the Swiss Government. But she added: "Even if they freeze my accounts, so what? Many people have accounts in

foreign banks." She said that allegations of corruption were "absolutely untrue and baseless". Last week, Miss Bhutto filed an appeal asking the Sindh High Court to stop the Government from what she described as a "malicious media trial" against her and

her family. Miss Bhutto also asked the court to direct the Government to furnish her with the documents about the Swiss bank accounts allegedly belonging to her and her husband. The court will begin the hearing on her appeal on Wednesday.

Queen's visit was disaster, says Delhi

By Christopher Thomas, South Asia Correspondent

THE QUEEN and Duke of Edinburgh bade farewell to India, perhaps for the last time, on Saturday to virtual jeering by government officials, politicians and the press.

Indian government spokesmen made it clear that the trip would be remembered mostly as a disaster, although there were indications last night that Delhi was ready to start playing down the row.

"The British are peeved that their Queen has been insulted by these uncouth natives and the Indians are upset by perceived racism and insensitivity," a government official said. Such language became typical in the final days of the royal tour, which was designed to improve Anglo-Indian ties but instead drove them to their lowest ebb in years.

The Queen's reference to "historic disagreements" and "historical hostilities" in speeches in Pakistan and India were interpreted in Delhi as hidden political statements calling for negotiations to settle the Kashmir dispute. This was seen as interference in India's domestic affairs.

Indians are upset by what they saw as racism and lack of tact

for what went wrong. L.M. Singhvi, the Indian High Commissioner to London, said that enormous enthusiasm and affection had been shown to the Queen. But he admitted there was political friction. "There is a certain candour which allows us to speak robustly to each other, but that doesn't mean there is no warmth between us. There is no nostalgia for the Raj."

India blames the Foreign Office for several mishaps during the trip. "I hope this unnecessary controversy does not affect the substance of ties between the two countries," a senior Delhi official said. "Britain may not be as influential, but it is an important economic partner. The focus should have been to build on economic partnership rather than political theatrics." He accused Mr Cook of "playing to the gallery of his constituents, saying one thing in Pakistan and obfuscating in India".

Even the last minutes of the Queen's visit were blighted. Police tried to stop Geoffrey Crawford, her press secretary, from boarding her plane at Madras for the flight home. Jane Wildash, deputy director of the state visit, was jostled when she tried to intervene. When Group Captain Roger Wedge, the British air attaché in Delhi, went to help, an Indian policeman yelled: "I'm in charge." Eventually, Mr Crawford was allowed to board.

Some newspapers are still expressing anger at the Duke for saying the number of people killed in the Amritsar massacre of 1919 was exaggerated on a notice at the site, which refers to "2,000 martyrs." The accepted death toll is 379, with 1,200 wounded.

Mandela attacks 'arrogant' US in Libya visit row



Mandela: applauded

FROM INIGO GILMORE IN JOHANNESBURG

IN THE face of mounting domestic and international criticism over his visit to Libya this week, President Mandela has inflamed concerns about a damaging diplomatic row between South Africa and the United States by accusing Washington of arrogance and warning the Clinton Administration not to meddle in his country's affairs.

At a banquet in honour of Julius Nyerere, the former Tanzanian President, Mr Mandela delivered an emotional outburst against American

criticism of his planned visit to Tripoli. "How can they have the arrogance to dictate to us where we should go or who our friends should be?" he said. "They are so dull... can you imagine what they would say if I said Boris Yeltsin should not visit Albania? They would say that I am the most arrogant black man."

While some guests were visibly stunned by his outburst, others were clearly delighted and they applauded when Mr Mandela added: "Notwithstanding the changes in the world, the contempt for blacks is still deep-seated, [but] I am master of my fate."

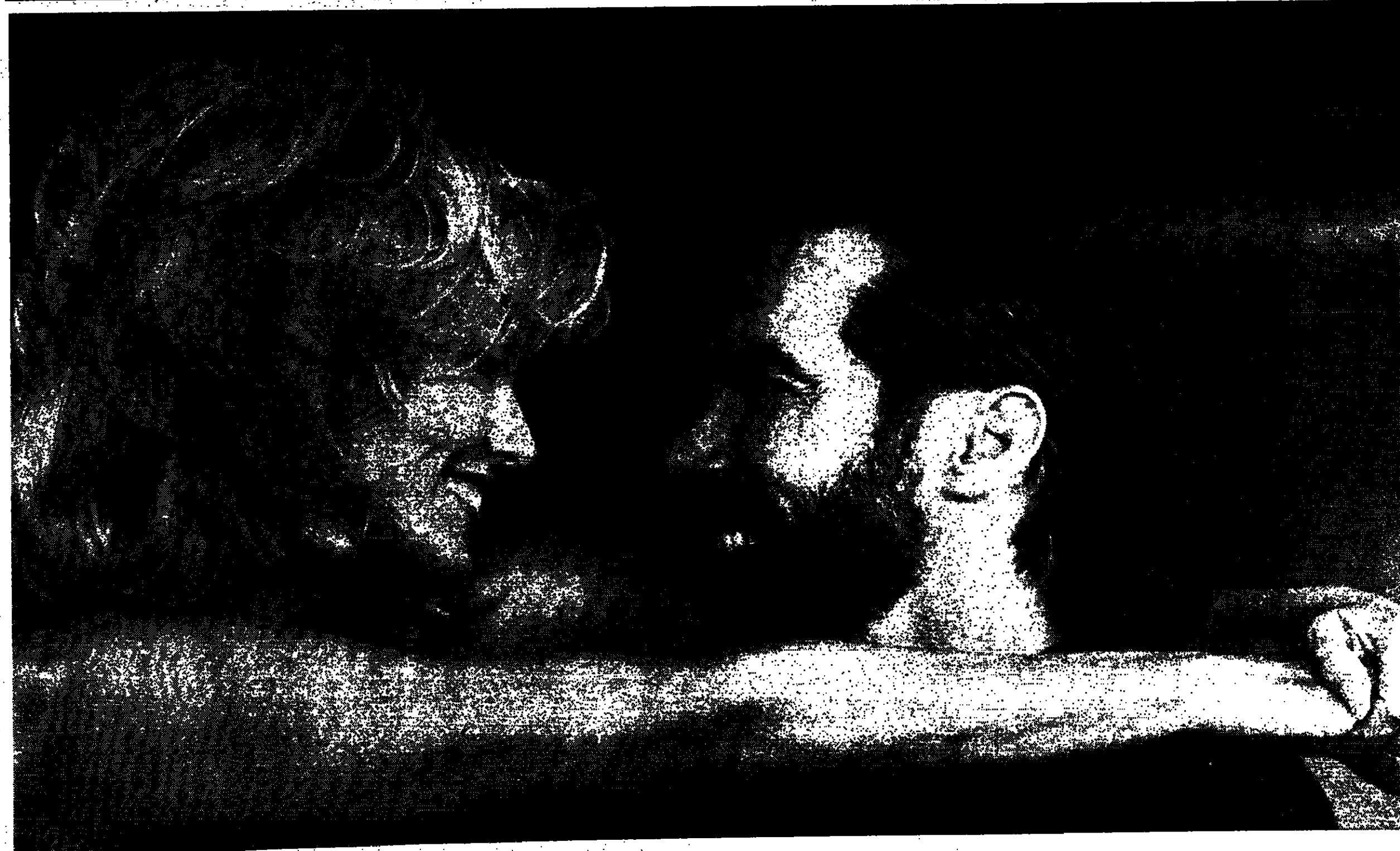
Mr Mandela's outburst was the

latest salvo in a deepening diplomatic row that erupted after Mr Mandela's Government announced he would visit Libya on Wednesday en route to the Commonwealth heads of government summit in Edinburgh. His visit has drawn sharp criticism from opposition parties in South Africa and the Clinton Administration, which sees Libya as a "rogue" state. The US State Department said last week it would be "disappointed" if Mr Mandela went ahead with the trip.

Commentators in South Africa have said the visit could damage diplomatic and economic links with America and Britain, the biggest investors in the

country, because of Libya's refusal to extradite two men suspected of bombing a PanAm airliner over Lockerbie in 1988. The issue is expected to dominate talks between Mr Mandela and Colonel Muammar Gaddafi.

After a warning from Washington that the visit could contravene a UN ban on flying to Libya, South Africa's Foreign Ministry announced that Mr Mandela would travel by road to Tripoli from Tunisia. Departing from his prepared speech at the banquet, Mr Mandela said: "Libya was one of those countries that supported us during our struggle when others were working with the apartheid regime."



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Fugitive godfather 'leading Mafia revival'

FROM RICHARD OWEN IN ROME

THERE is growing evidence that the Mafia has regrouped under a reinvigorated leadership after a series of setbacks at the hands of the State, prosecutors said at the weekend. They added that the programme of state-protected "supergrass", or *pentiti*, which has provided the authorities with much of their ammunition against Cosa Nostra, was "foundering".

Guido Lo Forte, deputy prosecutor in Palermo, said leading *pentiti* were reverting to Mafia activities, and in some cases had never stopped while accepting state protection and cash. He said the Mafia had suffered a series of defeats in the five years since it murdered Giovanni Falcone, the judge. The killing set off a wave of popular revulsion against Cosa Nostra, not least in Sicily, and in the subsequent crackdown police "decapitated" the organisation by tracking down and arresting its bosses.

The arrest of Salvatore "Totò" Riina, the "boss of bosses" in 1993, was followed by the capture of his successor, Giovanni Brusca, last year, and of Pietro Aglieri in June this year, allegedly after a tip-off from Brusca.

But Signor Lo Forte said that after a period when the Mafia had been forced "underground", a new "highly refined and intelligent strategist, probably with international criminal links" was in charge of organised crime in Italy. A "Cosa Nostra Mark Two" had been born, and was involved in international drug dealing, arms smuggling and money laundering. He said the most likely godfather was Bernardo Provenzano, who with Riina, his childhood friend, had taken the Mafia from its rural origins into property dealing, drugs and international crime. Signor

Provenzano and Riina had fallen out, and now that Riina was behind bars, Signor Provenzano was the new "boss of bosses". Signor Lo Forte said. Now in his sixties, Signor Provenzano has been on the run for a quarter of a century. No recent photographs of him are known to exist. "The era of Riina is over. A new Mafia era has begun," Signor Lo Forte said.

"The Mafia is reorganising its structure, modifying its strategy and seeking new external points of reference," *La Repubblica* said. It said the Mafia had succeeded in subverting the *pentito* programme, and in some cases "may have used the *pentiti* for its own ends from the very beginning".

Police agreed that one of the key *pentiti*, Balduccio Di Maggio, had "probably never ceased to be part of the Mafia". He was arrested last

week on charges of ordering a Mafia killing.

Last month, when 24 mafiosi, including Brusca, were sentenced for the Falcone murder, prosecutors in Palermo said they no longer believed that Brusca was genuinely co-operating with the authorities and accused him of passing them "disinformation".

Tommasso Buscetta, the first *pentito*, now in hiding in the United States, said in an interview with *La Repubblica* that Italy was "letting victory slip from its grasp".

But Giovanni Tinebra, the prosecutor in Caltanissetta, the site of the high-security court for Mafia trials, said he did not believe there was a "Cosa Nostra Mark Two".

"The Mafia has always existed, and is constantly adapting," he said. "It is an occult organisation which keeps the same methods and objectives. When we arrest one of its leaders, there are always others to take their place."

6 An era in the Mafia is over and a new era has begun

Doors to Milan's treasures reopen

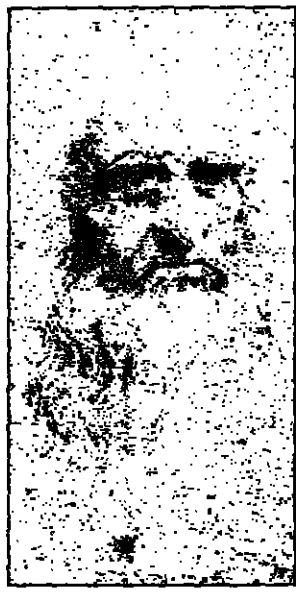
BY RICHARD OWEN

ONE of Europe's oldest libraries, whose treasures include a Leonardo Codex and a 5th-century copy of the *Iliad*, reopens in Milan today after a £20 million restoration lasting seven years.

The Ambrosian Library was founded in 1609, seven years after Sir Thomas Bodley opened the Bodleian Library in Oxford. It was the brainchild of Cardinal Federico Borromeo, and became the first public library in Italy. Its initial 30,000 volumes grew to 400,000 printed books, 15,000 manuscripts and 60,000 letters and documents. "It is a DNA of our history," said *La Stampa* yesterday. The library is named after the patron saint of Milan, St Ambrose.

The library reflected the cardinal's often eclectic tastes. It guaranteed users ink, pens and paper, and in cold weather readers were brought warm slippers. It still possesses Petrarch's own annotated parchment copy of Virgil poems, the illustrated *Iliad*, brought from Alexandria and known as the *Ilias Pieta*, and a manual on the art of painting, *De Prospectiva Pingendi*, by Piero della Francesca. The manuscript collection includes letters from Boccaccio, the author of the *Decameron*, Savonarola, Thomas Aquinas, Machiavelli, Goethe and Stendhal.

Perhaps the oddest exhibit is a lock of Lucrezia Borgia's hair in a crystal casket. Byron wrote ecstatically to John Murray when he saw it in 1816 that the hair was "blonder than you can imagine", and is said to have stolen "strand by strand". The restored and expanded Pinacoteca, or art collection,



Leonardo: detail from self-portrait

on the first floor has a cartoon or preparatory drawing by Raphael for his *School of Athens* in the Vatican, a still life by Caravaggio entitled *The Fruit Basket* and Titian's *Adoration of the Magi*. But the Ambrosian's greatest treasure is Leonardo Da Vinci's *Atlantic Codex*, which consists of 400 pages, many of them covered in Leonardo's scientific and technical drawings. Leonardo lived and worked in Milan, and even designed war machines for the Dukes of Milan, the Sforzas.

The reading room has been computerised, but the heart of the collection remains its books and paintings. A stone tablet that is still preserved in the library entrance warns anyone thinking of stealing a volume that the penalty is no mere fine, but "instant excommunication".



Petals are thrown in front of the Pope on the urn holding St Thérèse of Lisieux's remains

Pope bestows rare honour on woman

By RICHARD OWEN

ST PETER'S SQUARE was packed with 100,000 people yesterday to hear the Pope declare St Thérèse of Lisieux, the Carmelite nun who inspired Mother Teresa of Calcutta, a Doctor of the Church, only the third woman in the history of Roman Catholicism to be given the honour.

The title originated in the Middle Ages and was accorded to those religious figures held to have combined saintliness with "outstanding merit" as teachers or writers. The first four Doctors were St Ambrose, St Jerome, St Gregory and St Augustine. In 1970 Pope Paul VI broke with tradition, adding two females: St Catherine of Siena, the 14th-century Dominican, and St Teresa of Ávila, the 16th-century Spanish Carmelite nun.

The Pope yesterday said that St Thérèse of Lisieux, who died 100 years ago at the age of 24, also deserved the title despite her youth. "Her spiritual itinerary shows such maturity, and the intuitions expressed in her writings were so vast and so profound, that they merit a place among the great spiritual masters," the pontiff said. He said St Thérèse "remains young despite the years that pass", and offered an "excellent model" for others to follow.

Born at Alençon to a pious watchmaker's family in 1873, St Thérèse became a Carmelite nun at 15, after travelling to Rome to appeal personally to Pope Leo XIII to be allowed to

enter the local convent so young. The fame of St Thérèse, who died of tuberculosis, rests on her autobiography, *The Story of a Soul*, and miraculous cures attributed to her intercession. She was canonised in 1925, and became a patron of France in 1947.

For yesterday's ceremony, her remains were brought to St Peter's from France in a golden urn, which was showered with red and white rose petals, recalling her nickname "Little Flower", and her vow that after her death she would "let fall a shower of roses", thought to mean miracles.



St Thérèse: "Little Flower"

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Blair warned of EMU isolation

TONY BLAIR's effort to impose a British stamp on the shape of the European Union is likely to be seriously undermined if the Government announces that it has no plans to join economic and monetary union for at least five years, EU officials said yesterday.

While the European Commission and continental governments with-held formal comment on the sudden shift by London over its intentions on EMU membership, there was clear disappointment over the prospect of Britain locking itself outside the project that lingers over all other EU business and will do so well into the next century.

With the birth of the euro deemed more certain than ever, EU governments had been encouraged by the signals from the Government that it was looking favourably on eventual British membership. With 11 states now likely to enter the currency, the inclusion of sterling would ensure the euro's status as a global force, they believe. Few thought Britain would sign up for the launch in January 1999, but German, French and other ministers have voiced satisfaction this month over the signs that London could be paving the way for entry at the launch of

Labour's preferred image as a model of European virtue is tarnished, reports Charles Bremner

euro coins and notes in 2002. Despite Mr Blair's enthusiasm for Europe, a firm decision to stay out would inevitably keep Britain on the sidelines, officials said.

Sir Leon Brittan, Vice-President of the Commission, said: "If you give the impression that you are not going to be there for quite a long time — four or five years — there is no doubt that your role in Europe is diminished. You cannot be a leader in Europe if you regard yourself as a semi-detached member."

Less diplomatically, continental diplomats said a hard British rejection was likely to heighten the irritation that the Government was already stirring in France, Germany and elsewhere with its claim to be setting the pace for the EU. After a

honeymoon in which the EU welcomed the euro-friendly stance of the Labour Government, Mr Blair and his team have been ruffling continental feathers with their claims to be providing a model that the rest of the EU wants to follow.

"They never stop lecturing us," a French official said last week after Gordon Brown, the Chancellor, made his latest appearance at an EU council proclaiming Britain's leadership. Jean-Claude Juncker, the Luxembourg Prime Minister, who hands over the six-month EU presidency to Mr Blair in January, took a direct swipe at Britain last week, saying he would never "pretend to call myself leader of Europe".

The substance of the conflict pits the Government's campaign for flexible labour markets against the continental effort to preserve the "European social model" with its costly regulations and high taxes. The scene for Mr Blair's first clash with his colleagues is being set for the summit next month in Luxembourg on bringing down the EU's crushing level of unemployment, now at 13 million.

Leading article, page 21
Market jitters, page 48



Jean-Marie Le Pen, the French far-right leader, after speaking to supporters in Nice where he is to stand in elections next year

Napoleons of euro plan to dwarf Britain

INSIDE GERMANY



BY ROGER BOYES

To Germans the most shocking event of the past week was not Helmut Kohl admitting to mortality. His announcement to television viewers (rather than Christian Democrat conference delegates) that he favoured the wily political practitioner Wolfgang Schäuble as a future Chancellor (though not yet, not yet) registered only a brief flicker of interest. Even in Bavaria, it triggered a predictable yet tasteless discussion about whether it was possible to lead Germany from a wheelchair.

No, the real shock came in the photographs of Gerhard Schröder visiting Downing Street. Herr Schröder, the bull-necked Social Democratic Prime Minister of Lower Saxony, comes over as a big man, but the cameras did not lie when they showed him to be much shorter than Tony Blair.

Süddeutsche Zeitung discovered another intimate detail: Oskar Lafontaine, the other Social Democratic contender to replace the Chancellor, is a Napoleonic 5ft 11in. How would he look when visiting Mr Blair? Would he be like Alan Ladd stretching to kiss his leading ladies, have to stand on a box?

For 15 years of Kohl government, Germany has been ruled by the ideology of Big-ism. Nobody quite matches the bulk of the Chancellor, but his Cabinet is crowded with men as tall as wardrobes: the Defence, the Innovation, the Health Ministers could all play American football. Only Labour Minister Norbert Blum has problems looking his boss in the eyes.

Summits with Boris Yeltsin, Bill Clinton and Jacques Chirac are peppered with Big-ist jokes about girth and appetite. Today's informal Chequers meeting between Mr Blair and the Chancellor takes body politics into a new dimension. The talk is about Big Europe and Small Europe and it seems that this will be the Leitmotif for the rest of Mr Blair's term in office. Naturally, Herr Kohl wants to know more about Mr Blair's plans for the British stint in the European presidency.

Organising the calendar for the first six months of next year is crucial for his bid to be re-elected in the general election in late September. On March 1, Herr Schröder has to win regional elections in Lower Saxony with a thumping majority if he is to get a chance to run against Herr Kohl. The day after, the Social Democrats meet to choose their can-

didate: either Herr Lafontaine or Herr Schröder. Decisions on the EMU "ins" and "outs" come shortly afterwards. At least part of the European choreography is in Mr Blair's hands, and the Chancellor needs to know the details.

But while the European presidency may give the Labour Government the illusion that it is in the European inner circle, the march of events is indicating otherwise. The meeting last week of French and German finance ministers, accompanied by their central bank governors, showed the drift. There was talk of a new euro council, managed by the French and the Germans but embracing all euro participants. They would meet ahead of the regular European Union finance ministers' sessions and coordinate approaches to tax, public spending and the labour market. The sessions would be, in that most sinister of political terms, "informal".

Plainly, these sessions will set the agenda of the political economy. It is equally obvious Britain will be excluded until it signs up for the euro.

This is the reality of monetary union, especially now that it seems to be going for broad club membership. Deals will be hatched in the club room. The non-players and no-hopers will wait for the debriefing. "The City will pull Britain into the European monetary union," Herr Kohl tells visitors. But politicians who aspire to a European leadership role are beginning to realise that non-participation pushes them, as well as the finances, to the margins.

Mr Blair, under pressure to announce an EMU line by December, will be wanting to know more from the Chancellor about the newly established euro club. Euroscrapies have been warning for years that monetary union will divide the continent rather than unite it. The first cracks are now becoming visible. Mr Blair can still play body politics with Herr Kohl, but for how long?

Mugabe wants aid to seize white land

FROM JAN RAATH IN HARARE



Mugabe: will raise land issue with Blair

PRESIDENT MUGABE today flies to Britain where he plans to present Tony Blair with demands that Britain compensate white farmers for 13 million acres of their land which the Zimbabwe Government says it intends to seize.

Mr Mugabe spent last week touring rural Zimbabwe where he repeated a refrain that the Government had no moral obligation to pay white farmers for land that their forebears occupied a century ago in settling Rhodesia.

"If the British Government wants us to compensate its children, it must give us the money, or it does the compensation itself," he said.

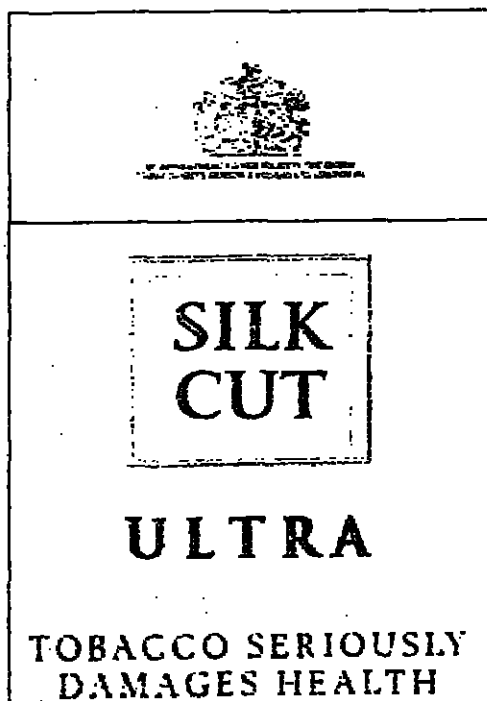
Mr Mugabe told audiences at political rallies that he would be raising the land issue with the Prime Minister at the Commonwealth summit in Edinburgh later this week. He indicated that demands would include the compensation of white farmers as well as assistance for the cost of resettling black peasants.

The Zimbabweans are hoping that in one of Labour's first encounters with Africa since coming to power, Mr Blair will be more amenable to their demands than the Tories were. But Mr Mugabe's tone during the week is unlikely to encourage support. He promised that "we are going to take the land and we are not going to pay a cent to any soul".

The President also promised to change constitutional protections in the Bill of Rights if it interfered with his "revolutionary land acquisition programme". Without support

from Britain, he declared, Zimbabwe would do it alone. Officials of the ruling Zanu (PF) party had identified 1.776 white-owned farms covering 12.6 million acres which the Zimbabwean Government intended to confiscate for peasant resettlement, as well as for guerrilla war veterans and black commercial farmers.

There is no figure currently available for the value of the land under threat, although farm industry sources say it is vast. It is almost half the area now owned by the 4,500-strong community of white farmers who produce 85 per cent of Zimbabwe's formally marketed agricultural output, the cornerstone of the economy. Mr Mugabe has complicated the issue with a qualification that although the Government will refuse to pay for land, it is willing to compensate farmers who have made improvements to land.



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The glow of uncertainty

NO SOONER had the fog of uncertainty over human evolution begun to clear than some very odd results from Australia threw it back into confusion. Published in *Antiquity* in December 1996, the findings seemed to show that people living under the shadow of a huge rock in the Northern Territory had not only been around but had been painting graffiti as long as 116,000 years ago. This made the site the oldest rock art site in the world, and threw a spanner into the "out of Africa" hypothesis for man's origins: if *Homo sapiens* emerged in Africa 100,000 years ago, what was he doing in Australia 16,000 years earlier?

A lot of archaeologists simply declined to accept the dates, and even the team responsible regarded them as "pretty outrageous". Now the latest hints, published in *Science*, suggest that the site may be no older than about 10,000 years. The controversy is over "luminescence dating", the technique used to measure the site's age.

Luminescence dating uses a clock driven by radiation to date ancient artefacts or sediments. Electrons in minerals such as quartz or feldspar are shifted by radiation, at a consistent rate, from their normal position in the crystal lattice into lattice defects or traps. The older the crystal is, the more electrons will be elevated into the traps. But when the material is exposed to light, or heated, the traps empty, producing a dim glow. By collecting specimens and keeping them in the dark, archaeologists can stimulate the glow in the laboratory by heating, or exposure to a laser or lamp. The amount of glow measures how long the specimen has been covered over. The technique can look



SCIENCE BRIEFING

Nigel Hawkes

back much further than carbon dating, and needs no organic material to work on. It works well with shards of pottery or the remains of ancient hearths, but for ordinary sediments needs careful interpretation. This is because the archaeologist assumes that when the sediment was laid down, the minerals were already bleached by the sun, and the clock reset. If, however, they had been deposited by a river or a glacier, then they may never have been exposed to enough light to set the clock at zero. In that case, the date they give will be too early.

At the Australian site, the suspicion is that contamination from a crumbling sandstone wall may have upset the dating. To check this, Dr Richard Roberts of La Trobe University, in Bundoora, Australia, is re-dating the sediments almost grain-by-grain to see if they are a mixture of materials of different dates. He expects results by the end of the year, reports *Science*. Another Australian expert, Dr Nigel Spooner of the Australian National University, is re-analysing the original *Antiquity* data and thinks the site could be as young as 10,000 years. Time will tell.

Splitting image



THE beautiful images of atoms produced by scanning tunnelling microscopes have only one flaw. Sometimes it is impossible to tell just what species of atom they are. Now two physicists from Arizona State University, Dr John Spencer and Dr Uwe Weierstall, have devised a way of lifting atoms off the surface of a sample and identifying them. The microscope works by moving a very fine tip, or stylus, a fraction away from the surface. Electrons leap across the gap and the changing current reveals the bumps and hollows of successive rows of atoms in the surface. Often, it is plain what they are, but not always.

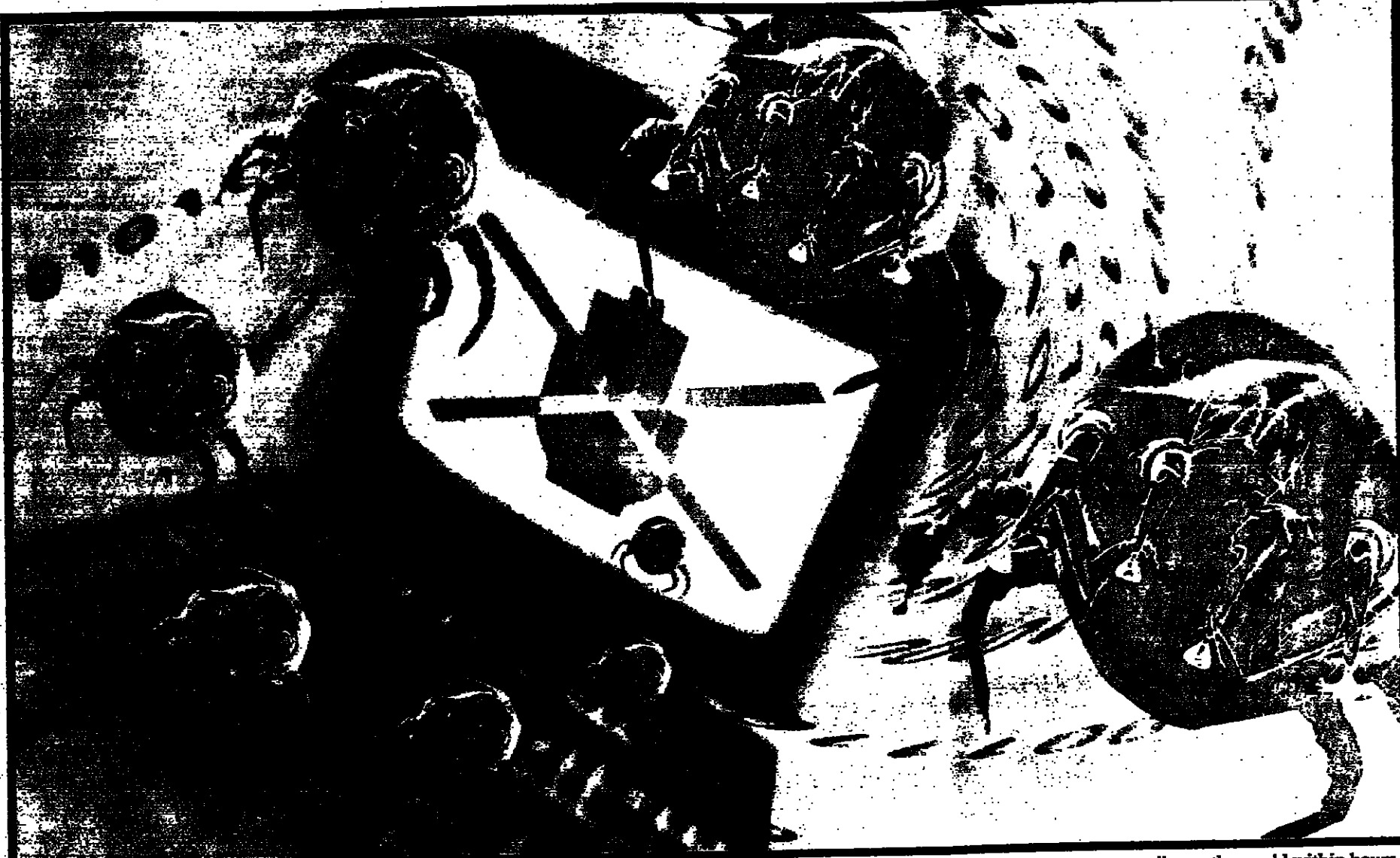
In that case, the physicists give the tip of the instrument a five-volt pulse to strip an atom off the surface and attach it to the tip. They then move the tip to one side, and apply a pulse of 10,000 volts of the opposite polarity, which flings the atoms off the tip towards a detector 20cm away. The time of flight tells them the ratio of the atom's charge to its mass, which can be used to reveal its identity. The method may be commercially available in a few years' time.

Fuel for thought



PEOPLE who stick "Nuclear Power - No Thanks" in the back window of their Citroën 2CVs may be persuaded to think again. Nuclear power has become the number one source of electricity in England and Wales, overtaking coal for the first time. Gas is coming up fast on the outside, so nuclear power may enjoy top spot for only a short period, but a third of all electricity (more than half in Scotland) is now coming from the atom. In the run-up to the Kyoto climate conference in early December, the absence of carbon dioxide emissions is also a plus.

In addition, the success of British Nuclear Fuels has contributed to the Chancellor of the Exchequer's extra £300 million for the National Health Service, because BNFL, although run as a commercial company, counts for statistical reasons as part of the public sector borrowing requirement. During the summer it had an extra cashflow of £102 million which the Government can borrow without going above its spending limit. The rest of the £300 million has come from the Ministry of Defence.



There are at least 10,000 computer viruses in circulation affecting millions of machines. The Internet allows a new virus to infect computers all over the world within hours

PC viruses under attack

Scientists have devised an anti-viral program that spreads more quickly than computer viruses themselves. Anjana Ahuja reports

As the world embraced the age of the computer during the Seventies, a small band of miscreants was inventing ways to infiltrate networks and wreak havoc across cyberspace. Ten years ago this month came the first documented proof of their success. A computer virus called Brain, released at the University of Delaware, was found to have spread "in the wild" on to several disks.

Since then, computer viruses have wriggled on to millions of machines and into popular culture. Worse, the mischief-makers who write the deceptive, destructive and ingenious pieces of software, have gone into overdrive. According to next month's *Scientific American*, there are at least 10,000 viruses in circulation, with several new ones cropping up every day. And where it took months for them to spread around the world, the Internet allows them to spring up globally in hours.

Now an elite squad of computer scientists promises to outwit the virus makers. The squad is based at the IBM Thomas J. Watson Research Centre in New York, which has a formidable reputation - its researchers built Deep Blue, the computer that earlier this year defeated Garry Kasparov, the world's greatest chess player.

Viruses are man-made digital parasites, the majority of which are known as file infectors. This means they attach executable files, or files that perform a function, as opposed to files simply containing data (datafiles are targeted by macroviruses). Examples of executable files are computer games and spreadsheet programs. The effects can range from irritating to destructive - some show pictures across the screen, while others rearrange their hosts' computer code so the file cannot carry out its function. Worse, if the file is copied or shared, a clone of the virus goes with it.

Viruses are detected using scanning programs, which exploit the fact that viral code is very distinctive. The scanning program checks chunks of code against a library of viral signatures. The most sophis-

ticated version takes just ten minutes to check for every known virus lurking in 10,000 programs. However, fresh viruses, which have not been catalogued, can elude detection. Neither do these programs always automatically annihilate the intruder - most are cured manually, by inserting a "disinfectant" disk.

Now IBM's 40-strong anti-viral team, assembled over the past decade by Steve White, a former theoretical physicist from the University of California, has come up with an intelligent program that can deal with viruses immediately, including those it has not encountered before.

Dr White, who likens the intelligent program to a digital version of the human immune system, showed it at the Virus Bulletin conference in San Francisco two weeks ago. The system works like this. Imagine that the program is continually monitoring the activity of your PC. As soon as it spots something suspicious, the program automatically forwards a copy of the infected file to another machine in your office. This machine removes sensitive information and sends the file on to a central virus analysis machine run by IBM.

If the virus is familiar, a tailored "prescription" of anti-viral software is sent out immediately. If the suspicious activity is unfamiliar, the analyst puts the strange code in a digital "petri dish" and investigates how it behaves. If the code replicates and propagates, as viruses are designed to do, the analyst concludes it is a virus. The analyst pulls out a signature, adds it to the library and makes up a prescription on the spot.

Both the signature and prescription are sent back to the original PC and, simultaneously, to other PCs on the same network. Subscribers around the world are alerted regularly about new viruses and pre-emptively "immunised". The delay between

initial detection and cure is a few minutes.

Dr White says it is the first anti-viral treatment that can be spread more quickly than the viruses themselves. "In the old days viruses used to get around on floppy disks. Now it uses the Internet. It was easily foreseeable that humans would not be able to respond quickly enough. This automated system takes humans out of the loop completely." The clever technique, called generic disinfection, has already earned the IBM team six patents, with more pending. Dr White is hoping it will be released within a year.

And in the cat-and-mouse game between virus hunter and virus writer, Dr White thinks the new system will allow the hunters to "pull dramatically ahead". He says: "We can knock any virus out of existence within minutes of it appearing anywhere in the world. It's kind of magical."

It is a remarkable achievement, considering how many viruses have been recorded. The IBM research centre boasts a secure, alarmed library which contains, in locked cabinets, copies of every known virus. Dr White says: "We have collected about 14,000 viruses, and we get six

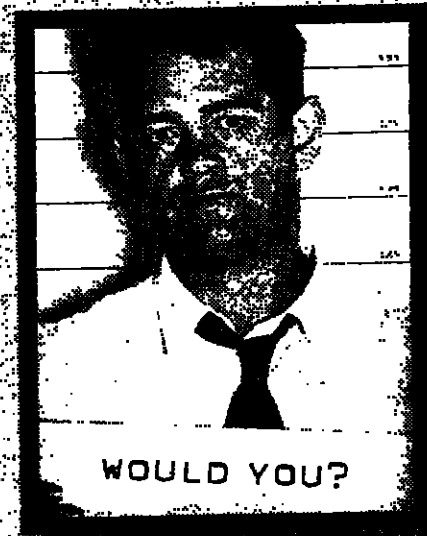
to eight new ones arriving every day." He is confident that it is complete and up to date - the small, global community of professionals working in this field exchange information almost daily on viruses via a secure Internet site.

The library's computers, which allow authorised scientists to experiment with the viruses, have no connections to the outside world, to prevent infection.

Despite his clever research, Dr White would be foolish to assume that the mischief-makers won't strike back eventually. "The virus writers spend a

lot of time trying to hide their code from anti-viral software. I think the future is going to be interesting." But he views his foes with disdain: "The people who do this range from teenage computer nuts to adults with well-paid jobs. They're not clever, they are actually really bad programmers. Lots of them think they're contributing to research by writing viruses but I'd much rather they went and cooked a hamburger. They don't realise the damage they can do." For example, there was a macrovirus called Wazzu which moved the odd word around and occasionally inserted the word wazzu. What if the virus infected a medical prescription or the Palestinian peace treaty? That's not amusing, that's dangerous.

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Why I chose not to have an abortion

Johanna Wood was 40, had four children already – and certainly did not want to be pregnant again

Last year, at the age of 40, I, too, was in the unbelievable position of missing my period. I was married to a man approaching his sixties, and my four existing children were aged nine, five, four and nine months. I had just returned to work as a general practitioner after six years at home looking after the children. I had hoped to be done with babies for ever, and here I was, expecting a fifth.

I cannot honestly say that this was an unwanted baby because I love children and my own especially, but it was very much an unwanted pregnancy. I had not had easy pregnancies or births, and my last confinement had been so absolutely dreadful that I had still not physically or emotionally recovered from it. Indeed, I had got "caught" the one and only time we had made love since that traumatic birth, while we were arguing over which one of us should be sterilised.

Starting through floods of tears at the thin blue line on the pregnancy test, I felt I just could not have another pregnancy. I rang my GP in desperate haste for an appointment. If only I could be rid of this nightmare immediately. Indeed, I believe that if I had had access to an abortion that first day, when I was barely two weeks pregnant, I might have done so. I so much wanted to pretend that this was just a missed period, just a tiny bunch of cells, just a nothing, just a blue line on a bit of blotting paper. Significantly I hid my positive result in a cupboard upstairs, because I decided that was all I was ever going to have of this baby.

My GP was superbly professional and kind. I had every medical reason not to proceed with this pregnancy. He would help me with whatever I wanted. But I was already feeling that I was damned if I did and damned if I didn't. How could I do this to a child made of love? This was my children's brother or sister. Why should this one get the short straw?

Three very significant events helped me to make my decision. First, my husband was not in favour of an abortion, even though he was as shocked as I was. At the time, I felt he was being heartless, but having one's partner in favour of life and not death is tremendously important. Secondly, this was the week when the papers were reporting the tragedy of a family whose two children had been washed out to sea on a family day out. Mandy Allwood's pregnancy was also in the news. These two terrible dilemmas for other families made me realise that mine was a dilemma of choice – of choosing a good thing – and not one of helplessness. Finally, the first person I spoke to, whose advice I valued, immediately told me that I would cope. I am eternally grateful to her for such good sense.

After her, everyone else said I would be crazy, selfish even, to go ahead and should definitely have an abortion. And selfishness should be discussed here, because all the reasons I did not want to have a baby were selfish. My figure, my health, my career, my reputation, my future. Me, me, me.

The first 10 weeks of my pregnancy were very difficult for me, because with each week the option of an abortion became less and less. At my "advanced" age of 40, I surprised myself by hiding the pregnancy just like a teenager. I wore baggy jumpers and bought no maternity clothes. When it would be hidden no longer and I abandoned the pretence, I was pleasantly surprised to hear one of my girlfriends give a little shriek when she saw this huge bump that seemed to have materialised from nowhere.

I did not have any antenatal screening tests, because if you accept the baby then you accept it warts and all, but I was well aware of my risk of having a Down's syndrome child. Actually, I had an early scan at the Harris Birthright Trust which assessed my risk as 1-in-250, which I found reassuring. I was plunged into extra expense immediately because I was so exhausted that I needed help with the other children after school. We had to change the car. We would probably have to move house.

My actual confinement was even worse than I had anticipated. The baby was a transverse lie and I was booked to have a Caesarean after four normal deliveries. On the appointed day, I was wheeled into the operating theatre expecting a straightforward delivery, but had an undiagnosed placenta praevia, which was cut into, and jolly nearly bled to death. I needed a six-unit transfusion and my recovery was slow and difficult. I had to have paid help every day for a month. It was very hard on me.

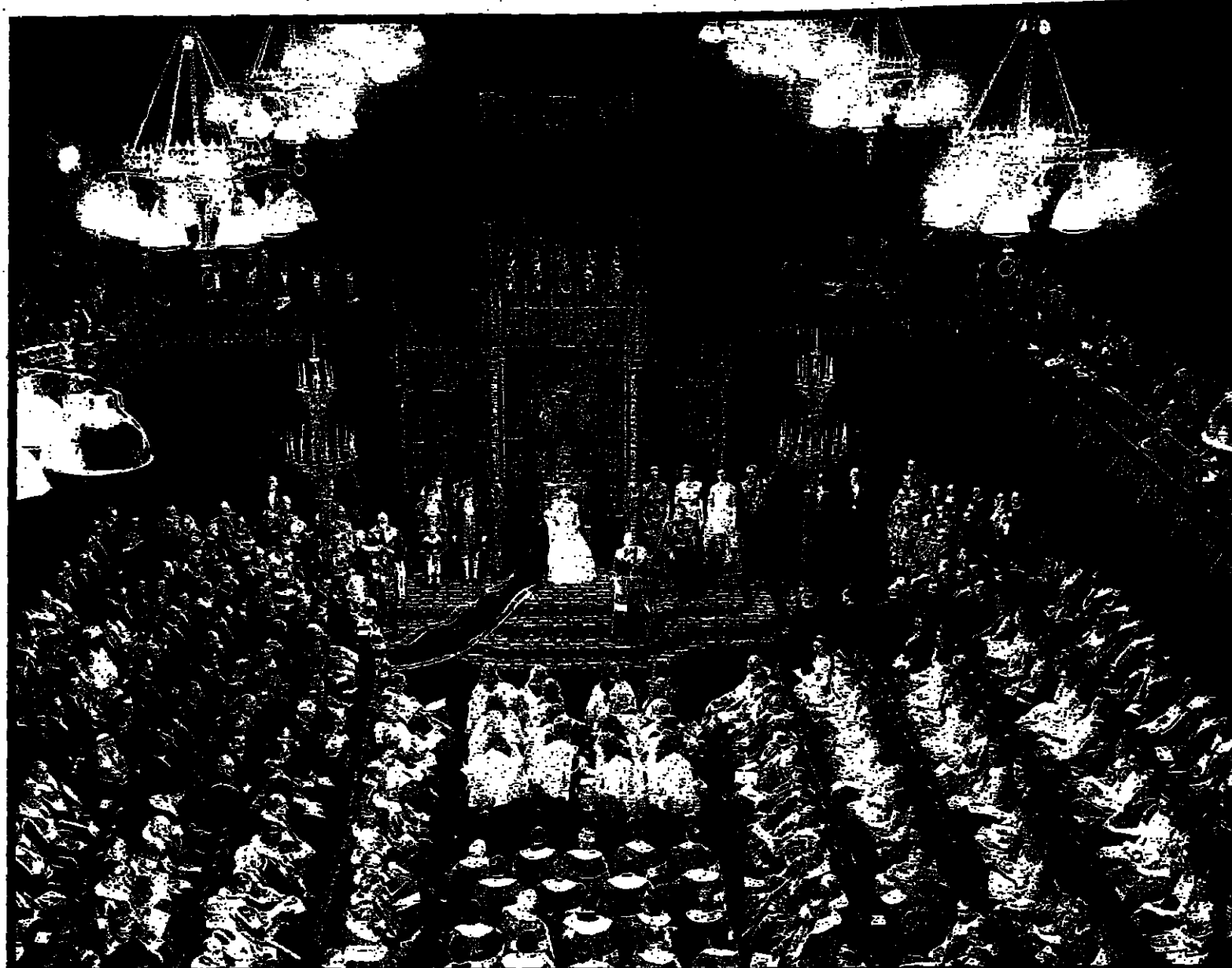
My surprise daughter is now six months old. Just like every other baby she is a delight – not just to me, but to her brothers and sisters and to her old Dad. She did absolutely nothing to merit the termination of her little life. She was not just a late period, or a hiccup in my quest for personal fulfilment. The thin blue line that announced her presence was one that she should not cross.

I am a married woman, middle-class, well educated and also profess a faith in God. That I should have been so sorely tempted is a fact of which I am ashamed. My story needs telling too. It is a story that other women should hear. You can cope. You can live with your conscience. You may even have a daughter who will put back something of your sacrifice into your old age.

Why I chose to have an abortion



Debbie Beckerman: last Monday's Times



The Queen at the opening of Parliament: So strong is Upper House tradition that Big Ben's chime is held back until the royal foot crosses the threshold

The new Labour peer froze, perplexed as to what he might have done wrong on this, his second day in the House of Lords. The usher, a former Regimental Sergeant-Major clad in coat-tails and stiff white shirt, had told the peer there was a telephone message for him. The former Labour MP had begun to follow when the usher turned, fixed him with a stare and told him: "Stay there... my Lord."

The edict was delivered with pious politeness, underlain with the cool command of someone training a young dog to sit.

"I stood there rigid," says Lord Whaddon, "wondering what misdemeanour I had committed and how on earth I was supposed to get the message." This first lesson in the difference between the rough and tumble of life in the Commons and the immutable traditions of the Lords ended

Lords need a shepherd

New life peers have to face the intricacies of the Upper Chamber. Eve-Ann Prentice reports

With the usher instructing him: "My Lord, you stay where you are, I will bring the message to you."

With the Upper House now planning to simplify its introduction ceremony to enable 57 new peers to take their seats by Christmas, the ushers – usually former RSMs or similar rank – are likely to have their resources stretched, initiating the newcomers into the intricacies of life amid the red carpet and upholstery. So what can these new barons and baronesses expect?

Unlike the Commons, which has Erskine May as its procedural bible, there are no written rules to guide the new peers now waiting to take their seats may be spared having to change their names, as was the trend 20 years ago. Lord Whaddon, who is my father, spent the first 51 years of his life as Derek Page, six of them as Labour MP for King's Lynn in Norfolk. Garter King of Arms, the official in charge of sorting out new peers' titles and coats of arms, soon made it clear that Lord Page might not be suitable – after all, a page is a servant.

Even Big Ben has to watch its timing when it comes to Upper House tradition. The Queen always sets her foot across the threshold of the Palace of Westminster at precisely the first stroke of 11am during the Opening of Parliament, and in this she has never faltered.

"She does not hesitate or hang around, nor does she rush up at the last second to make sure she steps forward at the correct moment," says Lord Whaddon. "Richard

Dimbleby told me that she is always bang on the dot because Big Ben is held back as necessary and allowed to strike only when her foot crosses the threshold."

Royal sensibilities also came into play when Lord Whaddon, who was created a life peer in James Callaghan's 1978 list, chose his coat of arms. He wanted a Lone Star of Texas, since he is an honorary citizen of that state, a harp and a red rose of Lancashire in tribute to his birthplace. "You may have two red roses," Garter told him: "A single red rose is the prerogative of the monarchy."

Although there are plans to simplify the introduction ceremony for the new peers waiting to take their seats on the leather benches in the Upper Chamber, the newcomers might also like to know in advance that even walking in procession can have its pitfalls. New peers, resplendent in ermine – which they can either buy or borrow – process round the chamber, read oaths of allegiance and are led to their seats, where they sit, stand up, doff their hats and sit down again three times before processing again to shake the hand of the Lord Chancellor.

"The ushers are very much

in charge during the ceremony, and everything must be done precisely right," says Lord Whaddon, who took his title from the Cambridgeshire village where he has lived since 1961. "It was impressive on me that I had to keep a precise distance between myself and the man in front. It then became apparent that I was gaining on him, so I tried missing a step. Don't pause, my Lord... take shorter steps." I was told in no uncertain manner.

If the traditions in which the Lords is steeped sound like hell for any day-to-day workings can be heaven compared with the Commons. "The Lords is better behaved," says Lord Whaddon. "You don't have a constituency, so the workload is far less and the whips can't bring the same pressure to bear. And because there are no written rules, this can be most interesting: it seems to work better than the Commons because you are not constantly looking for loopholes."

"Despite what people may say about the image of peers dining on the benches, the standard of debate is superior. There are so many experts, and the speeches carry the

weight of informed authority. But much of the work goes on in committee and, because the speakers in the chamber are such experts, you tend to get lighter attendances in the chamber itself because only other experts in a given field can understand them."

There is also a considerable feeling of history. To sit down, as I did, for coffee one day and find yourself sitting next to Lord Effingham and then realise he is a direct descendant of the commander of the British fleet at the Armada is amazing. That said, there is a certain chumminess between the hereditary peers that is not evident with the life peers. But this is hardly surprising since their families know one another from yonks back.

There is also a certain genteel naivety among some of the hereditary peers. At the time of the Cynthia Payne sex-for-luncheon vouchers scandal, a marquess who did not fully understand what Madame Cyn had been up to was told by a life peer that you received wine, a woman and lunch in exchange for the vouchers. "Wine can't have been much good," the marquess noted.

Lord Whaddon was on a business trip to Warsaw at the height of the Cold War when his peerage was announced in *The Times* and spotted by a Polish company director who was returning from a visit to London. "So the first time I was called by my new title was when the Polish Government called me and invited me to meet the Chairman of the Council of State. The red carpet was rolled out for me and I was addressed as 'My Lord'. No one has come up to scratch in this way since."

Should my father ever get above himself, though, I am always swift to point out that he is the son of a lorry driver, while I must be far superior, as I am the daughter of a peer.

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ARTS

Melvyn Bragg on the art of the historical novel

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COMPUTER SYSTEMS

My wine, women and wrongs

After a life of drink, women and football, George Best is now importing wine from Italy that will bear his name. Interview by Bill Frost

George Best has a headache, not a blinding pain behind the eyes, just a dull throb that was there when he woke up, mid-morning. Even the subdued lights of the Italian restaurant seem to hurt his eyes.

"No, it's not a hangover," he insists. "I was off the wine last night, that's why I've got the headache today." He eyes a bottle chilling in the ice bucket by our table and moments later the solicitous waiter has filled his glass.

Best, perhaps the most mercurial and exciting performer the English game has ever produced, savours the bouquet appreciatively, but this is business, not pleasure. The delicate champagne flute in his hand seems strangely at odds with the red and black footballer's shell suit, circa 1969, and the chunky gold bracelet.

His latest venture sees English football's first *enfant terrible* — dried out, twice and jailed once for drink-driving — cast in the role of entrepreneur.

With two business partners, Best is importing fine wines from Italy that will bear his name and picture on the label.

He sees the dark humour in a project that reminds the public again of his decline and fall, but says that alcohol is now his servant, not his master. "I drink only white wine now, never spirits... well, perhaps the occasional brandy."

Carlo Cataldi, fellow entrepreneur and owner of the Fulham restaurant where Best feels most at home, claims his friend has a fine and discriminating palate. "He knows that many people think he is just a drinker, but he knows well what he is tasting, he is not just a man who opens his mouth and swallows."

"Next month we will take him to the vineyards and show him how the wine is produced and introduce him to the winemakers. George is only too happy to come."

More bottles arrive at the table for tasting and Best's headache has lifted. He even manages a thin smile when someone suggests that his partners have put "Dracula in charge of the blood bank."

The waiter at Casa Carlo recommends a light sparkling wine from the Veneto region... ideal at breakfast

time". After a toast to the vineyard, the conversation turns to Best's career — six magical seasons at Manchester United, 115 goals in 290 league, FA Cup and European Cup games and an impish virtuosity that matched imagination with courage.

"My greatest game was probably the hat-trick for Manchester United against Benfica in the quarter-finals of the European Cup in 1968. Sir Matt Busby said we should keep it tight for the first 15 minutes and see how things went. But I scored twice in the first 12 minutes."

"He said afterwards: 'You obviously weren't listening'. The next day all the Portuguese papers had the headline 'El Beale' — that was me and that's when everything took off."

The rollercoaster ride that followed was to take Best, now 51, from the pinnacle of sporting achievement to the depths of drink-fuelled despair. No one, with the exception of his manager at United, the late Sir Matt Busby, was ready to take charge of Best off the pitch.

"As long as I kept delivering the goods, doing the business, they let me get on with it. Even Sir Matt could not control me."

"It was spirits in those days — I was a hairy-arsed footballer from Belfast and wine was for posh. So every night it was the same routine: out on the town and stay partying until all the others had gone."

"Just as I wanted to outdo everyone when I played, I had to outdo everyone when we were on the town — always the last to go home." Despite evidence of dissipation, his star status and spending power continued to attract women. "They say I slept with seven Miss Worlds, but it was only three. I was always photographed with a blonde on my arm."

On the cusp of greatness and decline, Best was surprised in his suite at the Ritz — "Or was it the Savoy?" — by a porter, who found the young player in bed with the then Miss Universe beneath a counterpane of £20,000 in new notes. Best recalls: "The guy said: 'Well, George, where did it all go wrong? I can't remember my reply, but perhaps he saw something I didn't.'"

By the time he was 25, Best believed that the team he loved



George Best with his wife, Alex, at the Casa Carlo restaurant in Chelsea. Some have suggested that letting him import wine is like putting "Dracula in charge of the blood bank"

was in decline. Always highly strung, he began to drink more heavily than ever, seeking the excitement he once found in football from a bottle. As soon as he got up in the morning — and that was never early — there was always that thirst to be slaked. Best began to miss training but "people just continued to turn a blind eye."

Arrest for drink-driving and assaulting a police officer in 1994 was "the lowest point in my life". However, within two weeks of his release from Ford Open Prison, Best was back on the bottle.

A drunken appearance on Terry Wogan's chat show in 1990 deepened a growing sense of shame and despair. Four hours in the Green Room left Best very much the worse for wear. "Before then no one had really seen me drunk in public, but the Wogan show embarrassed not just me, but also my close friends and

family. I don't know why it happened. I just wanted to go on a bender and get drunk."

Antipasto arrives at the table as Best explains that, although still drinking, he now manages to keep his demons in check. "I was born with a great gift and sometimes with that comes a destructive streak."

He pushes the food around his plate — "I don't normally eat lunch" — and says he dreams of the game he still loves almost every night. "But playing at my age would be unrealistic, my left foot is almost useless now after all the knocks I took," he says sadly.

There is sadness, too, over his treatment at the hands of those who were not even born when he thrilled their fathers. "There is always somebody who wants to have a go, even here in Chelsea and Fulham, where I have lived for so long."

They try to pick a fight, shout a couple of mindless insults from a passing car or across a bar. I never respond,

although sometimes it is tempting. Even at the height of my fame, 50 per cent of the people who saw me wanted a fight — it's the downside of being a star player. It's less than that now, but I know there are those who'd like to see me in the gutter. They'll never have that satisfaction, though."

His mood lightens with the arrival at the restaurant of his wife, Alex, a 22-year-old former air hostess who hangs on his every word. Inevitably, the

couple met at Tramp, still a second home for Best.

"None of my relationships with women really worked before Alex. Out of the blue she came into my life and I have never been happier. Over the years I was probably too trusting, with women and with male friends. But now I am more discriminating."

There are just a few close mates — Michael Parkinson, Denis Law, a handful of others. They are people I can trust, the people who look after

me if I go on a bender. Alex does try to keep me in check — we won't have any alcohol in the house. There are lots of lovely crystal glasses but nothing to fill them with."

The latest Mrs Best smiles indulgently. "He is a joy to live with and we are very happy, but of course there are arguments — the most recent was about an overdone baked potato. He is great, but he sulks. Otherwise, there is nothing about him I would change."

Not even his continued

drinking? Alex does not respond, chewing a nail to cover her silence.

Best provides an answer of sorts. "I know there are days when I'll want to go off on a jag. Alex knows that, too. There are dark moods and demons, you just need to go off and get wrecked. The difference is that now I can keep the booze under control. I have Alex and a lot to look forward to — my eyes are on the future. I'm no longer caught in the past."

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There are fierce debates in the universities today about the traditional teaching of history. Related to that, I think, is the question of Fiction and History. The distinguished historian Lawrence Stone spoke of History as becoming an "endangered species". For many literary critics today, historical fiction is practically extinct.

Yet the feast of the past has nourished the work of the present for centuries. Homer is a history and Shakespeare made his histories. This century, this generation, even this decade has had its historical novels. And yet, somehow, the form is considered below the salt. Just as the Modernists seemed to degrade narrative, and storytelling was sent to the bottom of the class to become that which distinguished only popular novelists, so the historical novel has become thought of as a genre for which only the second-rate need apply.

Sometimes I think that the Modernist inheritance, especially

Labour of love that dare not speak its name

in its perhaps accidental effect of allowing very clever people to think that being merely very clever meant that they were artists, has done some damage to the state of the arts — but that is another subject for another time.

Last summer I reread Evelyn Waugh's *Sword of Honour*, and the fertility of the relationship between fiction and history struck me forcibly. You will remember that Guy Crouchback, from an ancient English Catholic family, is living in Italy when the Second World War breaks out. Immediately he tries to return to England to defend his country and fight, as he sees it, for good against evil.

Before he leaves Italy he goes into his local church to seek out an Englishman buried there several hundred years previously. "He was older than the church, older than anything in it except the

bones of St Dulcinea and a pre-Christian thunderbolt which lay concealed at the back of the altar... his name, just legible still, was Roger of Waybroke. Knight, an Englishman; his arms, five falcons." He had been killed in a local skirmish, at the moment of victory, on his way to the Second Crusade.

This is in the first few pages of Waugh's trilogy, and it sets the work on its course. It calls up war and the duty of a warrior in a time when Christendom is threatened. It implies honour and sets the standard by which Guy will judge himself and by which we will mark his progress as the years of total war depress an ancient standard. It gives both to the work and to the reader a country's history — that of England. An England to be defended as it has been for so long. In a few paragraphs, Waugh uses history

to set the tone and plant the meaning in what became a great work of literary art.



Waugh's touch does not end there. For example, a little further on he describes a group of men

leaving their club in blacked-out London and forced to walk. "They stumbled down the steps together and set out into the baffling midnight void. Time might have gone back 2,000 years to the time when London was a stockaded cluster of huts down the river, and the streets through which they walked, empty sedge and swamp."

That last sentence triggers off, in any historical imagination, a resonance of the long history of London — conquered, resistant, come from the void and now, in the novel, in danger of being bombed back into the void. There is a sense of the fragility of human construction, the impermanence of that grand invention, the city, and the hint of bestial forces now unleashed.

Yet according to many authorities, the historical novel had been

dead for half a century when Waugh wrote *Sword of Honour*. In Longman's *Companion to Victorian Fiction*, after encomiums on Scott and Thackeray in particular but also on Dickens, Trollope, George Eliot, Thomas Hardy and finally R.L. Stevenson, notice was served: "By this later period [the end of the 19th century] the main impulse had shifted downmarket via Rider Haggard to the juvenile sector dominated by G.A. Henty, W.H.G. Kingston, and their numerous followers. Increasingly, historical romance (even Stevenson's) was beneath the notice of the adult reader."

So the door was shut. Broadly speaking that opinion has held. Dickens became Baroness Orczy; Thackeray became Meyer; Hardy became Catherine Cookson.

Some years ago, when I con-

ferred to friends that I was writing a novel set in 1802 — *The Maid of Buttermere* — there were pitying looks and murmurs that to go back was somehow to surrender. How could our brilliant present be bypassed? What could historical novels do? One famous novelist said that he could not enjoy the smells of the past, therefore writing a novel in the past was impossible.

Yet 12 years later, when I wrote my second historical novel, *Credo*, set in the 17th century, a remarkable number of writers were also using our history. Beryl Bainbridge in *Every Man for Himself* on the sinking of the *Titanic*; Rose Tremain with *Restoration*; Pat Barker with *The Ghost Road*; parts of A.S. Byatt's *Possession* and Peter Ackroyd's *Hawksmoor*; Barry Unsworth's *Sacred Hunger*; and Julian Barnes's emblematically titled *The History of the World in Ten and a Half Chapters*. Why the resurgence? The answer takes us into next week's column.

Game and match to the set

The Brecht Estate is one of those bodies where relatives or other heirs of the actual creator of the works keep a close, not to say blinkered, eye on the material to see that the text stays just as it was when the late Herr Brecht, Mr Beckett, or whoever, first started being late. Apparently the permission to relocate the original Sichuan woman to a mythical South African city is unprecedented, and a nod of



thanks to the Estate is due for its readiness to relax a fraction, even though Bert B has been dead for only 41 years. Gina Mhlophe and Janet Suzman (who also directs) adapted the text for the Market Theatre of Johannesburg and the company has brought the production to the West Yorkshire Playhouse for a week before taking it on a five-week tour of the country (Edinburgh, Cambridge, London, Manchester, Coventry). However, the Sharkville version runs out of creative steam at the same point as the original, just as the heroine's tribulations reach the halfway point, and with more than an hour to go.

Still, when attention wavers, there is Johan Engels's set to look at: an implacable wall of drip-stained doors, tilted windows and corrugated iron, reminiscent of any slum anywhere. Against this slab of grey the three ancestral gods, amusingly ill-acquainted with human subtleties, descend in order to find one good human being.



By remaining true to the echt Brecht in its adaptation of *The Good Woman of Shanghai*, Johannesburg's Market Theatre perpetuates its faults

This being Brecht's view of capitalist society, the three find difficulty doing this, but at last they come upon Sizakele (Shen-Te in the original), a famously soft-hearted prostitute who can't say no, starts a business but gives the stock and profits away, and represents, we are required to accept, the impossibility of

both doing and being good. So overnight she creates a male cousin who is hard-hearted, ruthless and successful. The new version is based on Brecht's Santa Monica rewrite, where hard drugs replace tobacco as the source of Cousin Suduka's fortune, further indicating the play's totalitarian dualism, where

what is not entirely right is absolutely wrong. Both roles are played by Mmabatho Mogomotsi, wispiness alternating with a convincingly sharp-looking cynicism, and OK until she starts to sing. I don't think the fault is the auditorium, but the company yells when required to express feeling.

How insufferably sexist the play is. A woman can only be strong by pretending to be a man and is constantly let down by her feckless love for a rotter. Irony? I think not. It is Brecht absorbing and adding to the assumptions of his time, and unpleasant to witness today. Suzman's direction is lively,

encouraging vividly credible quarrels in the small crowd scenes, and the company (until the singing) performs with credit. And, when the rhetoric and the rant and the soppy romantic reversals are too much, there is always the set to enjoy.

JEREMY KINGSTON

Young, gifted and browned off

A new play tackles the likely fate of the first Asian Premiership player

It is hard to imagine an Indian Ian Wright or a Pakistani Paul Ince taking the field in an FA Cup Premiership match. Brown-skinned players somehow don't break through as the new Beckham, Giggs, Le Tissier and Scholes. But what if one did? How would he fare? This is the theme of *Ooh Ah Showab Khan*, a young people's play launched this week by the Arc Theatre Ensemble, a group famed for its theatre-in-education work. "It's a speculative, futuristic play," says Carole Pluckrose, the director. "Highly skilful Asian footballers are overlooked, and the first Asian Premier League player could be three, five, or 20 years away."

The 30-minute play, which will tour "until next year's World Cup, is a cornerstone of the new 'Kick It Out' anti-racism campaign which will focus in particular on Asian players and supporters. *Ooh Ah Showab Khan* follows *Kicking Out*, an unexpected hit commissioned by Leyton Orient Football Club for the 1994 "Let's Kick Racism Out of Football" campaign which highlighted the problems blacks and Asians encounter from racist coaches. "Kicking Out was the Mouse-trap of young people's theatre," says Clifford Oliver, Arc's writer in residence, referring to its impressive run of 600 performances.

Seen by as many as 100,000 teenagers, *Kicking Out* toured community clubs and youth groups. It was also staged at the House of Commons and the Police Federation conference, as well as at a dozen football clubs, from Newcastle United to Millwall. In short, it was a youth sensation. "Two

years on and the theatre in *Ooh Ah Showab Khan* is equally good and powerful," Oliver says.

An Urdu-speaking Pakistani, Showab Khan faces racist gibes across the board — from goalmouth to boardroom, boot room and stands. Team-mates nickname him "Gandhi" and directors refer to him as a "Paki". He gets abuse on the pitch which soon ends in a fracas. The FA becomes involved, then the press, and the British National Party. A female writer, close to the story, is almost fire-bombed. Khan communes with the ghost of an uncle, killed by skinheads in a racial attack.

Khan is "a trailblazer," Oliver says. "He's setting the scene for other Asian players, but he doesn't want to hang his identity on a peg whenever he steps into the game."

"He has a choice," says Tiran Aakel, who plays him and was also one of the stars of *Kicking Out*. "He can either stand up for himself or swallow it down."

The play is aimed at football and non-football kids, club presidents, managers, teachers and scouts. "The play is like medieval theatre," Pluckrose says. "It's not sterile. It's short, close-up, authentic, gripping."

It is addressing the unsaid. It is about not clipping people's wings before they can fly. Otherwise we can forget it, and accept there never being an Asian in the Premier League."

ALEX WIJERATNE

For venue details and tickets for *Ooh Ah Showab Khan* telephone 0181-594 1095

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AFTER its recent staging of *War and Peace*, Jane Eyre (at the Young Vic) must seem like a mere bauble to Shared Experience. The company's veteran adapter and director Polly Teale has stripped Charlotte Brontë's romantic thriller to its melodramatic bones and fleshed it with Liz Ranken's expressionistic choreography and a young cast that trebles and quadruples up in parts as diverse as dogs and horses.

Shared Experience has a habit of cloning its heroines, and Jane is no exception. The first scene is of the rowdy ten-year-old Jane at play with her imaginative self. But, after snubbing her cruel foster-aunt, her better half is incarcerated in an attic room, while Jane grows into a hair-shirted governess of a school run by the sadistic local clergy.

The genius of this becomes apparent when Jane finally arrives to tutor Rochester's daughter. In Teale's clever adaptation, the mad woman that Rochester keeps hidden at the top of his country house is brilliantly confused with Jane's secret self. It is a conceit that Stevenson, Shelley and Stoker, along with their collection of prize schizophrenics, would appreciate.

Locked up for the duration of the play, Pooky Quessnel's attic prisoner becomes like Dorian Gray's portrait: a repressed, warped, childish, feeble monster. In her mud-stained, scarlet dress Quessnel mimics the twirly ties of Jane as she falls, against her will, for James Clyde's Rochester.

By the time Duke's comely Jane has fallen out with Rochester and fought off the

attentions of a dangerously evangelical preacher, her attic double is tied to a chair and writhing in an ecstasy of neglect. It is a riveting spectacle, delivered by a young company that does full justice to a classic ripping yarn.

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Spelling out the voting alternative

Robert MacLennan on the danger of half-hearted reform

After the 18 years of Tory drought, the heavens have opened. Constitutional reforms are pouring down. It is possible that the electoral system will be altered to secure fair representation across the country.

However, some faint-hearted wish to stop this with a system known as the Alternative Vote (AV). This will not do. They need to be reminded of the extraordinary times in which we live. On May 1, 60 per cent of the country voted for two parties which have 70 per cent of the MPs, and which put constitutional reform at the heart of their agenda. Labour pledged itself to reform, in endorsing the conclusions of the committee chaired by Robin Cook and myself. It was clear about its plans; this is what it said in its manifesto: "We are committed to a referendum on the voting system for the House of Commons. An independent commission on voting systems will be appointed early to recommend a proportional alternative to the first-past-the-post system (FPTP)".

Tony Blair has given us no reason to think that he will swerve from his commitment on proportional representation (PR). We can be confident that he will keep his word for a number of reasons. First, it would not be in his character to break his word. There were those who doubted Labour's willingness to deliver a fair voting system for the European elections in 1999, but the Government has found the time.

Secondly, the case for a referendum is supported by a large Labour majority, and also by 46 Liberal Democrat MPs, as well as members of other parties. Since the election the dialogue between Labour and the Liberal Democrats has continued. Labour has neither weakened nor deviated from the agreement we reached.

The electoral reformers who promoted the referendum and who support a proportional alternative to FPTP believe that PR will reform the nature and quality of government. In Edinburgh, Tony Blair heralded the victory on Scottish devolution as "the beginning of the end of big government". PR would bring that end still closer. In Britain, as in other advanced democracies, it is exceptional for one party to win a majority of the vote. Since PR ensures that seats in the legislature reflect numbers of votes cast, the largest party in Parliament would not normally have a majority of the seats. Without such a majority it would not be able to ride roughshod over the other parties.

Once you end the largest party's unfair majority of seats, Westminster reasserts itself against Whitehall. The executive and the legislature have to co-operate, or at least engage in dialogue. The wishes of minorities cannot be ignored because their votes are important to the larger parties. But nor will they be given undue weight, as voters will punish third parties in government for pursuing their own and not the public's priorities. As politics becomes more inclusive, then eccentric, dogmatic and narrowly based policies disappear and the

Government makes better decisions.

Reformers can be optimistic that Labour may come to favour PR because it will both advance the party's constitutional goals and work in Labour's interest. All PR systems should prevent a repetition of the postwar situation in which the Tories have won the greatest number of seats at eight elections, but scraped more than half the vote only once (in 1955).

Australia shows how AV operates. Since 1911, members of the House of Representatives (equivalent to our Commons) have been elected from single-member constituencies using AV. Instead of marking an X next to their preferred candidate, Australian voters rank all the candidates on the ballot paper. They give their favourite candidate a 1, their second favourite a 2, and so on. A candidate who gains a majority of 1s wins outright. Sometimes, however, this does not happen and an elimination process begins.

AV is complex and in fewer than 10 per cent of seats does it produce different results from the simpler FPTP. Clearly, FPTP produces oddities: in Britain in 1951, Labour won more votes than the Tories, but FPTP gave the Tories power. But AV, too, can produce freakish results. In 1951 Labour would probably have had five fewer seats under AV. In 1954, the Australian Labor Party received a majority of the primary vote and still failed to win the election. In 1977, the Australian Labor Party won 40 per cent of the votes, but only 28 per cent of the seats under AV.

It is hard to be certain how AV would affect the overall outcome of British elections. However, in the long run, no party can be sure that AV will work to its advantage. AV appears to add an unpredictable distortion to the effects of FPTP nationwide. It certainly does nothing to correct the regional and demographic distortions of FPTP. Under AV in 1997 the Tories would probably have lost both their seats in the urban North of England. In Scotland and Wales the 800,000 Tory voters would almost certainly not have been represented under AV. But when the pendulum swings the other way, the exaggerated unfairness for Labour could be even worse.

The danger with AV is that it will prevent real reform. Some see it as the first part of a move towards a proportional system, but this has not been the case in Australia, where there has been a campaign for PR for 70 years. The introduction of AV would be a retrograde step which its advocates would require to be tested to destruction before the public would be given at last the opportunity to embrace a fair electoral system. That is no doubt why Labour's manifesto recommended a proportional alternative, and not simply any alternative to FPTP.

Robert MacLennan, MP, is the Liberal Democrat President, constitutional affairs spokesman and a member of the Cabinet's Joint Consultative Committee.

Even conventional politics have to take a back seat in the struggle for America's moral high ground

Promising start for cultural crusaders

I have never known a time when the Americans were feeling less political, or talking less about straight politics. Normally one finds in Washington that every other conversation ends up by discussing who is likely to be the next President. No doubt, as we get nearer to the year 2000, that will again become a hot topic, but nobody seems interested in it now. The issues which people are discussing are more cultural than political, though it is often politicians who make the cultural headlines in the press.

Last Friday the *New York Post* gave its front page to one of these stories. "Veep" hails Hollywood for gay TV character. The actress, Ellen DeGeneres, in a character also called Ellen, came out as a lesbian on American television. Al Gore, speaking in Beverly Hills, said that "When the character of Ellen came out, millions of Americans were forced to look at sexual orientation in a more open light." He went on to predict a new "golden era" for Hollywood, but urged producers not to glorify violence, tobacco and drugs.

Gore's speech was closely in line with the new morality. "Progressive" Americans are very liberal on sexual matters, but come close to a prohibitionist view of tobacco, as well as drugs; some of them are hostile to the sale of alcohol as well. This sexual liberalism has been demonstrated in another recent news story, which has already reached England.

Jane Fonda, the icon of the 1960s, has joined with Durex Consumer Products, the contraceptive company, in a campaign to oppose the federal Government's \$50 million "abstinence until marriage" programmes for the young. She says that "abstinence until marriage is based on an unreal world that isn't out there". American politicians, who find themselves having to discuss these

cultural and moral issues, would have met a familiar scene at the Conservative and Labour Party conferences, where these were among the most important issues raised. Republicans would have been out of line with the views of Michael Fortillo and William Hague.

In the United States the political division on these issues is a complex one; President Clinton's Democratic Administration is proposing to spend \$50 million on promoting abstinence until marriage, though the funding for that campaign depends on Republican votes in Congress. But the general division of principle still holds: Republicans are the conservatives on moral issues, though they have a libertarian minority in their party; the leading Democrats are usually liberal on sexual issues, though interventionist on issues such as tobacco and the environment.

The conservative reaction to the new morality has been much stronger in the United States than anything we have seen in Britain. That has been true of the Right to Life campaign against abortion, and is also true of the Promise Keepers, the organisation of men who have committed themselves to a moral covenant. Their pledges include being Christ-centred, caring for their families, joining a small men's group, attending church, overcoming sectarian and racial divisions and spreading Christianity. The Promise Keepers belong to the American

tradition of Protestant evangelism which is particularly strong in the South and West.

In October the Promise Keepers had a great rally in Washington, which seems to have been attended by between 700,000 and one million men. They sang Martin Luther's moving hymn, *A Mighty Fortress is Our God*. President Clinton gave the rally his rather cautious approval: "There are those who have political differences with some of the statements which have been

writing in the *Washington Times*. NBC was the only evening network news bulletin to carry the story; both ABC and CBS stayed with college football.

Television would not have neglected a "politically correct" rally of this size. Women's groups were divided. Some women feel that the Promise Keepers are a masculine attempt to restore male dominance. This has been the view of the National Organisation of Women (NOW). On the other hand, some of the less radical women commentators took the view that it must be a good thing for men to promise to take their responsibilities within marriage more seriously.

There are also "New Traditionalist" women's groups who largely share the morality of the Promise Keepers, but from a woman's point of view. Some women in Washington came out to greet the rally with signs such as "Thank God for men who keep their promises".

When one discusses more obviously political issues, there is the same sort of response in the United States as in Britain. Health and education are the issues which people are most concerned about. The cost of the American healthcare system is enormous; there is increasing rationing of expensive treatments and investigations.

Education is largely financed locally by property taxes; the public schools are excellent in wealthy suburbs, but are underfunded where

the social problems are worst. Slum schools, filled with crime and drugs, form a Darwinian battleground for the survival of the fittest. Unfortunately, few people in those neighbourhoods can afford to send their children to the shelter of private schools.

In the United States, among all the major ethnic groups, there is now a moral battle, what Bismarck called a *Kultur Kampf*, between those who believed in Christian rules of conduct and those who follow the new morality. The media and the academic community are, generally speaking, on the side of the new morality, as are many, but by no means all, of those who belong to the "cognitive elite", the high-flyers of the prosperous middle class. The conservative movement lacks publicity, the more fashionable lifestyle of Hollywood, of supermodels and of television personalities gives glamour to the new morality.

However, the moral conservatives are a mass movement; they get strength from the fact that they are not the elite, that they are not "liberalists", but ordinary, low and middle-income working Americans. Apart from the very poor, they are the social group which has been closest to the damage of the fragmented family. They blame family breakdown on the decline of Christian belief and on the "rebellious culture" which has been propagated by the social and cultural elite.

When the *New York Post* reports that Al Gore wants to "force" millions of Americans "to look at sexual orientation in a more open light", the tabloid editors know that many New Yorkers, who do not live on Park Avenue, will see that as yet another elitist attack on the family. Perhaps the President's line on the Promise Keepers shows better political judgment than Al Gore's, if not greater personal sincerity.

William Rees-Mogg

made by some of the leaders of the organisation, but no one can question the sincerity of the hundreds of thousands of men who are willing to reassume their responsibilities to their families and to their children and therefore to our future. The commitment to male responsibility to the family, "no more abuse, no more abandonment", is the core of the Promise Keepers' covenant.

Before the rally happened, the Promise Keepers did not get much sympathy from network television. On the day, the rally was covered by C Span, but according to Joyce Price,

Who shall go back to the ball?

By-elections can create comebacks — and unpleasant surprises, says Peter Riddell

The pulses of many former Tory MPs will have quickened last week when they heard that Piers Merchant was to quit the Commons. Sympathy for the messy end of a political career will have been accompanied, and soon overtaken, by speculation about the chances of a possible return to the Commons at a by-election just six months after being defeated.

By-elections are among the most important, yet often misunderstood, aspects of politics. The forthcoming contests in Paisley South, Winchester and Beckenham will attract enormous interest, and rightly so. However, by-elections are often dismissed as of little consequence, unrepresentative and over-hyped events with few wider implications and none for the next general election. But that is to misread their role, as is clear from a timely new survey, *By-elections in British Politics*, edited by Chris Cook and John Ramsden.

As David Butler points out in his introduction, by-elections "are so much discussed as barometers of public opinion that it is easy to ignore their basic function — the replacement of a Member of Parliament". Not only did both William Hague and Michael Portillo first enter the Commons via a by-election, but Oppositions have eagerly used the first by-elections of a Parliament to bring back their heavyweight casualties. Harold Macmillan returned for Bromley, next door to Beckenham, in November 1945 after losing his Stockton seat four months earlier. Anthony Barber was returned for Altrincham and Sale in February 1965, also four months after the 1964 general election.

So there is a well-trodden and



distinguished route for Mr Portillo, Sir Malcolm Rifkind or any other former minister to follow. But governing parties have not always been as successful as Oppositions in bringing back unexpectedly defeated senior figures. The second defeat of Patrick Gordon Walker, then Foreign Secretary, at Leyton in January 1965 has never been forgotten and was one reason why Chris Patten turned down the option of an arranged by-election in 1992.

By-elections allow opposition parties to display their strengths. The greater volatility of voters in the past two decades has produced some spectacular swings. These are often mistakenly treated as long-term forecasts, rather than expressions of short-term protest. The sceptics are right that by-election results are wholly unreliable as any kind of

predictor of a later general election outcome, even one only a few months away. The venerable Peter Snow, entertained, but seriously misled, with his graphic extrapolations about what a particular result might mean for the party balance in the Commons. In the last Parliament, the Tories often pointed out that in 1992 they regained all eight seats they had lost over the previous five years. In last May's landslide, however, they won back a mere one out of nine previously lost. The longer-term average is that between two fifths and three fifths of seats lost in by-elections are later recaptured.

But to dismiss by-elections as merely outlets for protest votes is to miss the point. Protests can them-

selves be significant. By-elections, or opinion polls, cannot be treated as a judgment on which party should form the next Government. The size of the swing, or fall in the previous vote, are rough-and-ready measures of current unpopularity. Precise figures, which "can be influenced by local factors and tactical voting, matter less than broad trends. The consistency of poor Tory results, and good Labour ones, from 1994 up to Wirral West last February showed that the Tories remained deeply unpopular and were failing to win back support.

Moreover, by-elections can have a big public impact — from the days of John Wilkes's repeated re-elections for Middlesex in 1769-70. As Dr Butler points out, the Conservative victory in Newport in October 1922 helped to bring down the Lloyd

George coalition, while Westminster St George's saved Baldwin in 1931. East Fulham in 1953 was seen as demonstrating public opposition to rearmament, and Orpington heralded the Tory disarray of 1962-63. More recently, the Tory rout in Ribbles Valley in March 1991 added to the pressures to replace the poll tax by the council tax. Bad by-election results can influence party management and force Cabinet reshuffles.

The coming by-elections will affect the opposition parties more than the Government (leaving aside what should be the Labour safe seat of Paisley South). The main interest in Beckenham is the identity of the Tory candidate. Winchester is the first case since 1910 where a general election result has been declared void by the High Court. This was because 55 ballot papers failed to be stamped with the correct mark and this might have reversed the two-vote victory by the Liberal Democrat Mark Oaten. The rerun gives Gerry Malone, the former Health Minister, another chance. What will happen to the 1,598 votes cast on May 1 for the Referendum Party and the 1,700 for four other independents? A Eurosceptic looks like running.

The by-election will test Paddy Ashdown's closer links with the Blair Government, which have already created worries in his own party. Mr Malone has attacked the Lib Dem for being the same as Labour. Despite some talk about standing aside, Labour is likely to put up a candidate, though may not mount much of a campaign, having won just 10.5 per cent of the vote on May 1. Much is at stake. A win for Mr Hague would be a big boost for Mr Hague's leadership, and could fuel criticism of Mr Ashdown's strategy.

Overall, by-elections matter, not as predictors but for the fate of politicians and parties. Professor Ivor Crewe is right that "in the river of British politics, most by-elections are mere pebbles; but among them are rocks that capsize the canoeists and the occasional boulder that alters the course of the flow." If Beckenham is mainly remembered as a stepping-stone for the revival of a political career, Winchester could be a jagged rock.

Cereal thriller

NOW that Glenn Hoddle's family is no longer deemed quite the thing to advertise Shredded Wheat, a new clan has swept into the fevered imagination of its advertising agency: the Majors.

A proposed new advert for the breakfast cereal would follow a similar format to the old one, which depicted England's triumphant football coach sitting at the table with his wife, Anne and their offspring, Zara, 11, Jamie, five, and Zoe, 14. This was pulled last week



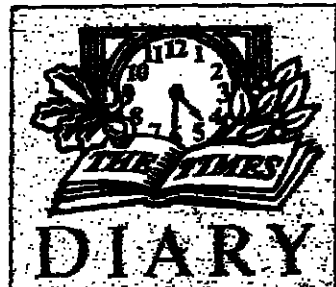
"Switch on the light for me, I'm saving energy"

after Hoddle and his wife separated. It is hoped that the Majors' two children, Elizabeth, 25 and James, 22, would appear in the remake, although they have both long since left home.

"The Majors are an ideal family unit," says a voice at the advertising agency, McCann-Erickson. "They are not going to appear on your television screens shortly, but we are working on strategies where we would consider them."

An approach has yet to be made but that is likely to change. How it will be received by Major remains to be seen. Another problem for Nestlé, makers of the stuff, is the domestic situation of Master James: he is renowned for his friendship with an older woman.

● A TRICKY one for that masterful political operator, Lord Wakeham. The chairman of the Press Complaints Commission has been appointed as Deputy-Lieuten-



ant of Hampshire, making him a representative of the Queen in that county. Now he might be asked to adjudicate in disputes about royal coverage. It is a good job Lord W is such an honourable man, otherwise cynics might suggest a conflict of interest.

Salty tale

THE bracing air of Brighton has inspired Labour MPs representing coastal seats. Blackpool South MP Gordon Marsden has set up the Backbench Seaside Group, which will promote the delights of life *sur la plage*. MPs will be bringing their buckets and spades to the inaugural meeting next month. Unfortunately, Marsden is determined to kick sand in the face of

Tory MPs — the group is for Labour Members only. Sir Teddy Taylor, Southend East MP, is aggrieved. "It is very sad. All parties should work together on these issues. I hope Marsden will have second thoughts and invite me," he said from his deckchair.

Stage fright

A London musical about the relationship between Noël Coward and Gertrude Lawrence has dismayed Gertrude's daughter, Pamela Clawworthy. She accuses the production, *Noël and Gertrude*, which just opened at the Jermy Street Theatre, of having "no bearing in reality" and says it "belittles the intricate relationship they shared".

Despite Coward's reputation for dancing on only one side of the stage, his relationship with Lawrence fuelled much contemporary gossip. The musical, written by the ebullient luvvie and Coward biographer Sheridan Morley, has evoked mixed opinions. While Twigg, who is to play the part of Lawrence when the production hits the United States next summer, enthused "I'm loving it", Lord Archer of Weston-super-Mare managed only a few snarls from the seat behind me.

● ENTHUSIASM for the Australian cricket team has failed to permeate Charlotte, North Carolina. At an auction held during the town's annual cricket tournament earlier this month, a bat signed by the Heartaches — a second-league cricket team belonging to the lyricist Tim Rice — raised £400. When a bat signed by the entire Aussie Test side came under the hammer, it raised a meagre £100.

Good taste?

LAST night's launch of LWT's new food show *Dinner Dates* must have surprised television viewers. The hosts of the show are former footballer Lee Chapman and his actress wife Leslie Ash, whose relationship, despite being depicted as the apotheosis of domestic bliss, was shown in the cheaper prints last week to be stormy.

Equally surprised was the proprietor of a chic dating company whose name LWT had borrowed for the title of its show. Hillie Marshall, writer on relationships, agency aunt and proprietor of the *Dinner Dates* company, is concerned that the rather *de trop* programme might damage the reputation of her company. "I was horrified," said Marshall.

"It's such a vulgar-looking effort. My solicitor sent a letter to LWT asking for a disclaimer to be broadcast, or for them to change the name — but they refused. It all seems so unfair."

● ONE hopeful unlikely to reach the Beckenham shortlist is Nicholas Budgen. The former MP spent the Tory conference touting himself around constituency representatives. "I intend to stand in the next by-election," Budgen told me. "I like politics. I'm rather good at it." After supporting Lord Tebbit on race relations? Hmmm.

Spaced out

NEW Labour's battle for office space at overcrowded Westminster continues. "The Tories are holding on to rooms they were allocated for their non-existent MPs," complains Stephen Pound, MP for Ealing North. His advice: "Buy Janet Anderson as many drinks as possible." She is the formidable government whip who hands out offices to MPs. Pound has his eye on Piers Merchant's room, "but I don't know what I'll find in there".

● ANOTHER tough decision for William Hague: should he accept



Kate Winslett: admired

an invitation to join the Prince of Wales at the Royal Gala Film Premiere next month? As Tory leader, he ought to attend but his advisers have pointed out that the film, *Titanic*, billed as the ultimate disaster movie, is bound to lead to more embarrassing headlines. Hague is still keen to go. He has been promised that the starlet Kate Winslett — for whom he has a particular weakness — will be there. Don't tell Pffm, anyone.

JASPER GERARD



INS AND OUTS

How Blair can defend Britain's interests outside EMU

By ruling out entry into the European monetary union for the duration of this Parliament, Tony Blair and Gordon Brown have acted boldly and wisely. They have given Britain time to weigh the biggest transfer of national sovereignty in modern history. They have also averted a serious threat to the credibility, stability and popularity of the new Labour Government. But Mr Blair will continue to be dogged, like every other postwar Prime Minister, by questions about Europe. The most daunting and urgent of these will be about the relationship between Britain and the new single currency zone. When the Prime Minister meets Helmut Kohl this morning he would do well to concentrate on this issue.

Only last week the German Chancellor agreed with France to create an "informal" committee of EMU finance ministers — excluding those of non-EMU countries — which would meet before every official meeting of Ecofin, the European council of economic and finance ministers. This EMU "stability council" would in theory confine its agendas to matters directly relevant to the operation of the single currency zone. In practice, however, federalists who see the single currency as the decisive step towards an economic government of Europe will be tempted to transform the stability council into the real decision-making body, reducing the official Ecofin to a mere rubber stamp. For European federalists this would give EMU an explicit political dimension and create a powerful "political counterweight" to the unaccountable European central bank. It would have the added advantage of excluding from Europe's key economic decisions the "awkward squad" of nationally minded countries, including Britain, which have often acted as a brake on the federalist and interventionist ambitions of Brussels.

Britain obviously cannot prevent the EMU countries meeting to discuss matters of common interest. This does not mean, however, that Mr Blair must accept that a loss of British influence over European policy outside the strictly monetary sphere is now inevitable. Still less should he concede

that EMU must naturally lead to an extension of European economic harmonisation outside the monetary sphere. This is precisely what Herr Kohl, Jacques Santer and other federalist-minded European leaders maintain in private — and will doubtless argue publicly once EMU is launched.

Britain is in a strong position to resist this stepwise encroachment of federalism. Mr Blair has three powerful cards to play. The first is his domestic political popularity, now reinforced by his decision to hold fire on EMU, which gives him a claim to speak as the genuine voice of his people that none of his European counterparts can match. His second advantage is the good performance of the British economy, particularly with regard to employment. This gives credibility to his vision of a decentralised and market-orientated European economy, with the emphasis on policies at the national level to deal with social problems.

Mr Blair's third advantage is less glamorous, but even more important. This is the requirement for unanimity on most of the major decisions of economic governance under the treaties of Rome, Maastricht and Amsterdam. These include any EU attempt to co-ordinate or harmonise policies on taxes, social security and public spending. This gives Britain, along with the other non-EMU countries, an unbeatable trump card for use in future conflicts with any "informal" consensus reached by the proposed EMU stability council. As long as Britain and the other EMU "outs" retain their powers of veto over taxes and other key economic policies, they can resist any tide of economic federalism sweeping out from Germany and the rest of the EMU zone.

Now that Mr Blair has decided to stay out of EMU for the next five years, he must make clear to Herr Kohl and other European leaders that he will have no qualms about using the veto to protect Britain's national interests. Only thus can he defend the ideal of the EU as a community of co-operative but independent nation states — with equal treatment assured to all nations, whether in or out of the single currency zone.

OFF THE MARK

A reformed system should reduce A-level appeals

A fresh cause for complaint about the A-level has been added to criticisms of the content of courses and the debate on whether the rising pass rate reflects stronger performance or weaker standards. Serious flaws have come to light in both the quality of A-level marking and the appeals process. The problems in grading scripts may turn out to be concentrated on certain boards and subjects. But the flaws in the appeals procedure have relevance across the spectrum.

Examining A-levels is an unusually thankless task, ill-paid and compressed into an extraordinarily short period of time. Allowing for these constraints, many markers perform remarkably well. Yet when errors in A-level assessment stem from either failure to add up marks correctly or the misinterpretation of marking conventions, this is profoundly unsatisfactory. It invites the suspicion that many more errors exist within the machine.

Problems are compounded by the complexity of the current appeals procedure. At present students and schools first petition the board itself. An autonomous figure associated with the board is called in and, if the question is still in dispute, the issue is then referred to the Independent Appeals Authority. A significant number of A-level grades are reassessed at this final stage. The time it takes to go through all these hoops means that students are often left with an undesirable choice. They can accept their initial marks and with it their second choice university. Alternatively, they can endure

the bureaucracy but may need to defer entry for a year as a consequence. Since next year they must contribute to tuition fees, delay now would have financial consequences.

Two innovations are required. At least one if not two stages of the appeal process could be abolished. The examination boards should also abandon their extreme reluctance to allow schools to see contested scripts. A-levels are obviously not public documents. But some cases, head teachers might be less inclined to pursue a protest if they were allowed confidential access to these exam papers. Obsessive confidentiality does not inspire customer confidence.

The boards have every interest in minimising initial error and dealing expeditiously with challenges. Reforms would allow the examiners to return some fire of their own. Noting the rapidly rising number of appeals, the boards suspect that some schools automatically appeal if the mark awarded falls short of that which teachers predicted. They argue that the possibility that the original estimate or the examination performance, not the assessment, is at fault is rarely given enough weight.

In some instances, the examiners surely have a case. But until the appeals procedure is restructured these arguments will not receive much attention. The A-level is supposed to be the "gold standard" of this country's education. The Labour Government is not wholly convinced. That is all the more reason, in everyone's interest, to address failings in the system.

SHAKESPEARE'S MEAN STREETS

The Bard sets out to get under the skin of sport

A famous skit in *Beyond the Fringe* had a worthy clergyman say "We must get violence off the streets — and into the Church, where it belongs." Thirty years on, the Royal Shakespeare Company is putting good money into doing just that for the Bard. Nineties lads, the RSC has discovered, are not buying tickets. The idea is to tempt them in by convincing them that there is as much blood and guts in Shakespeare as in the most violent movie.

The RSC scored a hit with a poster for *Coriolanus*, featuring a blood-soaked Toby Stephens as a "natural born killer" and thoroughly modern yobbo. Now, it is hitting newspaper sports pages with action-man advertisements designed "to relate to men on their own level". Yorick's skull doubles as a football — a theme adapted from a larger advertisement by Carling, sponsor of the FA Premiership. Agincourt becomes an "away game" which was literally a matter of "life and death". *Stiffen the sinews, summon up the blood: all the pitch is a stage.*

Faced with the RSC's marketing problems, Shakespeare, a ruthlessly commercial playwright who slipped scenes to make the "groundlings" hold their sides into the taintest tragedy, would probably have done the same. The RSC runs some risk of overkill. It is stretching a point to present Hamlet as just another young man with today's problems; he may have come from a broken home, but it had battlements, not to mention a family ghost. As for Henry V, it is hard to

imagine a football coach telling the team, as Henry did when rallying the troops before Harfleur, that "In peace there's nothing so becomes a man / As modest stillness and humility". And before Lear's madness can glue them to their seats, the lads will have to get past the play's less than trendy opening line: "I thought the King had more affected the Duke of Albany than Cornwall."

But Macbeth is as vicious a serial murderer as any on the screen, his wife packs more "girl power" than any Spice, and the blinding of Gloucester is as sickening as any celluloid torture scene. If the campaign persuades art-shy lads to give the plays another shot they will rediscover what many of them once knew in school, that for fast-paced, tense scripts Shakespeare is unbeaten.

The Bard is just right for "new lads" in other ways, too. No qualifications, no job? Blame society, like Caliban: "You taught me language; and my profit on't / Is, I know how to curse." A tough business deal? *The Merchant of Venice* has a trick or two about how to make a contract accident-proof, even if it does skate close to the law. Trouble with girls? Take lessons from *The Taming of the Shrew*, but then make up with Othello's haunting "I do love thee and when I love thee not, / Chaos is come again" — and hope that she, unlike you, hasn't seen the play to the end. The RSC's campaign will be a "poor thing" if it stops with action man; there is as much violence in love as in war; and Shakespeare knew this better than Hollywood.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

Fences to be jumped if 'first past the post' is abandoned

From Professor Emeritus Francis West

Sir, Sir Robin Day ("Not quite first past the post", October 15), in arguing the case for the Alternative Vote (AV) in parliamentary elections over the Single Transferable Vote (STV), proposes three modifications to the system: reduce the weight of preference votes of lower-scoring candidates; confine preferences to the four highest; and exclude the preferences of any candidate gaining less than 3 per cent of the votes cast.

Perhaps these modifications would make AV simpler, but they would not ensure Sir Robin's aim that candidates should not be elected on a minority vote. To the contrary. If some preferences are limited and others excluded, it is perfectly possible for a candidate to be elected on less than 50 per cent of the votes cast — a situation which could only be avoided if the voter were required to express preferences as regards every one of the candidates on the ballot paper. Even then, unless there is compulsory voting, a winning candidate may well have less than 50 per cent of registered voters.

No doubt the proposed commission on voting systems will look at the Australian model for the House of Representatives.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,
FRANCIS WEST
(Professor Emeritus of History and Government,
Deakin University, Australia),
Churchill College, Cambridge,
October 16.

From Mr David Prockter

Sir, Sir Robin Day gives only one valid reason why we should introduce the Alternative Vote system — the fact that "it would... be fairer than first-past-the-post, under which many MPs can be elected even though more votes have been cast against them than for them".

In an attempt to eliminate such cases, AV sets out to discover which candidate the "non-for" voters are least against. But, although Sir Robin describes the system as "simplicity itself", with his proposed additions it would involve such a palaver that it is hard to see how the voters could possibly predict the consequences of their choices.

It would be more conclusive to introduce a simple last-past-the-post system in which electors were asked to put their cross against the name of the candidate they would least like to see elected. The candidate with the fewest votes would then be returned on one straightforward count and fairness would be seen to have been done.

On the other hand, we could leave well alone.

Yours faithfully,
DAVID PROCKTER,
36 London Road,
Marlborough, Wiltshire,
October 15.

From Professor Vernon Bogdanor, FBA

Sir, The Alternative Vote system is used to elect the Australian lower house. It has produced outcomes even more erratic than those occurring under our own first-past-the-post system.

In 1954, Labor won just over 50 per cent of first-preference votes, but the Liberal/Country Party coalition, which gained just 47 per cent of first preferences, was returned to power. In 1961, Labor won 48 per cent of first-preference votes, but its Liberal/Country Party opponents were again returned to power on just 42 per cent of first-preference votes.

In 1977, Labor yet again won a greater number of first-preference votes than any other party, but the Liberals, with just 38 per cent of first preferences, gained an overall majority of seats, and the Liberal-National coalition controlled two thirds of the

seats on 48 per cent of the vote. In 1990, by contrast, Labor won an overall majority of seats, although gaining nearly 4 per cent fewer first-preference votes than the Liberal-National coalition.

Sir Robin argues that under STV "you are liable to have permanent coalition government". Yet, in the Irish Republic, where this system operates, there has been single-party government for around half the period since Irish independence, and single-party majority government for around a quarter of that period.

There is nothing whatever to stop voters, under STV or any other proportional system, from giving a single party a majority, provided that 50 per cent, or nearly 50 per cent, are prepared to vote for it. A system which allows the largest minority, or, as in Australia, the second-largest minority, to enjoy an absolute majority in the legislature, seems to me the very antithesis of democratic government.

Yours faithfully,
VERNON BOGDANOR,
Brasenose College, Oxford,
October 15.

From Mr Oliver Morton

Sir, Sir Robin Day wrongly states that the Single Transferable Vote system cannot be used for by-elections.

An STV election could be held in a multi-member constituency that has lost one of its MPs. The remaining MPs, who do not contest the empty seat, are then joined by the first candidate to pass the 50 per cent mark.

Such a one-candidate version of STV would be quite fair, and effectively identical to the Alternative Vote system preferred by Sir Robin.

Yours faithfully,
OLIVER MORTON,
142 Greenwich High Road,
Greenwich, SE10,
abq72@pop.dial.pipex.com,
October 15.

Carey's comments require reflection

From the Reverend David Dale

Sir, Dr Carey's comments (report, October 14) suggest to me a misunderstanding of the nature of liturgy and evangelism and will encourage priests to break their promise only to use authorised liturgies. Acts of worship which are not built upon doctrinal orthodoxy, but rather upon what will entice the largest number into church, or anywhere else, are precisely what is causing the dissolution of Anglican identity and the decline in average Sunday attendances.

Evangelism is not a matter of providing what the man on the Clapham omnibus will swallow — performed, I suppose, on the top deck of the Clapham omnibus. It is exciting Christ in doctrinally sound liturgy and preaching, which issue in holiness of life.

In this parish, which uses the Book of Common Prayer twice each Sunday and Rite B from the Alternative Service Book once, and which has no truck with heterodox high jinks, the average Sunday attendance (which includes people of all ages, status and income) has grown by over 50 per cent in five years. Orthodoxy — the true glory of man in Christ — works. It should be encouraged, not constantly criticised and talked down.

The ill-considered religious activity conducted in bizarre venues which has been urged upon us during the same five years has caused average Sunday attendances, in general, to plummet: it simply does not work.

Yours faithfully,
DAVID DALE,
All Saints' Vicarage,
Ryde, Isle of Wight,
October 14.

From the Reverend John Wynburne

Sir, The Archbishop's encouragement to take church services into the pubs, supermarkets and onto the streets needs careful reflection. While it is mistaken to confine the presence of God to any building, holy places have always been set apart for worship.

In the midst of commercial, industrial and residential premises, the church building offers us a signal of transcendence, a window upon God. We can indeed worship God anywhere, providing that the context of that worship serves... our hearts and minds to a spiritual dimension and facilitates encounter with the divine.

Yours sincerely,
J. P. B. WYNBURNE,
The Rectory, Wycombe End,
Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire,
October 14.

In the beginning...

From Mr Keith Brace

Sir, The opening sentence from Ford Madox (one "d") Ford's *The Good Soldier* might perhaps have made the list of striking opening lines in *The Oxford Dictionary of Literary Quotations* (Jenners, October 18), had it been quoted correctly.

It is not "This is the greatest story I've ever heard" — as Sue Arnold is said to have quoted it (report, October 13) — but "This is the saddest story I have ever heard".

Yours sincerely,
KEITH BRACE,
Greenbank, Frogmore Road,
Snitterfield, Warwickshire,
October 13.

Snap judgment

From Mr B. W. Ravenscroft

Sir, Mr D. B. Gurrey (letter, October 15) inquires about matrimonial decisions. When we married, nearly 40 years ago, we decided that I should make the major decisions and my wife the minor ones. Moreover, I was to decide which was which.

It has worked perfectly ever since.

And I remain, yours sincerely,
B. W. RAVENSCROFT,
Bramble, St John's Park,
Menston, Ilkley, West Yorkshire.
PS: I have my wife's permission to send this.

From Mrs Penny Granger

Sir, Mr Gurrey might like to consider the rule that applies in this household: those who have contributed the most to preparing the meal are excused washing-up duty. But last-minute offers to lay the table do not count towards exemption.

Yours faithfully,
PENNY GRANGER,
88 Queen Edith's Way, Cambridge,
p.r.granger@dial.pipex.com,
October 15.

Heard on the High

From Mr Jonathan Lamb

Sir, The Reverend David Copley's letter (October 17) on learned conversations overheard in Oxford streets brings to mind the contributor to a radio programme some years ago who said he had seen two gowned figures approaching him on the High, deep in conversation.

As they passed him he heard only two words: "And ninthly..."

Your obedient servant,
J. C. LAMB,
The United Oxford and Cambridge University Club,
71 Pall Mall, SW1,
October 17.

Global warming

From Dr David Carson

Sir, In response to Nigel Hawkes's question "Is the Earth really getting hotter?" (Mind and Matter, October 13), we can answer without demur "yes".

The temperature rise of about 0.6°C recorded close to the Earth's surface over the last century is simulated by climate models when all the factors which influence climate are taken into account, not just greenhouse gases.

Once the interfering effects of El Niño warming and volcanic cooling are subtracted from the satellite record, there remains a small upward trend in global temperature. This trend is smaller than at the surface, but deducing trends from only 18 years of satellite observations is very difficult.

Climate models do not require, as Hawkes suggests, that the temperature of the lower atmosphere is determined by a balance between incoming solar radiation and outgoing infrared radiation; in the real world heat is also transported by convection and evaporation, and the models represent this.

We certainly would not wish to pretend that we have all the answers, but the state of our knowledge is not as bleak as Hawkes makes out, and it is wrong of him to suggest that "most experts... disregard" satellite data.

DAVID CARSON
(Director),
Hadley Centre for Climate Prediction and Research,
Meteorological Office,
London Road, Bracknell, Berkshire,
djc@meteo.gov.uk,
October 13.

Llamas on patrol

From Mr Paul L. Rose

Sir, Malcolm Smith's article in *Weekend* (October 11) on the Forestry Commission's report, *Foxes and Forestry*, highlights the depressing conclusion that the fox population can never be significantly reduced. Yet in its quest for a solution to the problem of predation of lambs and poultry by foxes, the commission's report apparently overlooks one of the most successful methods yet devised.

In the United States, farmers have found that the inclusion of a gelding llama into their sheep flocks as a guard dramatically reduces losses of stock from predators as varied as foxes, coyotes and even bears. The llama has the advantages of being economic, enjoyable and easy to keep, as well as being highly effective.

In a study conducted by Iowa State University among over 200 farms with serious predation problems, it was found that the inclusion of a llama in the flock reduced losses from an average of 21 per cent to 7 per cent. The main cause of failure, where it occurred, was the very extensive ranges the llama had to protect, a difficulty less likely to be encountered in the UK.

Indeed, of the farmers to whom we have supplied a llama for this purpose in England, all have reported lamb losses from predation completely eliminated.

Yours faithfully,
PAUL L. ROSE,
The Cotswold Llama Farm,
Temple Guiting, Gloucestershire,
October 13.

The case for reviewing homicide law

From Mr B. J. Mitchell

Sir, May I echo the call made by Sir Louis Blom-Cooper, QC, and Professor Terence Morris, in their letter of October 10, for a review of the law of homicide, especially as regards the two principal crimes of murder and manslaughter?

Notwithstanding reports made by the Criminal Law Revision Committee (1980) and a House of Lords select committee (1989), a number of important questions remain, including: Is the law right to say that in order to be convicted killers who commit the worst homicides (murder) need not intend to kill, provided they intend to seriously injure?

Are there two separate offences — gross negligence manslaughter and reckless manslaughter — or does the former encompass the latter? The need for a clearer definition of the former is paramount.

What is the true meaning of the "loss of self-control" requirement? Why should the provocation be in the form of human conduct? What is its relationship with diminished responsibility manslaughter? (Defendants not uncommonly plead both, yet legal theory suggests the two are mutually exclusive.)

Virtual libraries

From Mr R. Conrad

Sir, You report on October 11 (see also letters, October 16) that "Every public library in Britain should provide access to the Internet" under a plan backed by Tony Blair.

The day before, *The Oxford Times* reported: "A pioneering computer centre [in the Westgate Library] intended to help people overcome their fear of new technology is shutting on October 18 — just six months after a grand opening by a government minister. Too few people were using... [it]."

Wrong Government?

Yours faithfully,
R. CONRAD,
22 Hartley Court,
Woodstock Road, Oxford,
r.conrad@btinternet.com,
October 16.

Technology in schools

From the Reverend Andy McMullon

Sir, As a first and middle school governor with responsibilities for computing and information technology, I believe we should by all means take advantage of Mr Bill Gates's interest in education, but I agree with your leading article's concerns (October 8; see also letters, October 15) that at the same time we should take steps to safeguard against the potential dangers of putting too much power into a single pair of corporate hands.

The best way to ensure this is to insist that all the interests involved in the provision of technology (both hardware and software) and educational content (Internet or CD-based) provide open systems which can be fully integrated alongside the others into the Web-education that Mr Blair wants our children to have.

Yours faithfully,
ANDY McMULLON,
95 Airfield Road, Upper Marham,
King's Lynn, Norfolk,
skypilot@bigfoot.com

How should the law deal with mercy killing or euthanasia? There is a wealth of evidence to show that large numbers of people do not want this to be treated as murder, and the current practice of relying on sympathetic psychiatrists to support a diminished responsibility plea is unfair and unsatisfactory.

In addition, my own recent research suggests that various parts of the law and sentencing are out of step with public opinion, which may help to explain why court verdicts do not always reflect legal theory.

The present law has evolved in a largely piecemeal fashion: what is needed is a wholesale review of the homicide law, including fundamental principles.

The fact that we are fortunate in having relatively few homicides compared, say, to the United States, is no reason for refusing to tackle such an important set of problems.

Yours faithfully,
B. J. MITCHELL,
(Reader in Criminal Justice),
School of International
Studies and Law,
Coventry University,
Priory Street, Coventry,
October 13.

Drink-drive limit

From Mr J. M. Jones

Sir, Mr Hugh Johnson (letter, October 15) claims that lowering the blood-alcohol limit would impoverish the lives of people living in rural areas.

Are we to understand that driving round country lanes and roads while under the influence of alcohol does something to enrich the lives of people living in these areas?

If, as he possibly means, these individuals' only source of solace and contact with the rest of humanity is the local public house, or dining out with friends, could they not take turns with a partner or friend to do the driving but not drink alcohol?

Yours sincerely,
J. M. JONES,
36 Hippodroomlaan,
B-1933 Sterrebeek, Belgium,
October 15.

Saxon warhorse

From Mr Anthony Maynard

Sir, We too have excavated an East Anglian horse burial this year (report and leading article, October 8; letters, October 11), amid Anglo-Saxon skeletons, as part of a long-term village project involving students at all levels from primary school to postgraduate, and the interested public. That is archaeology.

We do, though, have our sensitivities, and intend ultimately to re-inter the skeletons at the site and erect a suitable memorial.

Yours faithfully,
ANTHONY MAYNARD
(Trustee),
Sedgeford Historical and
Archaeological Research Project,
Hill Farm, Church Lane,
Sedgeford, Norfolk,
October 11.

Letters for publication may be faxed to 0171-782 5046.
e-mail to: letters@the-times.co.uk



COURT CIRCULAR

BUCKINGHAM PALACE

October 18: The Queen, Patron, the Leonard Cheshire Foundation, this morning visited the Cheshire Home, Chesham, and met residents, supporters and staff.

Her Majesty and The Duke of Edinburgh later attended a Reception at Cottingham (Deputy High Commissioner's residence), Chennai.

His Royal Highness this morning attended the Chennai and Bangalore UK Business Association Reception at Westminster House, Chennai, and subsequently visited Hardy Exploration and Production Ltd.

The Queen and The Duke of Edinburgh this afternoon left Chennai (Madras) Airport for London.

Her Majesty and His Royal Highness, attended by the Countess of Arlue, the Lady Elton, the Rt Hon Sir Robert Fellowes, Major General Sir Simon Cooper, Mr Robin Jarman, Mr Geoffrey Crawford, Surgeon Captain David Swain RN, Air Commodore the Hon Timothy Elworthy, Lieutenant Commander Toby Williamson RN and Brigadier Miles Hunt-Davis, arrived at Heathrow Airport, London, this evening from India and were received at the Airport by the Earl of Arlue KT (Lord Chamberlain) and Mrs Linda Hudson (Duty Manager, Heathrow Airport).

BUCKINGHAM PALACE

October 18: The Princess Royal, Visiting, Sarawak, Borneo, represented by the Lady Margaret Tennant at the Memorial Service for Mr Thomas Scott (former Director) which was held in Greyfriars Kirk, Edinburgh, this morning.

CLARENCE HOUSE

October 18: Miss Jane Walker-Owens has succeeded the Hon Mrs Rhodes as Lady in Waiting to Queen Elizabeth The Queen Mother.

KENSINGTON PALACE

October 18: The Princess Margaret, Countess of Snowdon, was present this evening at a Gala Performance of Handel's *Messiah* at the Banqueting House, Whitehall, London, SW1, given in aid of Help the Hospices and in thanking for hospice care throughout the world.

KENSINGTON PALACE

October 18: The Duke and Duchess of Gloucester this morning were received by The Amir of the

State of Bahrain

(Shaikh Isa bin Salman Al Khalifa) and the Prime Minister (Shaikh Khalifa bin Salman Al Khalifa) at Government House, Manama.

Later Their Royal Highnesses visited the Bahrain Red Crescent Society Manama.

The Duke of Gloucester afterwards attended a presentation of the South Hild Port Project at the Ministry of Works and Agriculture and later visited Shaikh Isa bin Ali House, Muharraq.

The Duchess of Gloucester visited Salmaniya Hospital.

Afterwards The Duke and Duchess of Gloucester were entertained to luncheon by The Crown Prince of the State of Bahrain and later visited Shaikh Isa bin Ali House, Muharraq.

This afternoon Their Royal Highnesses visited the Bahrain National Museum.

The Duke of Gloucester later visited the Royal Air Force detachment at Muharraq.

The Duchess of Gloucester visited the British Council, Manama.

This evening Their Royal Highnesses were entertained to Dinner by The Amir of the State of Bahrain at Gudubiyah Palace.

YORK HOUSE

ST JAMES'S PALACE

October 18: The Duke of Kent, Vice Chairman, the British Overseas Airways Board, this afternoon left Heathrow Airport, London, for Seoul, Korea.

Mr Nicolas Adamson is in attendance.

The Duchess of Kent, Patron, British Telecommunications, visited for Hospices 1997, this evening attended a performance of the *Messiah* in Southwark Cathedral, London SE1.

THATCHED HOUSE LODGE

RICHMOND PARK

October 18: Princess Alexandra, accompanied by the Rt Hon Sir Angus Ogilvy, this morning visited the 'Adventure with Wallace and Gromit' exhibition at the Art and Design Museum, London SE1.

Her Royal Highness and Sir Angus Ogilvy this afternoon toured the Phoenix Central Library and later visited the Zandra Rhodes exhibition, 'The Surface and Beyond', in the Phoenix Art Museum, North Central Avenue, Phoenix.

Princess Alexandra and the Rt Hon Sir Angus Ogilvy this evening

attended the 'Culture Shock'

Compass Dinner at the Phoenix Heritage and Science Park, BUCKINGHAM PALACE

October 18: The Duke of York, Admiral, Sea Cadet Corps, today took the salute at the Sea Cadet Corps Trafalgar Parade, Trafalgar Square, London WC2.

KENSINGTON PALACE

October 19: The Duke and Duchess of Gloucester this morning departed the State of Bahrain for the State of Qatar and were received on arrival by Her Majesty's Ambassador to the State of Qatar (His Excellency Mr David Wright).

His Royal Highness was later received and entertained to Luncheon by the Amir of the State of Qatar (Shaikh Hamad bin Khalifa Al Thani) at the Amiri Diwan, Doha.

Her Royal Highness visited the Shaikh Khalifa Tennis Complex.

This afternoon The Duke and Duchess of Gloucester visited the private art gallery of Shaikh Hassan bin Mohammed Al Thani and later visited the British Council, Doha.

Their Royal Highnesses this evening attended a Reception followed by Dinner given by Her Majesty's Ambassador and Mrs Wright at the British Embassy.

THATCHED HOUSE LODGE

RICHMOND PARK

October 19: Princess Alexandra, accompanied by the Rt Hon Sir Angus Ogilvy, this morning attended the Annual Memorial Service in honour of those Allied Aircrew who lost their lives at Falcott Field during the Second World War and laid a Wreath at Mesa Cemetery, Phoenix, Arizona, United States of America.

Her Royal Highness and Sir Angus Ogilvy later attended a Reception given by the British Consul General and Mrs Merrick Baker-Bates at the Mesa Pavilion Hilton Hotel, Mesa, Phoenix.

For members of the British community and supporters of the UK/AZ Festival.

Princess Alexandra and the Rt Hon Sir Angus Ogilvy subsequently departed Phoenix for Orange County, Southern California.

Her Royal Highness and Sir Angus Ogilvy this evening attended a Dinner given by the World Affairs Council of Orange County at the Balboa Bay Club, Newport Beach, Orange County.

Birthdays today

Sir James Ackers, former chairman, West Midlands Regional Health Authority, 62; Sir Colin Barker, former chairman, British Technology Group, 71; Mr Hume Boggis-Rolle, former deputy secretary, Lord Chancellor's Office, 86; Sir Edwin Bolland, former diplomat, 75; the Hon Chris Coudrey, cricketer, 40; Professor Sir Bernard Cussins, FRCS, mechanical engineer, 78; Mr Lawrence Daly, trade unionist, 73; Professor Sir Douglas Hague, former chairman, Economic and Social Research Council, 71; the Very Rev James Harkness, former Moderator of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, 62; Mr Austin Kark, former managing director, BBC External Services, 71; Mr Eddie Macken, showjumper, 48; Judge Deirdre McKinney, 69; Miss Enid Marx, painter and designer, 95; Mr J.G. Milne, former science lead, Lieutenant of Dumfries and Galloway, 81; Lord Montagu of Beaulieu, 71; Sir Anthony Reeve, diplomat, 59; Mr Ian Rush, footballer, 36; Professor S.B. Saul, former Vice-Chancellor, York University, 73; Sir Alexander Stirling, former diplomat, 71; the Hon Emma Tennant, writer, 60; Mr Timothy West, actor, 63.

Anniversaries

BIRTHS: Sir Christopher Wren, architect, 1632; Henry John Temple, 3rd Viscount Palmerston, Prime Minister 1855-58 and 1859-65, Broadlands, Hampshire, 1784; Colin Campbell, Baron Clyde, 1st Marquess, 1802; Thomas Hughes, author of *Tom Brown's School Days*, 1827; Odell Redon, painter, Bordeaux, 1840; Arthur Rimbaud, poet, Charleville, France, 1854.

DEATHS: Jacopo Della Quercia, sculptor, Bologna, 1438; William Wallington, philosopher, London, 1724; Grace Darling, heroine of the Forthshire wreck, Bamborough, Northumberland, 1842; Sir Richard Burton, explorer and scholar, Trieste, 1894; James Anthony Smith, Nobel Peace laureate 1934, London, 1935.

King George I was crowned, 1714.

Royal engagements

The Duke of Edinburgh, as Trustee, will attend a meeting of the trustees of the Prince Philip Trust Fund for the Royal Order of Windsor and Maidenhead at Eton College, Berkshire, at 5.45; and will attend a Royal Charity Gala at the Farrier Theatre, at 8.10.



Athena Onassis, right, 13-year-old heir to the Onassis shipping fortune, was one of the bridesmaids to Eugenie Livanos, whose marriage to Nicholas Clive-Worms, a banker, was blessed at the Church of St Mary Magdalene, Woodstock, Oxfordshire, on Saturday

Memorial service

Professor Kenneth Allen, former Professor of Nuclear Structure at Oxford, which was held yesterday in the Chapel of Balliol College. The Rev H.D. Dupree officiated. Mr Keith Willis, Senior Bursar and Fellow of Magdalen College, read the lesson and Dr Elspeth Carman read from *The Prophet* by Khalil Gibran. Mr Michael Allen, son, paid tribute and Professor A.E. Litherland, FRCS, University, Toronto, gave an address.

Among others present were Mrs Allen (widow), Dr Christopher Allen (son), Mrs Michael Allen (daughter-in-law), William and Philip Allen (grandsons), the Senior Pro-Rector of New College, the Junior Pro-Rector of Oriel College and the Vice-Chancellor, the Vice-Master and other Fellows of Balliol College with many friends and former colleagues.

Deirdre Lady Montagu was a service of thanksgiving for the life of Deirdre Lady Montagu will be held on Wednesday, November 12, at 10.30am at Our Lady of Mount Carmel and St Simon's Church, Kensington Church Street, London, W8.

Bill Christie
A Memorial Service for Eric William Hunter Christie will be held in Lincoln's Inn Chapel on Tuesday, November 25, 1997, at 5.00pm.

Nature notes

AS THE leaves fall, the flocks of foraging titmice in the trees become easier to see. Blue tits and long-tailed tits hang upside down to get at insects under the twigs. Great tits constantly drop down to the ground to feed on the newly fallen beechmast. Coal tits are the noisiest, with their thin, explosive calls: they can be distinguished by their black cap and white nape. The tits are sometimes joined by goldcrests, nuthatches, or even a late willow warbler still lingering before going back for the winter to Africa. Short-eared owls from the Continent are arriving in salt marshes and lonely pastures along the eastern side of Britain.

Many more trees are changing colour. Field maple leaves are pink and yellow, while the heavily veined leaves of dogwood are a deep purple. Bright crimson pink. Rowans, or mountain ash trees, are rapidly eating up the red berries. A few peacock butterflies are still on the wing. Female garden spiders are abandoning their webs to lay clusters of eggs in the eaves.

Schools news

Leaving College
To mark the College's 150th Anniversary Year in 1998, two major scholarships are to be awarded. One is open to a Sixth Form boy or girl and the other to a 'Third Form' boy for the duration of their time at Lancing. Examinations for the Sixth Form Scholarship will take place in November 1997 and for the Third Form in Spring 1998. The award will take effect from Advent Term 1998.

Old Eborian Association
The Old Eborian Association will be publishing a new edition of the List of Members at the end of the year. Members who have not heard from the OEA lately, or who have changed their addresses, are invited to send details, before October 31, 1997, to the Clerk, Old Eborian Association, Eton College, Windsor, SL4 6DB. Fax: 01753 671833.

Sternberg Centre for Judaism

The Ambassador of Israel was the speaker at the Sternberg Centre in Finchley yesterday to mark the Festival of Reform Judaism. Sir Sigmund Sternberg presided.

Service dinner

St King's No 2 T Force OCA, Mr P.V. Moore, Chairman of the 5th King's No 2 T Force Old Comrades Association, presided at the annual dinner held on Saturday evening at Guildhall, Sir Francis McWilliams, Mr Alex Hay and Mr Graham Cass also spoke.

Forthcoming marriages

Mr R.E.B. Barnett and Miss K.T. Woodroffe
The engagement is announced between Raymond, elder son of Mr and Mrs Ray Barnett, of Hampton-in-Arden, and Kane, eldest daughter of Mr and Mrs John Woodroffe, of Roehampton, London.

Mr N.J.A. Chapman and Miss K.G.R. de Robeck
The engagement is announced between Nicholas, second son of Mr and Mrs Andrew Chapman, of Langford, Bedfordshire, and Gumiella, elder daughter of Caroline, Baroness de Robeck, of Nass, Co Killarney, Ireland and the late Martin, 7th Baron de Robeck.

Mr R. Wyatt and Miss C.L. Connell
The engagement is announced between Robert, son of Mr Wesley Wyatt, of Fitzhead, Somerset, and Mrs Evelyn Mary Wyatt, of Crofton, Somerset, and Clara, younger daughter of Mr and Mrs Robert Connell, of Bampton, Devon.

Marriages

Mr S.H.R. Lubbock and Miss M.C. Yates
The marriage took place on Saturday, October 11, at St Mary's Church, Steple Bumpstead, between Mr Stephen Henry Ralph Lubbock, son of Mr John Lubbock and Mrs Ann Powell, and Miss Melissa Caroline Yates, eldest daughter of Mr and Mrs Ian Yates. The Rev Gordon Mansfield officiated.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, was attended by Miss Annabel Yates and Miss Elizabeth Lubbock. Mr Daniel Berners was best man. The honeymoon is being spent abroad.

Mr A.E.M. Stratton and Miss L.J. Towler
The marriage took place on Saturday, October 18, at the Church of St Laurence, Brundall, Norfolk, of Mr Andrew Stratton, to Miss Lucy Towler.

A reception was held at Witton Old Rectory, Norwich, and the honeymoon will be spent abroad.

Dinners

Old Oakhamian Club
Mr Anthony Little, Headmaster of Oakham School, was the guest of honour at the annual dinner of the Old Oakhamian Club held on Saturday at the school, Mrs Jane Sly, president, was in the chair.

Theydon Bois Golf Club
Mr P.J. Davies, Captain of the Theydon Bois Golf Club, presided at the anniversary dinner held on Saturday evening at Guildhall, Sir Francis McWilliams, Mr Alex Hay and Mr Graham Cass also spoke.

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DEATHS

WATSON - On October 15th, 1997, at 10.15am, after a long illness, Mrs Watson, 82, died peacefully at home.

BIRTHS

WINTERBURN - On 1st October, to Mr and Mrs (John and Jane) Winterburn, a son, John, 7lb 10oz.

WINTERBURN - On 15th October, to Mr and Mrs (John and Jane) Winterburn, a daughter, Jane, 7lb 10oz.

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OBITUARIES

ROBERTO C. GOIZUETA

Roberto C. Goizueta, chairman and chief executive of the Coca-Cola Company since 1981, died in Atlanta from lung cancer on October 15 aged 65. He was born in Havana, Cuba, on November 18, 1931.

Coca-Cola is not so much a fizzy drink, more a way of life — or so its advertising campaigns would have us believe. It was certainly that for Roberto Goizueta. He devoted almost the whole of his 43-year career to its sale and manufacture, and in his 16 years as head of the Coca-Cola Company ensured that "the Real Thing" saw off all its rivals in the fiercely competitive "cola wars".

His 1981 appointment as chairman and chief executive was a surprise to many observers, but he proved ideally suited to the post. A Cuban refugee from Castro's communism, he was energetic in promoting the American dream of which Coca-Cola, thanks to brilliant marketing, had become an essential part. The company he took over was hidebound, disorganised and in danger of losing its way. With a mixture of ruthlessness and inspiration, he reasserted its supremacy in the global market, pushing corporate profits to new heights and in the process becoming hugely wealthy on his own account.

The son of a prosperous Cuban family with interests in the sugar industry, Roberto Crispulo Goizueta was educated at a Jesuit college in Havana, a private preparatory school in Connecticut, and at Yale, where he read chemical engineering from 1948 to 1953. Back in Cuba he worked briefly for the family business, before joining the Coca-Cola Co in Havana as technical director in 1954.

He remained there until 1960 when, in the aftermath of Fidel Castro's communist revolution, he left to take up a job with Coca-Cola in Nassau. Leaving his family wealth behind, he settled permanently in the US in 1961, arriving in Miami with \$40 in cash and 100 Coca-Cola shares (which

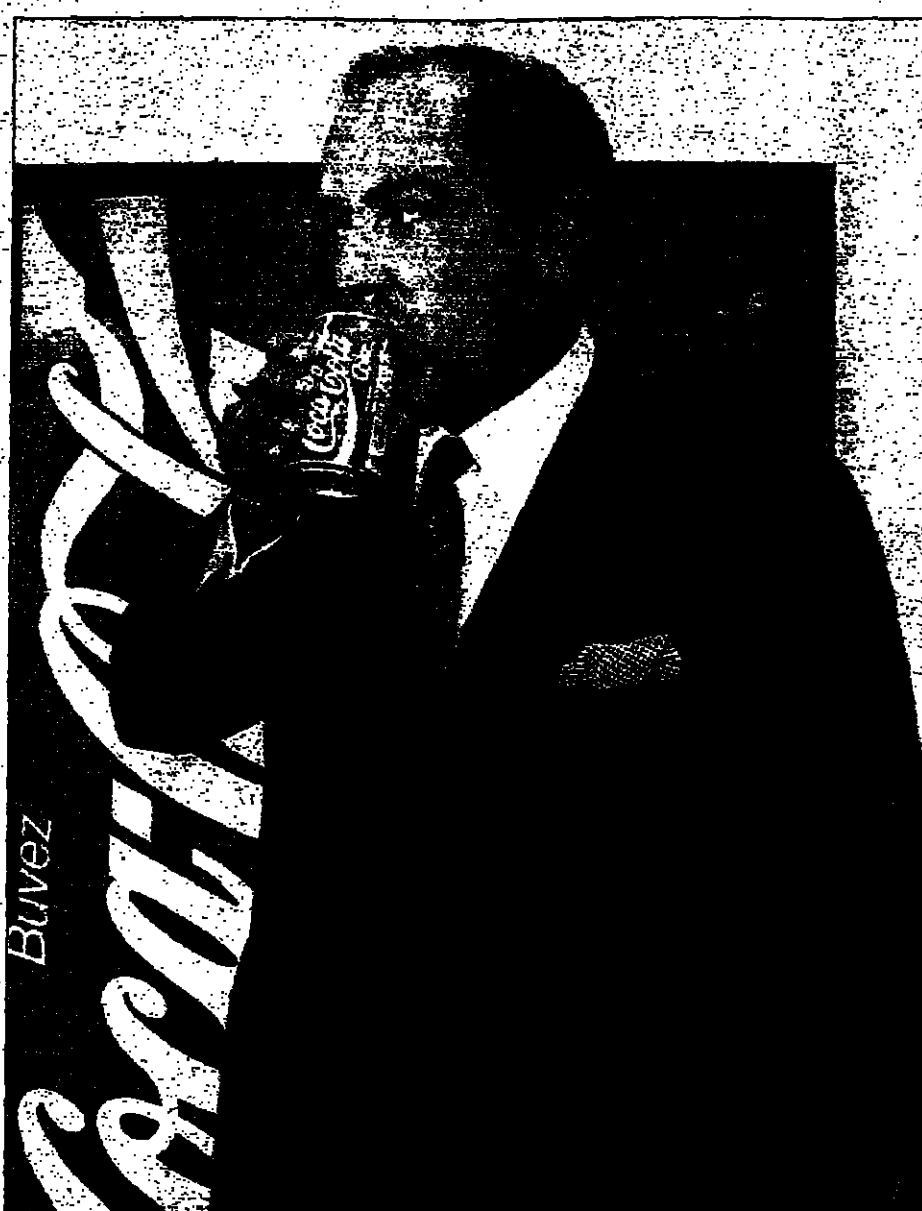
would now be worth some \$3 million). Losing everything, he later said, had helped him to develop self-assurance.

At Coca-Cola, his rise through the ranks was steady but unspectacular. In 1964 he moved to the company headquarters in Atlanta and went on to hold a succession of unglamorous posts in research and development and corporate affairs before being appointed, ahead of several more high-profile rivals, to succeed J. Paul Austin as chief executive in 1981. Largely unknown outside the company, he owed his appointment to the patronage of Coca-Cola's eminence grise, the 90-year-old former chairman Robert Woodruff.

Once in post, Goizueta set about transforming the moribund company, which had seen its stock price steadily slump as its energetic rival PepsiCo gained ever more ground at Coca-Cola's expense. Where Austin had been a reserved, retiring figure, shunning publicity and presiding over a corporate culture that was conservative to the point of complacency, the new chairman took an altogether more dynamic approach.

He sold off unprofitable parts of the Coca-Cola empire, developed new products, rethought the brand image, ruthlessly streamlined bottling and distribution, and pushed into emerging markets such as India, China and Eastern Europe. He even bought Columbia Pictures (part of its price) for \$700 million in 1982, selling it for more than \$1.5 billion to Sony some seven years later. His tactics saw his company's market value rise from less than \$5 billion in 1981 to almost \$150 billion this year.

The development of new products was perhaps his most startling — almost shocking — innovation. His predecessors had long felt that any expansion of the company's range of soft drinks would weaken the appeal of its artfully branded and instantly recognisable core product. With the successful introduction of Diet Coke in 1982, Goizueta showed that this need not be so. Other new



lines, among them the sports drink PowerAde, a fruit tea and "new age" brands such as Aquarius and Fruitiopia, have since been added to the range.

In 1985, however, Goizueta's passion for innovation got the better of him, prompting one of the most spectacular miscalculations in the history of marketing. In response to increased competition from the sweeter Pepsi brand, he tinkered with the sacred, secret Coca-Cola formula and, amid massive publicity, introduced "New Coke". The public

loathed it, and there was a huge drop in sales before the original recipe was reintroduced as "Classic Coke" after only three months.

Goizueta was fond of quoting the motto of another energetic American entrepreneur, Dr Scholl: "Early to bed, early to rise, work like hell and advertise." Advertising was something he understood particularly well. After all, Coke's status as "the Real Thing" had always owed more to miracles of packaging and promotion than to the legendary unique-

ness of its chemical composition.

For decades Coca-Cola's marketing drive had been dedicated to selling the brand as a worldwide symbol of capitalism at its most benign: the American way of life in a distinctive contoured bottle. International advertising strategy was the responsibility of a single US agency, who produced global campaigns on the principle of "one-sight, one-sound, one-sell".

For Goizueta such tactics were no longer enough in an

increasingly competitive world. Under his direction Coca-Cola began to tailor its marketing to the specific challenges facing different brands in different markets.

Diet Coke, for instance, was quickly repositioned as a glamorous accessory for an active healthy lifestyle, when it had seemed in danger of being marginalised as a slimming aid; it went on to capture 10 per cent of the US soft drinks market. Later, in Britain, competition for Coke from cut-price own-brand supermarket colas drew an especially fierce response, with Coca-Cola spending \$4 million on UK advertising in the run-up to Christmas 1994. Major sporting events, from English football's Coca-Cola Cup to the 1996 Olympic Games in Atlanta, bolstered the company's image around the world.

In 16 years Goizueta took Coca-Cola's sales and earnings to record levels, and brought massive profits for shareholders. He was aggressive in promoting the company's stock with analysts and brokers.

His efforts brought him enormous personal wealth. In 1991, for instance, he received almost \$60 million of Coca-Cola stock on top of a salary that comfortably exceeded \$1 million and a bonus of almost \$2 million — a package which prompted protests from institutional shareholders. *Forbes* magazine recently put him 120th in its annual list of wealthy Americans, estimating his fortune at \$1.3 billion.

Under his direction, the Coca-Cola Co committed some \$50 million over a decade to educational projects through the Coca-Cola Foundation. Goizueta himself was active in his local Atlanta community, where he was a member of the boards of the Atlanta Symphony Orchestra and of Emory University, which renamed its business school in his honour. He had recently created the charitable Goizueta Foundation, which supported various social and educational initiatives.

He is survived by his wife Olga (Olguita), whom he married in 1953, and by two sons and a daughter.

ADIL ÇARÇANI

Adil Çarçani, Albanian Communist leader died in Tirana on October 13 aged 75. He was born on May 4, 1922.

ADIL ÇARÇANI was the last Communist Prime Minister of Albania, and a loyal and conscientious servant of the one-party state constructed by Enver Hoxha and his associates after the liberation of Albania from the Axis in 1944. For nearly fifty years he held high offices in Tirana, in a career built on his own participation in the Partisan resistance in southern Albania, where he grew up.

He was one of the generation of young southern Tosks who flocked to the Albanian Party of Labour, the Communist party, in 1943-44, on the strength of the achievements of the resistance, and his loyalty to the ideals of his youth never wavered. After the war, he underwent some technical training in Russia, and became part of the generation of technocrats who built their careers on the close link with the Soviet Union and the construction of the great hydroelectric dams in northern Albania, which brought electrification to the hitherto medieval conditions of the country. He was also involved in the development of the mining and extractive industries, presiding over developments based on the widespread use of forced and prison labour and appalling human rights violations.

By 1956 he was Minister of Industry and Mines. The development of the pyrite mine at Spaç was a notorious example, where prisoners were often worked to death on the exposed terraces of a northern Albanian mountain. In many ways, this was the height of his career, and at that time he was widely seen, aged only 34, as a possible successor to Hoxha himself.

This promise was never fulfilled in the conditions he might have envisaged. Çarçani did not belong to the inner circle of senior ex-Partisans around Hoxha, and his main political base was outside the Politburo. He had little knowledge of foreign affairs or defence. His

progress to the top slowed as the political zigzags of the regime began to defy any economic rationality, even within the communist framework, and his identity as a pro-Moscow technocrat became a handicap.

Although as deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers he presided over the turn from Russia to China after 1960-61, became deputy Prime Minister in 1964, and signed the main trade agreements in



Beijing in 1975, he was associated with economic stagnation and relative decline in these years. The pro-Soviet period had produced high economic growth rates for the country, if at an appalling human cost, but these were never subsequently repeated.

The break with China in 1976-78 was a further setback, and produced more stagnation. Çarçani remained at the top, becoming Prime Minister in 1982, and closely associated with the efforts of the party boss Ramiz Alia to modernise Albania while keeping the one-party state intact after Hoxha's death in 1985. But it was a hopeless task which collapsed in ruins with the overthrow of communism in 1990-92. In 1994 Çarçani received a five-year suspended jail sentence from the new Government of Dr Sali Berisha.

Married with two daughters, he was in private life a relatively approachable, and informal man, compared with most other Albanian Communist leaders. A favourite recreation was spending time at his villa on the coastal beach south of Durrës.

PAUL BERNARD

Paul Bernard, film and television writer, and director, artist and designer, died on September 25 aged 68. He was born in London on June 20, 1929.

PAUL BERNARD directed many of Britain's most popular television programmes, as well as writing successfully for television and the stage. His flair as a theatre designer in the 1950s led him into television, where from the early 1960s he was well known as a reliable but innovative director.

Bernard was born into a family of staunch supporters of the Independent Labour Party, of which his grandfather, George Patterson Rose, had been one of the founder members. A sensitive head teacher recognised his pupil's artistic talent, and Bernard was plucked from elementary education to train at Ealing School of Art, where he studied painting and illustration, intent upon a career as a film production designer.

After training under Bernard Robinson at Worton Hall Studios on the film *Shop at Sly Corner*, he worked at Pinewood, Shepperton and MGM Studios. This progress was interrupted by National Service, and when he returned to civilian life his mentor, the Oscar-winning Alfred Junge, advised him that the British film industry was in so poor a state that he should turn to the theatre.

This he did, and for six years he worked with repertory theatres up and down the



country, with a brief return to MGM to work on the Gene Kelly production of *Invitation to a Dance*.

In 1958 Bernard was invited to join Granada Television as a designer. Among those he worked with as his career blossomed were Jeremy Isaacs, Harold Evans and Michael Parkinson. In due course Bernard was sufficiently highly regarded to go freelance, and he worked in all kinds of television, notably on *The Avengers* and *Armchair Theatre*.

In 1964 the BBC invited him to train as a television director. He began by directing some episodes of *Z Cars*: live television with film inserts, in the series that established the reputations of Brian Blessed,

Stratford Johns, Jeremy Kemp, James Ellis and Frank Windsor.

A move to ATV widened his experience enormously. As well as single plays, he directed many episodes of *Emergency Ward Ten*, and with John Cooper launched *Honey Lane*, a series about a London street market which was shot where *EastEnders* is made today.

In the light entertainment field, under Jon Scofield, he directed a number of spectaculars of *This is Tom Jones* kind, for broadcast in America as well as Britain. He worked also on documentaries, notably on *Stand Up and Be Counted*, the programme about disability which marked the introduction of the

Chronically Sick and Disabled Bill by Alf Morris, MP. He also worked on an early consumer programme, *What We Need is More Red Tape*, fronted by Bernard Levin. During all this time he made regular returns to the theatre, designing at the Arts, the Savoy and the Mayfair in London.

In 1973, long before Channel 4 made it fashionable, he formed his own production company, making industrial and training films, speculative musical programmes, and cinema films from his own original screenplays. These included *The Contract*, starring Ken Farrow, whom he had met while directing *Coronation Street*. He also directed Jon Pertwee in *Dr Who*, and his expertise in special effects resulted in his being asked to launch *The Tomorrow People* at Thames Television.

In 1983 he was in at the start of TV-am, where he directed the popular children's programme *Rub-a-Dub-Tub*. In subsequent returns to the theatre, he directed his own adaptation of Hazlitt's *Liberty Amoris* at the Edinburgh Festival and on tour. His own play, *Who Are You Anyway?*, was produced at the Duke's Playhouse in Lancaster.

Paul Bernard continued to paint throughout his career. He began exhibiting his work in Manchester in 1960 while at Granada Television, and more than 30 one-man exhibitions have followed.

He leaves a widow, Carole, and a daughter. Both work in television.

Godfrey Davis, CBE, manuscripts scholar and archivist, died on September 27 aged 80. He was born on April 22, 1917.

GODFREY DAVIS was one of the country's most distinguished postwar archivists. He brought to his career in the field of manuscripts not only a formidable intellectual power and academic rigour but also, from his wartime experience, a commitment to public service.

Godfrey Rupert Carless Davis was the second son of H. W. C. Davis (1874-1928), Regius Professor of Modern History at Oxford, who had been editor of the *Dictionary of National Biography* in succession to Sir Sidney Lee. It was this tradition of providing scholarly reference tools that Godfrey was to follow. What might have been a typical north Oxford childhood, however, was shattered by the early death of his father when Godfrey was 11 years old.

Godfrey Davis went to Highgate School, and then followed his father to Balliol College, Oxford, where the organ scholar Edward Heath became a friend (and later godfather to Davis's son John). After a first degree and a graduate scholarship, he served during the war in the Devon Regiment and the Intelligence Corps, rising to the rank of captain. He would later recall an attempt to burn secret records in advance of the expected German occupation of Alexandria, only to see many of them float serenely

GODFREY DAVIS



upwards and towards enemy lines.

In the difficult post-demobilisation job market, Davis found himself a place in the British Museum's department of manuscripts in 1947. It turned out to be well suited to his talents and inclinations, providing a framework of time-honoured conventions but also opportunities for specialisation.

He contributed extensively to successive volumes of the Department's *Catalogue of Additions to the Manuscripts*, but he will be remembered more for his *Medieval Cartularies of Great Britain* (1958). A major project, and still the standard work of reference, this was linked closely to his official work but also involved

much personal research and more than 5,000 miles of travel to inspect monastic volumes in local and private collections. His experience of these repositories and their sometimes eccentric custodians was to stand him in good stead later, as was the challenge of finding a way of designing the volume so as to present complex information clearly but concisely.

Davis was deputy keeper in the manuscripts department from 1961 to 1972, when he became secretary of the Royal Commission on Historical Manuscripts. There he succeeded Roger Ellis, under whose guidance the commission had enjoyed unprecedented growth, with the expansion of the National Register of

Archives, new publications initiatives and new calls upon it for advice. This growth continued under Davis, notably with the launch in 1982 of the *Guides to Sources for British History*, now the commission's leading series of publications.

Davis also undertook a thorough, systematic re-evaluation of the commission's objectives, and a thorough overhaul of its methods and working practices. Not all his colleagues were convinced by all he did, and there were casualties along the way, but he implemented his policies with firmness and integrity.

Godfrey Davis belonged to an age before political correctness, when colleagues could be addressed by their surnames, and the attire of female members of staff might receive adverse comment. He did not gladly suffer vanity, pretension or muddled thinking, but beneath a reserved exterior he was a man of warm feeling. A devoted family man himself, he took a personal interest in colleagues and their families. He served on many bodies, notably as honorary treasurer of the Royal Historical Society from 1967 to 1974. He was elected a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries in 1974, and was appointed CBE shortly before his retirement in 1982.

His later years were marked above all by the characteristic fortitude with which he coped first with the effects of a stroke, and then with the loss of his wife, Betty, whom he had married in 1942.

He is survived by his son and two daughters.

Church news

Provost of Derby
Canon Michael Perham, Vice-Dean of Norwich Cathedral, has been appointed Provost of Derby Cathedral.

Other appointments
Rev Roger Balkwill, Vicar, Altringham, and Rural Dean of Chiffchaff (Cheshire); to be also Priest-in-Charge of Boningale (same diocese).

Rev Tom Bodkin, Team Vicar, Aldington, St Leonard (Chichester); to be Priest-in-Charge, Bishopscote (same diocese).

Rev Denis Brazell, formerly Vicar, Reading, St Agnes w St Paul (Oxford); to be Chaplain, Whitehall Chase, The Acorn, Healing Trust (Gloucestershire).

Rev Michael Caddy, Team Vicar, Shirley, St James the Great (Birmingham); to be also Dean of Shirley.

Rev Christopher Channer, Chaplain, Holmwood House School, Tunbridge Wells (Sussex); to be Team Rector, Lewes (Chichester).

Rev Paul Collier, Assistant Curate, East Dulwich St John (Southwark); to be Minister, Bermonsey St Hugh Charterhouse Mission Conventual District, and Marston, Churchhouse Beneficial Scheme (same diocese).

Rev Robert Cooper, formerly Assistant Priest, Leeds Richmond Hill (Ripon); to be Chaplain, Chigwell School (Chelmsford).

Rev Brian Cox, Assistant Curate, Southampton Maybush (Winchester); to be Priest-in-Charge, Knights Enham St Michael and All Angels (same diocese).

Rev Reginald Dakin, formerly Rector, Littleton (London); to be Chaplain, Silena Holy Trinity (Malta & Gozo).

Rev Dr John Davey, permission to officiate (Chichester); to be Priest-in-Charge, Amberley Vicar, Stoke and Parham, Wiggonholt and Greenham (same diocese).

Rev Graham Dear, Vicar, St Andrew and Bowes and Robey, Brignall (Ripon); to be Chaplain, HMP Garth (Blackburn).

Rev Bryan Dixon, Assistant Curate, Beverley Minster (York); to be Assistant Chaplain, HMP Durham.

Rev Anthony Douglas, Team Rector, Great and Little Coates w Bradley (Lincoln); to be Team Rector, East Ham w Upton Park (Chelmsford).

Rev Stuart Dunn, Rector, Meopham and Nurstead (Rochester); to be also Non-Residential Canon (Honorary) of Rochester Cathedral.

Rev Joy Hartenink, lecturer, Richmond-upon-Thames College (London); to be also Chaplain, Richmond-upon-Thames College.

Rev Dr Philip Heskestad, Curate, Beasted w Thurnham Canterbury; to be Vicar, Chatham St Stephen (Rochester).

Rev Judith Howes, Team Vicar, East Darlington (Durham); to be Team Rector of the benefice.

Rev David Perry, Curate, Whitbywood (Bristol); to be Priest-in-Charge, Litherland St Philip (Liverpool).

The Rev Adrian Russell, Rector, St Kessog, Auchtermadar and St James Kintill (St Andrews); to be Priest-in-Charge, Kenon Ascension (Newcastle).

The Rev William Scott, Vicar, Bourne Street St Mary, and Priest-in-Charge, Filmoia St Barnabas (London); to be also Area Dean of Westminster (St Margaret's) (same diocese).

Rev Richard Seabrook, Assistant Curate, Hawley Holy Trinity (Gloucestershire); to be Vicar, Hockley St Peter and St Paul (Chelmsford).

The Rev Philip Tait, Chaplain and Head of Religious Studies, Berkhamstead Collegiate School (St Albans); to be Priest-in-Charge, Woodthorpe and Newbiggin (Newcastle).

The Rev Brian Young, Vicar, Alderley Edge, and Rural Dean of Knutsford, (Cheshire); to be also an Hon Canon of Chester Cathedral.

PROVINCIAL FRANCE

(From our Special Correspondent)

On the left bank of the Rhône, not far from the Guillotière Quarter and at the junction of two very dingy streets, stand a pair of large iron gates, giving entrance to a domed building known as the Rotonde. Here are held in times of peace, balls, promenade concerts, and velodrome races, and hither in times of political excitement do turbulent spirits resort to hold public meetings and discuss what they call "the situation".

The day before yesterday red posters, signed by Richard and other members of the "Red" Committee were placarded, inviting the people to meet at the Rotonde. Subject of discussion, in large letters *La Situation Actuelle*.

The night after my arrival in Lyon I went to the Rotonde in the hopes of finding a meeting going on, but was disappointed, and I should have been present at the last assembly had not the experience which I recounted in a former letter warned me against any such attempt. I am obliged to rely, therefore, upon the information of a perfectly trustworthy person for an account of what passed. It seems that Citizen Saligne has become demoralised, and declines to come forward any more in his capacity of public agitator, so M Richard, a

ON THIS DAY

October 20, 1870

The end of the Franco-Prussian War came in January 1871 with the capitulation of the French. The scenes described in this article seem far removed from the heat of the battle.

young man of nine and twenty, represents the faction. He is said to have been a secret police agent under the Imperial Government, but it is to be observed that whenever either political party want to discredit a public man they always accuse him either of having been a secret police agent, or of being none in the pay of the Prussian Government. M Richard has both these crimes laid to his charge.

Surrounded by half a dozen of his fellow committee men and standing beneath the waving folds of a red flag, he addressed an audience of not more than 300 or 400 of whom about one third were women of the type

probably known here as *Libres Penseuses*. The proceedings were opened by a violent speech from the youthful agitator, urging the adoption of strong means to carry their point.

He was followed by a practical citizen, who proposed, *tout bonnement*, that all the old *sergents de ville* still employed as police should be shot. Then came a Zouave in full uniform, who said that the General under whom he had been serving at Montpellier, as well as General Mazure, ought both to be shot. Feeling that his real duty lay not in serving an incompetent General in Montpellier, but in advancing to meet the enemy, he and a comrade had determined thus to advance, but upon arriving here they found to their surprise that they were both arrested. This our Zouave thought an interference with his liberty and he urged upon the meeting the propriety of shooting the officer who had ordered his arrest as well as those who had effected it.

The President then read a list, which by the way, has been published in all the local papers, of the names and addresses in Lyons of all the persons employed by the late Government as secret police agents or *mouchards*. The publication of this interesting document found among the police archives has, as may be imagined, caused the instantaneous stampede of all the parties incriminated.

NEWS

Brown tries to assure markets

Gordon Brown tried to calm the markets after he provoked a chorus of criticism for indicating that Britain would not join the European single currency in the lifetime of this Parliament.

As ministers braced themselves for a big fall in share prices today, the Chancellor made clear he would not be "bounced" into an early decision. In an interview with *The Times* on Saturday he gave his strongest indication that Britain would not sign up to the euro this side of a general election. Pages 1, 48

Cambridge to take in more state pupils

Cambridge University is to increase by a third the number of students it recruits from state schools in an attempt to ward off a government threat to college fees. Tutors endorsed plans to take two out of three undergraduates from the state system. At present, half come from state schools. Pages 1, 7

Gypsy invasion

The arrival of more than 180 East European gypsies in Dover is forcing officials to hold urgent talks to try and stem the flow of the asylum seekers. Pages 1, 3

Savings shake-up

A revolution in the taxation of savings is being planned by Gordon Brown and Treasury officials who want to sweep away the jungle of differing rates and exemptions. Page 2

Chase ends in death

A sixth-form pupil at Malvern College was killed at the wheel of his car after he crashed into the school gates during a high-speed police chase. Page 3

Blood and guts

The Royal Shakespeare Company is playing up the bloodier and more lachrymose elements of the Bard's work in the hope of persuading young men to swap the drama of the soccer stadium for live action on stage. Page 3

Gambling itch

An inquiry into match-fixing undertaken after the Grobbelaar trial has found that footballers routinely gamble on matches in breach of rules. Page 5

Barbaric hunters

The Humane Society has found that Eskimos, Inuits and other Arctic tribes are killing more whales than they need and their method is barbaric. Page 6

Dome to show off Princess' style

A dazzling collection of evening dresses worn by Diana, Princess of Wales, is being considered for display at the Millennium Dome. The exhibition would raise money for charities and causes associated with the Princess. It is expected that visitors to the dome would be asked to make a charitable donation on top of the admission cost. Page 1

Pupils to sue

Students are threatening to sue exam boards over delays in re-marking disputed A-level papers after a record number of appeals this summer. Page 7

BBC's secret role

The BBC collaborated with the Government to collate and transmit propaganda to Eastern Europe during the Cold War. The extent of its role in espionage is revealed in a new book. Page 8

Mandela hits out

In an emotional outburst, President Mandela accused Washington of arrogance for criticising his planned visit to Libya. He said it showed that "contempt for blacks is still deep-seated". Page 11

Nun's honour

St Therese of Lisieux, the Carmelite nun who inspired Mother Teresa of Calcutta, was named as a Doctor of the Church by the Pope. She is only the third woman to be given the honour. Page 12

Cost of opt out

Tony Blair's effort to shape the European Union is likely to be undermined if the Government has no plans to join the euro for at least five years. Page 13

Spy's case

A decorated covert CIA agent is suing the intelligence agency, claiming he is being forced out over a fictitious charge of an affair with a Russian. Page 14



Sea Cadet Corps members shield their faces from the sun at Trafalgar Square after a parade to mark Admiral Lord Nelson's victory

BUSINESS

Chip Inc: Hyundai, the Korean group, is set to double the size of its £1.3 billion investment in a silicon chip maker in Fife. Page 48

Hoteller appeals: Robert Feld, the former Resort Hotels managing director jailed for eight years for fraud in April, is set to appeal against the length of his sentence. Page 48

Breeding battle: Genus, Britain's largest cattle-breeding firm, is attempting to fend off an unwelcome takeover offer from Alchemy, the venture capital group. Page 46

Female power: Wall Street, one of America's last bastions of male chauvinism, has been shattered by a survey showing that women make better professional investors than men. Page 45

SPORT

Football: Tottenham Hotspur eased the pressure on manager Gerry Francis with a 3-2 win over Sheffield Wednesday. Page 25

Golf: Joakim Haeggman, of Sweden, equalled the world record by completing the first nine holes in 27 strokes at St Andrews. Page 27

Rugby union: Michael Lynagh kicked Saracens to victory against the champions, Wasps, in the All-Ireland Premier League match at Loftus Road. Page 34

Cricket: Australia's crowded schedule helped to persuade Shane Warne to reject offers from English county cricket clubs. Page 27

Athletics: Marian Sumon, from Cornwall, retained her Chicago Marathon title despite a nosebleed. Page 32

ARTS

Past times: "The historical novel has become thought of as a genre for which only the second-rate need apply," Melvyn Bragg on the relationship between fiction and history. Page 18

Set piece: Janet Suzman has relocated Brecht's good woman from Sichuan to South Africa, but the play's faults remain at the West Yorkshire Playhouse. Page 18

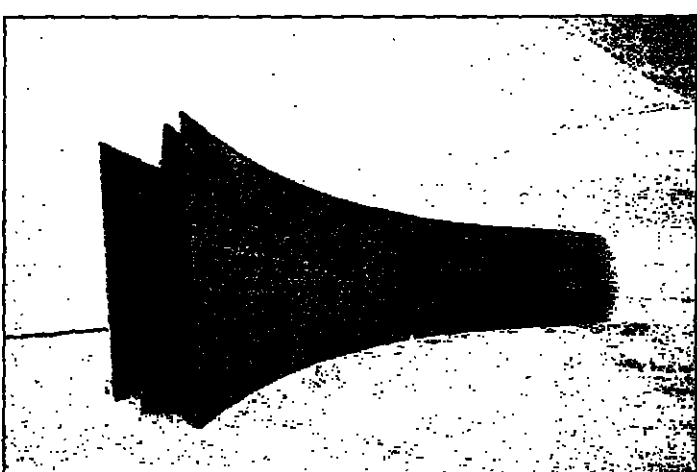
Browned off: A new play tackles the fate of the first Asian footballer to make the Premier League, as part of the sport's "Kick It Out" anti-racism campaign. Page 18

Stepping out: David Bintley has created an all-Balanchine bill for Birmingham Royal Ballet that gloriously reinforces the US choreographer's greatness. Page 19

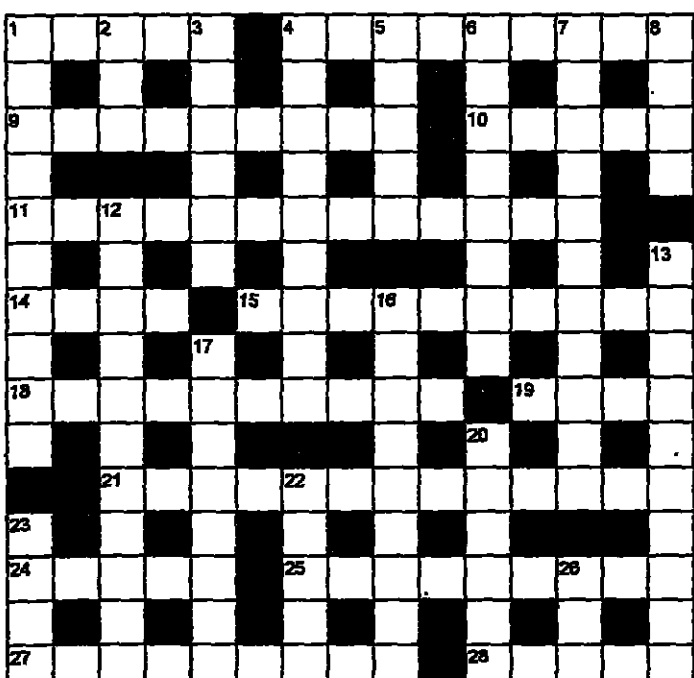
TOMORROW
IN THE TIMES

ARTS
Richard Cork is stunned by the new Guggenheim Museum in Bilbao — both inside and out

LAW
Leave those schools alone: the dangers of suing educators



THE TIMES CROSSWORD NO 20,615



- ACROSS
- Dear me! It's set back all the players! (5)
 - Stoneworker pursued victim to island (9)
 - Vessel requiring a mast to be at sea (9)
 - Italian city accommodating British jazz group (5)
 - Post Office issue demanding instant insurance (5-3-5)
 - Single doctor nursing a foot (4)
 - Spin brief tale about liaisons initially apt to be strained (10)
 - Obstacles husband runs into during social events (10)
 - Conspiracy thought up by writer (4)
 - He makes rapid progress as a drug dealer (5,8)
 - Sent back a time and a place for contents (5)
 - Weed found in enclosed land by English lake (9)
- DOWN
- Formidable woman? One flourished in the war once (6-3)
 - Long explanation originally required in rambling story (5)
 - Check to ensure air fares won't come down too fast (4,6)
 - It sounds like an Asian connection (10)
 - Prisoner possibly on good terms with officer (6)
 - Contractor's estimate given in marks? (9)
 - American investigator tailing extreme characters (5)
 - Transport going round City for duration of rally (9)
 - Scavengers from Rome and Bali I am shattering (11)
 - Limited number working when PM starts (4)
 - Suggestive of modern accommodation for small cars (11)
 - Shut English out of Irish town's sporting contest (10)
 - Note about cathedral city duke's finally abandoned thus (9)
 - At liberty: before autumn, to make uncontrolled descent (4,4)
 - Inadequate container in filthy dwelling (6)
 - Follow scholar's teachings (5)
 - Writer possibly destined for the chop? (4)
 - Main witness's pronouncement (5)

The solution of Saturday's Prize Puzzle No 20,614 will appear next Saturday. The five winners will each receive a £20 book token.

Times Two Crossword, page 48

AA INFORMATION

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M25 and Link Roads 0326 401 750
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HOURS OF DARKNESS
Sun rises 7:21 am
Sun sets 5:11 pm
Moon rises 5:25 pm
Moon sets 2:25 pm
Last quarter October 23
Lunar 5:57 pm to 7:35 am
Lunar 5:57 pm to 7:35 am
Lunar 5:57 pm to 7:35 am
Lunar 5:57 pm to 7:35 am

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second half of 1996

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FROM £59 RETURN
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FORECAST

General: Much cooler and breezier. Scotland, Northern Ireland, northern England and Wales will start cloudy, with drizzle or light rain in west, with some sunnier in east, overcast with cold northerly wind. Southern England and Wales cloudy with mainly light rain, but it will become drier and brighter in all but the southwest, where there may be the odd downpour later. Mainly dry in the Irish Republic.

London, SE, Cent S, England, Midlands, Wales: Dull morning with light rain. Drier and brighter in afternoon. Colder than average. Moderate E wind. Max 18C (64F).

E Anglia, E Cent N, NE England: Mostly overcast, some early morning drizzle or rain. Quite cold and breezy with fresh NE wind. Max 13C (55F).

Channel Is, SW England: Mostly cloudy with light rain this morning, becoming drier for a time. Heavier, thundery downpours possible later. Fresh SE wind. Max 18C (64F).

NW England, Lakes, IOM, N Ireland: Cloudy start with drizzle. Becoming drier and brighter, with sunny spells in afternoon. Moderate E wind. Max 13C (55F).

SW, NW Scotland, Glasgow, Cent Highlands, Argyll: Cloudy start, then a dry, mainly sunny day. Cool and breezy. Moderate E wind. Max 12C (54F).

Borders, Edinburgh & Dundee, Aberdeen, Moray Firth, NE Scotland: Dull at first, drizzle dying out by midday. Some brightness in afternoon. Cold, with fresh NE wind, easing later. Max 11C (52F).

Orkney, Shetland: Cloudy start, a few wintry showers, drier and brighter later. Mod N wind, easing later. Cold. Max 7C (45F).

Republic of Ireland: Mostly dry with sunny spells. Strong to gale easterly wind. Feeling much colder. Max 14C (57F).

Outlook: Northern areas mostly dry with sunshine in the west. The south will be cloudy, rain in the southwest.

AROUND BRITAIN YESTERDAY

24 hrs to 5 pm: b=light; c=cloud; d=drizzle; ds=drizzle; f=fog; g=gale; h=halt; i=ice; j=jelly; k=kill; l=light; m=moderate; n=night; o=overcast; p=partly; q=quiet; r=rain; s=sunny; t=thunder; u=unusually; v=very; w=wind; x=xtra; y=yellow; z=zoo

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
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London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12

Temperatures at 10.30 local time on Saturday. X = not available

AROUND

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
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London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12

Temperatures at 10.30 local time on Saturday. X = not available



Changes to the chart below from noon: Low Y will move north and fill. High D will drift slowly south. Low Y will move slowly north and fill. High D will drift slowly south.

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
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London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12

Temperatures at 10.30 local time on Saturday. X = not available

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
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London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12

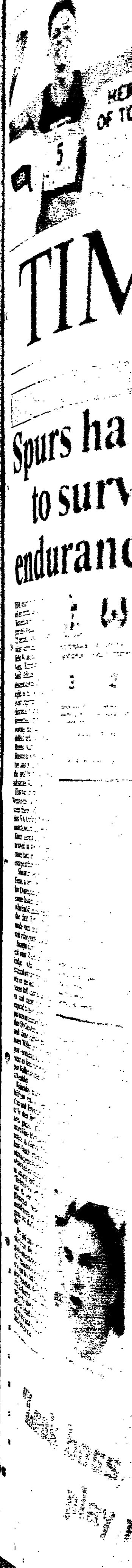
Temperatures at 10.30 local time on Saturday. X = not available

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
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London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12

Temperatures at 10.30 local time on Saturday. X = not available

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
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London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12
London	12	12	12	12	12	12

Temperatures at 10.30 local time on Saturday. X = not available



UNDER THE SKIN OF SPORT



HER KIND OF TOWN

Marian Sutton shows Chicago a clean pair of heels again
PAGE 32



LYNNE TRUSS

Michael Jordan transcends the hype and jargon
PAGE 33

HUNGRY LIKE THE WOLF

Michael Calvin hears from a club chairman impatient for success
PAGE 31



SHOCK WAVES

China's swimmers are back in stormy waters
PAGE 26

TIMES SPORT

MONDAY OCTOBER 20 1997

FIRST-HALF DISPLAY BRINGS RELIEF AT WHITE HART LANE

Spurs hang on to survive endurance test

YOU might say that a moment of machismo could have cost Tottenham Hotspur this desperately needed victory. After 72 minutes, when they somewhat surprisingly led Sheffield Wednesday 3-0, Ramon Vega, Tottenham's Switzerland defender, of Spanish descent, had the ball out on the right of his own area with every opportunity to make a clearance. It appeared to be beneath his dignity. Instead of booting the ball away, he dallied and lost it, enabling Benito Carboni and Lee Briscoe to work it across the box and it was bundled into the goal by the Wednesday substitute, Wayne Collins.

That was the moment when Wednesday, at last, began to scent the possibility of saving this FA Cup Premier League match, which had seemed lost. Their second goal, when it arrived in the 85th minute, came bang on top of a narrow escape at their end.

Sinton crossed from the left, Fenn, a very lively substitute for Dominguez, got in a close-range header, but Pressman, who had disgraced himself on the first Tottenham goal, made some kind of amends with a fine point-blank save.

Straight down to the other end went Wednesday. Pembroke, who had been switched into a more attacking role on the left flank in the second half, carried the ball on and might have been expected to shoot. Instead, he put over an accurate low cross that Di Canio brought down and drove right-footed between Walker and his near post — something, alas, which seems to keep happening to poor Walker, whether here or at Wembley.

Wednesday, though full of belief now, ran out of ammunition and Tottenham clung on for their first victory in seven games. The relief around White Hart Lane was tangible. As Ginola, Tottenham's French international, who was gloriously effective in what is surely his true position in attacking midfield, said: "The first one was very important, the one from José [Dominguez], because we needed to come quickly in the game, and that's what we did."

That goal came after only six minutes. The tiny Portuguese winger came in from the right, attacked the defence and shot with his left foot. Somehow, Pressman, the Wednesday goalkeeper, who seemed to have the shot well covered, allowed the ball to squirm out of his grip and go under his body into the net.



By Brian Glanville

Dominguez, however, had barely another quarter of an hour to enjoy his success. He went off injured and was replaced by Fenn, not remotely the same kind of player, but his contribution turned out to be a large one. He fought for every ball and it was his excellent pass that sent Spurs away to score their third goal.

Tottenham's second goal came in the 39th minute, only moments after they had squandered a far more clear-cut opportunity. When Camp-

David Pleat, the Wednesday manager, suggested afterwards that there was "an element of doubt in their second goal. There was a foot very high. I thought our players lost a bit of heart at that stage."

Ginola, particularly in the first half, was emphatically the star of the show. There is no doubt about his latent talents and, in this game, they were curiously on show. He was the inspiration and the final executioner by scoring Tottenham's third goal. Taking Fenn's pass, he roared away down the right and crossed to Armstrong. When the ball broke back to him again, he struck a fierce, curving left-foot shot. Tottenham were 3-0 ahead and there was little evidence of the nailbiting drama to come.

Despite the heartache and the thousand natural shocks of the late second half, though, it was a happier day for Gerry Francis, the Tottenham manager, back on the bench after missing the home defeat by Derby County in the Coca-Cola Cup last Wednesday night because he had injured his back playing with his children.

"We kept giving the ball away at times in the second half," he said. "It was very much a Jekyll-and-Hyde performance by us. Obviously I was delighted by the win. It was very important to us today; it would have been nice to win 3-1. I thought the supporters today were tremendous. It's a good club, I'm proud to be the manager, but what it needs is success. We've got to keep performing like the first half, not the second, and if we do, they'd back us."

The nervous Spurs supporters found something to cheer in the final minutes when Darren Anderton, at last, found his way out of the Tottenham treatment-room to make his first appearance of the season in place of the gallant Fenn. It was a positive move by Francis and seemed to give heart to the rest of the Tottenham team.

In fact, they could have scored again, at the death. Ginola's left-wing corner was returned by Fox, Armstrong tried an acrobatic attempt at goal but Nolan headed the ball out from under the bar.

TOTTENHAM HOTSPUR (3-0): Walker — S. Carr (goal), C. Coleman, B. Smith, R. Vega, S. Campbell — R. Fox, D. Howell, D. Ginola, A. Senior, J. Edinburgh — C. Armstrong, J. Dominguez (sub), N. Fenn, 20; sub: D. Anderton, 88.
SHEFFIELD WEDNESDAY (2-0): K. Pressman — D. Staunton (sub), G. Whittingham, S. J. Newcombe, D. Walker — I. Nolan, M. Pembroke, J. Magilton, P. Rudi (sub), W. Collins, 45, I. Sinton (sub), C. Davidson, 87 — B. Carboni, P. Di Canio, R. Wainwright, J. Wainwright.



Francis delighted



Ginola's fierce left-foot shot puts Tottenham 3-0 ahead against Sheffield Wednesday yesterday. Photograph: Marc Aspland

"Look boss, if we fail to score again today, we'll play naked next week. Right lads?"

NEW LIGHTER CRISPER HOLSTEN PILS an easier way to change your life.



SWIMMING

China's world records raise new drug doubts

By CRAIG LORD

FOUR years ago at the National Games of China, a shoal of muscular women swimmers, known as the Golden Flowers, swamped the world rankings as no other nation had done before. In one event alone, the 50-metres freestyle, there were ten Chinese in the top 15 in the world, including the six fastest.

Four years and 23 positive steroid tests later, after an acrimonious debate that resulted in the adoption of some of the most stringent drug rules in world sport, including four-year suspensions for anabolic steroid use and punishments for whole nations, doctors, officials and coaches, the suspicions are back.

In Shanghai over the past six days — once again at the National Games of China, the results of which decide where cash and perks from state coffers will go — world records were set in the 200 metres medley and 400 metres medley, the latter erasing from the record books the last remaining East German standard.

Out of 13 Olympic events, Chinese women — whose performances in Atlanta last year were noteworthy for their weakness — now lead the world in nine and in the majority of events they also occupy the runner-up spot.

Susan O'Neill, Australia's Olympic champion over 200 metres butterfly, and normally one of the most well-mannered of the elite swimmers, said: "They are obviously cheating — they are machines."

Don Talbot, head coach to the Australia team, has called a meeting of the country's best women swimmers today to attempt to minimise the psychological impact that a set of results such as those from Shanghai can have.

Talbot said of the Chinese: "You have to be naive to think they're clean. This is a planned policy." He believes that the International Olympic Committee and Fina, swimming's international governing body, should be suspicious of the Chinese performances, particularly those of Chen Yan and Wu Yanyan, whose best efforts came in the three events won at the Olympic Games by Michelle Smith, of Ireland. Chen, 16, clocked 4min 34.79sec to shave 1.31sec off the 15-year standard of Petra Schneider, of East Germany. Wu, 19, stunned the swimming community with a world record of 2min 09.72sec in the 200 metres medley.

Chen's 400 metres time is some five seconds better than Smith's Olympic time, six seconds inside her best time and 19 seconds faster than she was able to muster in Atlanta. Chen also clocked 4min 05.00sec over 400 metres freestyle, the second fastest of all time, the fastest since 1988 and well inside Smith's effort.

Wu's best time over 200 metres stayed at 2min 16sec for three years before she clocked 2min 12.87sec last year, although she failed to make the final in Atlanta, reverting back to 2min 16sec. Her new time would have beaten Smith's Olympic victory by an astounding four seconds.

China's women were subject to drug testing at the Games, and have been tested by Fina's out-of-competition testers. On paper, China's women look set to repeat at the world championships in Perth, Australia, in January, what they achieved at Rome in 1994 before their fall from grace at the hands of drug regulations — 12 out of 16 world titles.

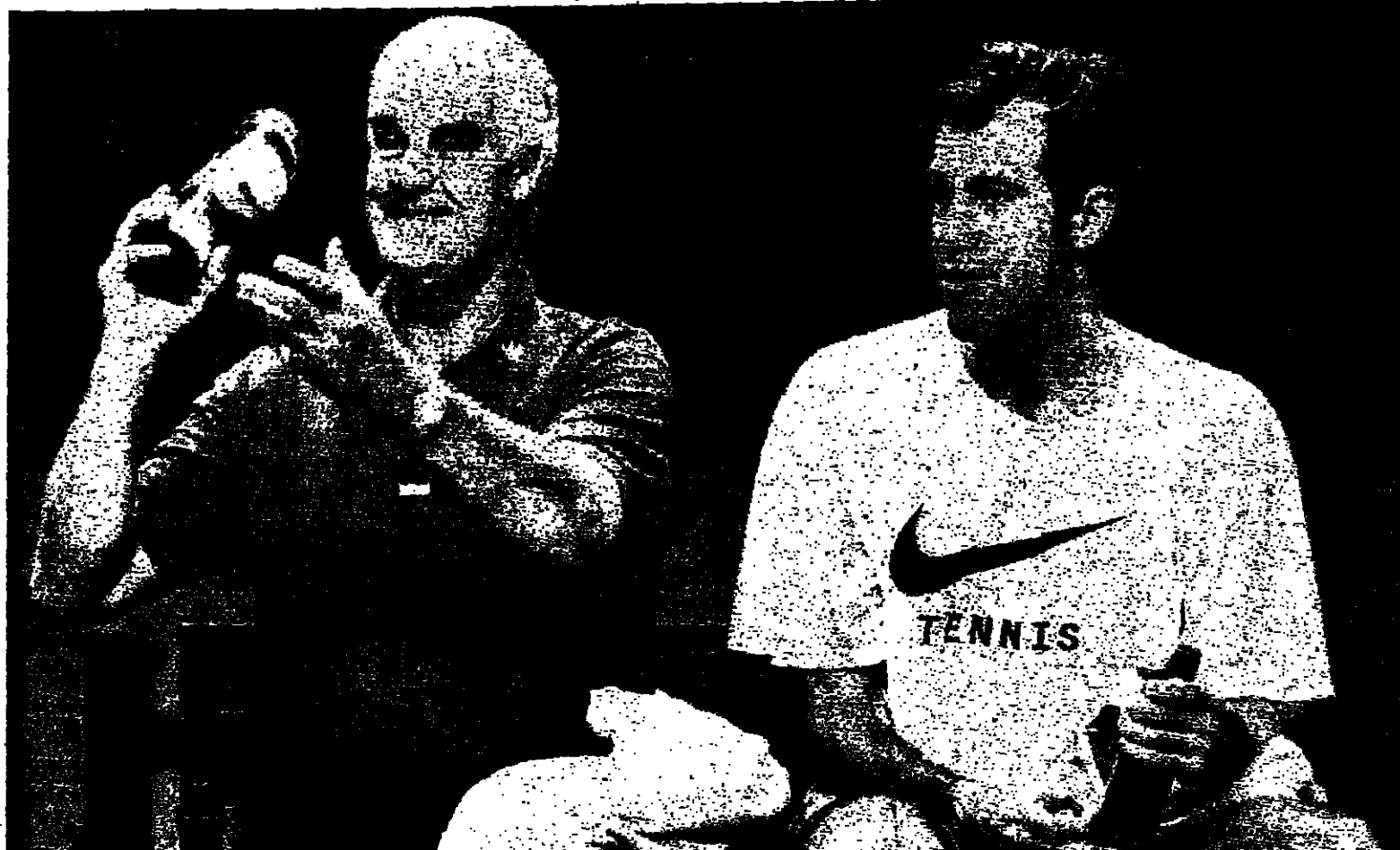
Two days before the championships start in Perth, Fina will meet to decide whether to ease the drugs rules in the way they were in athletics — suspensions reduced from four to two years for anabolic steroids. After Shanghai, such moves will be met with strenuous resistance from leading swimming nations, such as Australia, the United States and Canada.

After the controversy of 1993, Fina instituted a wide-ranging out-of-competition drug-testing programme and in 1994, China's swimmers were caught by surprise when arriving at Hiroshima airport for the Asian Games.

Among the seven swimmers to test positive were two world champions, Lu Bin and Yang Aihua. Since then the Chinese swimming federation has reported many other positive tests to Fina, which appears to be sold on the line that China has a black-market problem with drugs.

Phil Whitten, editor of *Swimming World*, who has spent a week monitoring opinion as the Shanghai results came in, believes Fina is wrong. "The views I'm getting back are that the Chinese are not only cheating but that we are seeing a state-run programme, East German-style," Whitten said. "We're witnessing mass deception and systematic abuse of these Chinese women."

Whitten, editor of *Swimming World*, who has spent a week monitoring opinion as the Shanghai results came in, believes Fina is wrong. "The views I'm getting back are that the Chinese are not only cheating but that we are seeing a state-run programme, East German-style," Whitten said. "We're witnessing mass deception and systematic abuse of these Chinese women."



Rusedski has risen seven places to No 4 in the world since Pickard, a controversial choice, became his coach. Photograph: Stephen Wake

Pickard soon pulls rank on Rusedski

Word had it that Tony Pickard was drinking from a poisoned chalice. His recent appointment as coach to Greg Rusedski prompted a greater sense of bewilderment than had greeted Rusedski's march to the US Open Championship final. Rusedski was surely destined to retreat to the basement from where he emerged, wide-eyed and blinking, in the heat of New York. What on earth was Pickard doing when he filled the shoes so unexpectedly prized from the feet of his predecessor, Brian Clough?

The answer has rebutted those who questioned the fusion of two contrasting characters. Chemistry may be an exact science, but the personal variety transcends the limits of conventional equations. Watching Pickard put Rusedski through his paces in Vienna earlier this month was to witness the old sporting metaphor of master and apprentice. After just one week on the ATP Tour, Pickard was already

ready dispensing his wisdom through an accusing finger, a tilt of the head, a barely perceptible movement of the arm. Words were reserved for sterner rebukes. When Rusedski, breaking from the tedium of routine practice, launched himself into a theatrically improvised overhead smash, Pickard's features darkened before he demanded: "What the hell was that for?" Rusedski muttered something about cleansing his mind, but Pickard had made his point.

A resident of Nottingham, Pickard, 63, shares many traits with that other coaching icon of the city, Brian Clough. Brash, forceful and intolerant of excess, he is not averse to singing his own praises. "I have improved Greg's game by at least 15 per cent after working with him for three weeks," he said. "He is much more disciplined. Perhaps others might disagree, but I have seen him come through several tight spots since I took him on. He knows I won't tolerate nonsense and he has

Julian Muscat watches at work the alliance that may help to upset the established order in world tennis

accepted it. The great thing about him is that he listens. Most players don't."

Rusedski listens because of his raw desire. He listens because Pickard's input has seen his world ranking advance from No 11 to No 4 over three short weeks. He listens because of the debt he owes his father, who took great financial risks to develop Rusedski's career. A decade of coaching Stefan Edberg, the dual Wimbledon champion and former world No 1, has educated Pickard to the requirements of top-class tennis. Rusedski listens because he wants to join the elite.

"The kid's attitude is tremendous," Pickard said. "There is no limit to his ambition. It sounds very English, doesn't it, to say you want to hold down a place in the world's top ten, but that never entered my head. It isn't good enough for me and he knows that. If he can do well in Stuttgart and Paris, he's going to be knocking on the biggest door in tennis (at the ATP world championship) in Hanover."

Pickard is further encouraged that Rusedski's recent exploits — he has made the semi-finals or beyond in his past five tournaments — have properly prepared him for the grand-slam events. "At the start of Vienna, Greg said he was tired, feeling very flat, so I told him: 'Young man, this is where it hurts. It's the time in your life when you have to dig deep from within.' And he responded magnificently. You only have to win five matches to win most tournaments, but that only takes you past the quarter-finals in a grand-slam. The boy is learning to pace himself. He now knows that you don't have to hit the

ball at 220mph to serve well. You have to serve smart."

A feature of Rusedski's recent progress has been his victories over players he has never previously beaten. In Vienna alone he added the names of Andrei Medvedev, Magnus Norman, Todd Martin and Tim Henman to that list. Rusedski attributes the breakthrough to Pickard's clinical assessment of the weaknesses of his opponents. In this respect, he felt that Teacher's influence had run its course.

Pickard will not discuss the finer details of Rusedski's parting with Teacher. He says that he is aware of the circumstances that Rusedski's decision is totally consistent with his insatiable desire. Perhaps Pickard understands this quality better than most, who tread the tranquil waters of British tennis. Born and raised in Canada before he adopted British citizenship, Rusedski spent his

teenage years bemoaning that colony's laissez faire attitude to his chosen career.

For all his reticence over Teacher's tutelage, Pickard maintains that there is plenty left for Rusedski to improve. "I must admit I was very surprised to find him lacking in direction, attitude and overall knowledge," he said. "Having been with him on the Tour for a week, these things show up. Desire can become a hindrance if you don't channel it in the right direction."

While their relationship remains flushed with the zest of freshness, Pickard must recognise that the deepest recesses of Rusedski's mind have rarely, if ever, been plumbed. Ultimately, Pickard must know that he will have to penetrate these suburban chambers if Rusedski is to scale the mountain that Pete Sampras, the world No 1, has made his personal fiefdom. If combustion and success arrive in equal measure, Rusedski will be the last to complain.



Wu powers to a world record in the 200 metres medley

Controversial coach in new running surprise

CHINA'S women runners, who have made little impression since they set a profusion of world records and won a clutch of world titles in 1993, exploded back onto the athletics scene over the weekend with a succession of extraordinary performances (David Powell writes).

Highlights of the first three days of the Chinese National Games in Shanghai included a 1,500 metres in which the world record only narrowly survived, the quickest 10,000 metres of the year by far and the second fastest 100 metres of 1997, beating Merlene Ottey's best time.

The 1,500 metres was astonishing for its depth. The top eight women ran faster than the previous quickest time of the year, set by Kelly Holmes.

The first six were reported to be coached by Ma Junren, the trainer behind China's 1993 successes and whose squad was widely accused of drug taking, allegations which went unproven.

Reports from Shanghai said that Ma accused coaches from outside his group of plotting to prevent his athletes from breaking world records.

Qu Yumda, one of Ma's elite group in 1993, had her hopes of a world record in the 1,500 metres ruined when she fell. Ma, whose original squad broke up in 1994 in protest at his draconian training methods, accused rival coaches of orchestrating the fall. "Without the accident, three of my disciples were sure to break the world record," he said.

Hanover proves lure for top-class field

GREG RUSEDSKI will aim to secure his place at the ATP Tour world championship in Hanover next month with a prominent showing in the star-studded Eurocard Open, which begins in Stuttgart today (Julian Muscat writes).

It will not be easy. For the third year running, this \$205 million (about £13 million) event has attracted the world's top 20 players. Joining them are Andre Agassi and Boris Becker, the winner 12 months ago and a quarter-finalist in a Hong Kong exhibition last week. Becker, unseeded here, is projected to meet Pete Sampras, the world No 1, in the third round.

Rusedski has a first-round bye and will tackle either Thomas Johansson, or Nicolas Pietrangeli, of Germany, a

beaten finalist in Singapore this month.

Tim Henman, the Great Britain No 2, has been paired with another in-form German, Tommy Haas, who lost in straight sets to Fabrice Santoro in the final of the Lyons Grand Prix yesterday. Should Henman prevail, he will confront Goran Ivanisevic, seeded No 4, in the second round.

The Eurocard Open is the penultimate event in the Mercedes Super Nine series, which concludes in Paris next week. Rusedski will be anxious to consolidate his fourth spot in the race towards the world championship, in which the top eight players cross swords in a round-robin format. No British player has previously made the cut.

SPORT IN BRIEF

Diabetes diagnosed for Redgrave

STEVE Redgrave, the four-times Olympic rowing champion, has been diagnosed as suffering from diabetes (Mike Rosewell writes). Redgrave had complained of feebly unduly tired after a family holiday last month and has been put on insulin, which, like the training he undergoes, lowers his blood-sugar level.

"I had a similar problem a few years ago but it went away naturally," Redgrave said. "That's what I'm hoping will happen again." Jürgen Grobler, Redgrave's coach, is monitoring the situation. "Steve is doing the full amount of training but if necessary we will develop a programme especially for him," he said yesterday. Redgrave is aiming for an unprecedented fifth gold at Sydney in 2000.

First for Fitz-Gerald

SQUASH: Sarah Fitz-Gerald, the defending champion, enhanced her position at the head of the women's game when she defeated Michelle Martin, her fellow Australian, in the final of the world championship in Sydney yesterday. Fitz-Gerald, the top seed, overcame the former champion 9-5, 5-4, 6-9, 9-2, 9-3 in a little more than an hour. It was her first victory over Martin in the final of a leading tournament.

Menu tastes success

MOTOR RACING: Alain Menu, of Switzerland, left Donington Park £25,000 richer yesterday and with his name inscribed once more on one of the sport's most famous trophies. Menu's victory for Renault, in the 55th running of the RAC Tourist Trophy, was his second in successive years. He led his team-mate, Jason Plato, in a Renault one-two.

False optimism

TRIATHLON: Germany achieved a clean sweep of the medal in the Ironman world championships in Hawaii yesterday. Thomas Hellriegel winning in 8hr 33min ahead of Jürgen Zach and Lother Lader. Bizarrely, there was a false start to an event comprising a 2.4-mile swim, 112-mile bicycle ride and marathon.

Horton holes record

GOLF: Tommy Horton scored a closing 68 for a record 12-under-par 204 to win the Senior Tournament of Champions at The Bickhamhamshire, Denham, by three shots. The Royal Jersey professional, 58, received a £20,000 cheque to bring his winnings for the season to £158,427 after six victories. It was Horton's third successive title.

Wales land double

FISHING: Wales led the home nations to the men's team medals in the world shore championships in Dover at the weekend. They beat England, the favourites, and Scotland, and also took the individual title when Joe Arch plipped Steve Allmark, of England. France, retained the women's title, recovering well to finish a point ahead of England.

Clarke takes charge

CYCLING: Barrie Clarke, making the first defence of his National Trophy cyclo-cross title, made a winning return yesterday in the first of the competition's four rounds at Wolverhampton. The race developed into a duel between Clarke and Carl Sturgeon, with the champion eventually squeezing home by 3sec in a time of 1hr 03min 19sec.

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HOCKEY

Cannock can only draw small comfort

THERE was a slight change at the top of the National League yesterday, with Southgate moving into second position behind Cannock and pushing Hounslow into third place (Sydney Friskin writes).

All three clubs have ten points from four matches and remain the only unbeaten sides in the premier division.

A goal by Nurse from a short corner in the 59th minute enabled Hounslow to earn a 2-2 draw with Cannock, the home side.

Southgate continue to march on with a 6-4 home win over Canterbury. David Matthews scored a hat-trick for Canterbury but Southgate had more firepower, with Simons and Athala scoring two goals apiece. Reading, the champions, recovered ground with a 3-0 win at home against Bedford Tigers. Slay, Wyatt and Pearn scoring the goals. Beeston experienced an 8-1 drubbing by Old Loughtonians, and Conway scored three for Teddington in a 4-0 win over Guildford.

Germany give England the runaround

A DEPLETED England squad proved no match for a well-drilled Germany, who outlasted the visitors to the tune of 5-2 and 6-1 in their two friendly internationals in Cologne at the weekend (Cathy Harris writes).

Maggie Souvay, the England coach, had intended to use the matches to blood new players and try out different combinations but, after Tina Cutten, a striker, and Lisa Copeland, a defender, pulled out with injuries, Souvay's options were limited.

On Saturday, England once again paid the price for squandering their chances at penalty corners. Although they earned six to Germany's four, the hosts maintained a 75 per cent conversion rate after Becker, Krienke and Hentschel all found the net.

Jane Shmith and Jane Smith scored either side of the break for England, who trailed 2-1 at the interval.

Germany were quick on the draw in yesterday's encounter, scoring after only 45 seconds and racing into a 4-0 lead at the break. England fought back bravely after the restart, reducing the deficit to 4-1 but the home team hammered two more past a helpless Carolyn Reid to complete an emphatic victory.

Results, page 38

GOLF: GOOSEN MAINTAINS 100 PER CENT RECORD AS SOUTH AFRICA WIN DUNHILL CUP AT CHILLY ST ANDREWS

Sweden fail the cold weather test

By JOHN HOPKINS
GOLF CORRESPONDENT

IN BAD weather, it is not always the team that would appear to be more at home in the cold that carries off the spoils. This was borne out yesterday when South Africa defeated Sweden 2-1 to win the Alfred Dunhill Cup on a wind-tossed Old Course at St Andrews, a neat reversal of the score when the two teams met in the final six years ago.

Victory was no less than the South Africans deserved because, as the faint morning southeasterly turned into a snorting fury in the afternoon, they donned their cold weather gear and coped better with the biting wind. It seemed like August at lunchtime but by bedtime it had turned into a raw December day.

This competition is one that is rarely fully understood. It has more permutations than a pool coupon. But yesterday was the one day when criticism of its intricate format, the fact that this year this illegitimate son of a union between strokeplay and matchplay came so soon after the thrilling Ryder Cup, and the general air of indifference that was affected towards it last week were cast aside.

Until the temperature changed in the afternoon, the day had been blessed with sunshine and a vivid clarity of light. When the church bell tolled its summons there was a feeling that it was calling worshippers not to a medieval edifice in the centre of town but to a medieval edifice on the edge of town: the Old Course, the most hallowed land in golf.

By that time, Joakim Haeggman had set the course alight with an outward half of 27 against Justin Leonard, perhaps the most damaging passage of play inflicted on the Open champion all year. And soon after that, Sweden had defeated the United States in one semi-final and South Africa beaten New Zealand in the other.

As a team, Sweden meshed like perfectly constructed cogs. On the first day Jesper Parnevik was blisteringly good, equalling the new course record with a 65. On the second, they all did enough to defeat France 3-0. On the third, while Haeggman gave a taste of what was to come the next morning with a round of



Haeggman in full swing as he excels on the first nine holes of the Old Course yesterday. Photograph: Andrew Redington/Allsport

66, Per-Ulrik Johansson beat Steve Elkington at the second extra hole to ensure their passage into the semi-finals.

The Swedes were 17 under par for their first three matches and with Haeggman's heroics and another disappointing display by Brad Faxon, who was under par in only one of his four matches, meant that the United States, the defending champions, were out and the thrusting Swedes were in the final against the South Africans.

Relief Goosen, who went off first for South Africa, was an unsung hero for the men from the southern hemisphere. He won all five of his matches and only one round of his was above par. He was never behind against Parnevik. When Goosen reached the middle of the 18th green safely and Parnevik pitched on the front edge, and like thousands

before him watched his ball roll back into the Valley of Sin, there was no possibility that the Swede could claw back the stroke difference.

As the year has gone on, Johansson has gained in authority and if his game continues to improve as it has since 1995, say, then a truly formidable competitor, albeit rather a slow one, may have emerged. Johansson's victory over David Love at Valderrama was no fluke and his 71, much of it played while the wind was at its fiercest, was his second sub-par round of the day and good enough to see off David Frost.

So it would all be decided by Haeggman, the hero of the morning, and Els, the hero of the night, and the hero of the day, just the hero, a man two days past his 28th birthday. Haeggman had little chance, the temp of inspiration that had lit up his play earlier having

disappeared. A rock steady 72 was not going to be good enough to beat Els, who had a 69.

Els and South Africa now hold the World and Dunhill Cups. It was an emotional victory for Frost, who in 1991, was, at 32, the youngest member of a side that also included John Bland and Gary Player. It was Frost who insisted that Els should face Haeggman in the third match when Els wanted to play Parnevik.

"Ernie was our trump card at the back of the field," Frost said. Els was a heavyweight on a day when weight and experience were both needed. "You know we don't get weather like this back home," he said, clearly wrapped up well with a bobble cap on his head, and a polo neck topped by several other thick sweaters. "And if we do, we don't play in it."

RESULTS FROM ST ANDREWS

GROUP ONE: England 0 United States 3 (England names first: L. Westwood 69 lost to M. O'Leary 67; R. Clayton 73 lost to S. Faxon 70; M. James 72 lost to J. Leonard 69). Argentina 29 Japan 16 (Argentina names first: E. Romero 72 lost to S. Hellig 73; A. Caceres 69 lost to T. Witternbe 73; J. Coccaro 70 halved with N. Sato 70).

GROUP TWO: Sweden 2 Australia 1 (Sweden names first: P.-U. Johansson 65 lost to S. Elkington 72 at 20th; J. Haeggman 65 lost to S. Apollonio 68; J. Parnevik 70 lost to I. Alenby 68). France 3 Taiwan 0 (France names first: M. Fanny 70 lost to Chen Liang, 69; F. Tardieu 71 lost to H. Hsueh-shun 75; van de Velde 67 lost to Hsueh Yu-shu 76).

GROUP THREE: Ireland 2 Germany 1 (Ireland names first: D. Clarke 69 lost to A. Cogan 74; P. Harrington 65 lost to S. Stiver 69; P. McElroy 71 lost to T. Cagelan 67). Scotland 14 South Africa 2 (Scotland names first: R. Russell 71 lost to D. Frost 68; S. Broad 67 lost to R. Goosen 67 at 19th; C. Montgomerie 66 halved with E. Els 69).

South Africa	P	W	L	Pts
Scotland	3	3	0	13
Ireland	3	2	2	7
Germany	3	0	3	0

GROUP FOUR: Spain 2 South Korea 1 (Spain names first: M. A. Martin 78 lost to Yon Joo-Young 70; M. A. Jimenez 74 lost to Kang Woo-Soo 74 lost at 20th; I. Garrido 70 lost to Mo Joong-Kyung 76). New Zealand 3 Zimbabwe 0 (New Zealand names first: F. Nozle 70 lost to N. Prica 69; S. Altier 70 lost to I. Johnstone 75; M. Long 67 lost to M. McNulty 68).

New Zealand	P	W	L	Pts
Zimbabwe	3	0	3	0
Spain	3	2	1	11
South Korea	3	0	3	0

SEMI-FINALS: United States 1 Sweden 2 (United States names first: D. Mearns 68 lost to Parnevik 68; Leonard 72 lost to Haeggman 68; Faxon 74 lost to Johansson 71). South Africa 2 New Zealand 1 (South Africa names first: Goosen 67 lost to Long 72; Frost 72 lost to Altier 74; Els 70 lost to Nozle 68).

FINAL: South Africa 2 Sweden 1 (South Africa names first: Goosen 70 lost to Parnevik 71; Els 69 lost to Haeggman 72).

Haeggman makes hay on fairway to heaven

By BEN HOGAN

BEN HOGAN once dreamt that he had 17 holes in one and woke up furious because he failed to hole in one on the 18th as well (John Hopkins writes). Such golf is possible only in one's mind, though Joakim Haeggman played nine holes in 27 strokes over the Old Course at St Andrews yesterday that resembled the stuff of dreams.

Several players have taken only 27 strokes for nine holes. Mike Souchak and Andy North on the United States tour and Robert Lee (twice) and José María Canizares in Europe. Last year Mark O'Meara raced to the turn at the Old Course in 28, including eight successive birdies, and admitted that he never thought he would see the day when that score was beaten.

But if ever the advance of technology, skill, strength of the modern professional and improved conditioning of golf courses was demonstrated convincingly, Haeggman did it on a day of breathtaking calm and clarity when he started with a par followed by a birdie and then reeled off an eagle and six birdies in a row.

Justin Leonard, Haeggman's opponent in the Sweden and United States semi-final, had done little wrong, yet found himself nine strokes behind.

What Haeggman did to the Old Course yesterday was remarkable, not least because he did not really play all that well and because recent alterations have lengthened the outward nine by 30 yards. Haeggman, however, was inspired on the greens, holing putts of 20ft on the 7th and 25ft on the 6th and 9th and taking only nine putts for as many holes. On the 3rd he did not need to putt at all because he holed a wedge-stroke from 133 yards for an eagle two.

At the conclusion of his round, Haeggman seemed underwhelmed. Perhaps his elation had been sapped by his homecoming half of 41, the rot starting when he hooked wildly on the 12th in trying to drive the green, lost the ball and took a seven. Nine under par after 11 holes, he finished only four under.

BOWLS

Gillett stays cool at finish to win Open

By DAVID RUTS JONES

THE story was the classic one of the humble chorus girl who takes over the lead role and wows them in the stalls, but the arena yesterday was the Preston Guild Hall and the event the Bupa Care Homes Open Championship.

Les Gillett, 26, a left-hander, took full advantage of the World Bowls Tour's new system and beat four world champions to take the title.

Gillett's 7-5, 7-0, 6-7, 7-4 victory over David Gourlay, the 1996 world indoor singles champion, followed wins over Ian Schuback, Hugh Duff and John Price.

"I was a complete outsider until August, when Gary Smith, the secretary of the Professional Bowls Association (PBA), phoned me and told me that there were going to be play-offs for places in the Open and the world championship," Gillett said.

"Previously, the only way of getting into the field for major televised events was to win your national title or a national qualifier, to which only a favoured few were invited. By joining the PBA I've had the chance to prove that the road to the top is open to everyone."

The final was an entertaining, bit-bang affair, with five maximum counts — three to Gillett and two to Gourlay. Gillett trailed 5-0 in the first set before fighting back. "I play better when I'm nervous, but I could hardly deliver a bowl at the start," he said. He won the second set in just two ends, but at 6-6 in the third, he conceded the shot, and started kicking the bowls to the back of the rink, forgetting that he had another wood to play.

Fortifying the right to play it, Gillett lost the set 7-6, but embarked on the fourth set as if nothing untoward had happened.

Gourlay was unlucky to drop a four on the second end to trail 6-0, but Gillett was equally unfortunate to concede a full house on the third end. However, Gillett used his fourth bowl to maximum effect and calmly drew the winning shot.

TV Action Replay, page 33

CRICKET: AUSTRALIAN LEG SPINNER STAYS AT HOME AFTER FLIRTING WITH THREE COUNTRIES

Warne turns back on risk game

By ALAN LEE
CRICKET CORRESPONDENT

IN THE cold light of an autumn morning, there can be no surprise that the most coveted cricketer in the world has decided against spending next summer on the toughest of treadmills. Though it will cause dismay in at least three counties, Shane Warne has taken an entirely logical decision in rejecting the financial lure of English county cricket. He has also, unwittingly, advertised the increasing unworkability of the overseas player system.

Let us face it. Warne would have been mad to come. Forget the fancy figures being touted from Trent Bridge and Hove, for they simply prove that cricket can command corporate backing whenever charisma is involved. Warne, his physical fitness precarious, would have been risking far more than he could have hoped to gain.

There is a cynical view, difficult to dismiss, that this protracted saga was a sham, that Warne's only motivation in flirting with county cricket was to persuade his Australian employers to head off the possibility with improved

money and security. Many of Warne's friends among English players are of this view and have been since this phenomenal leg spinner announced, through his Sunday newspaper column, that he was open to offers.

There was never likely to be a shortage of interest and it had the twin virtues of giving his column a long-standing plot while putting the frighteners on those who pay the wages back in Melbourne.

Warne went so far down this road, and found it lined with so much gold, that he may almost have persuaded himself. Success, with a deal brokered by their former captain, Tony Greig, offered possibilities of messianic stature within a threadbare team: at Nottinghamshire, bankrolled by Boots, he could have earned a small fortune on a favourite Test ground, albeit one on which he showed the unattractive side of his nature with his juvenile celebrations of the Ashes victory in August.

Northamptonshire were still in the hunt and Lancashire would have been keen but for the thorny problem of having to pay off Wasim Akram first. Warne was spoilt for choice, yet, as he repeated



Warne logical decision

he failed to meet self-set deadlines, even his insistence that he was "90 per cent certain" to sign for a county, carried little weight.

When he came clean over the weekend, telling all prospective suitors they had been wasting time and effort, Warne played the family card first, stressing how he wanted to spend more time with his wife, Simone, and daughter, Brooke. This was disingenuous — he had obviously thought of them before and their passage to England was included in every offer.

It was when he spoke of the pressures applied on him, and of the international schedule

ahead, that Warne's words rang true. "Many people had advice from those who said I should go while I had the chance to those who said I should not risk more wear and tear while I still had a few good years left as an Australian Test player."

"I was the one who had to work out what was best for me and I was the one who had to accept the consequences. In the next year, Australia have a very hectic schedule."

They are, of course, not alone in this. The international calendar, after a leisurely schedule confined to certain accepted months, has fewer gaps each year. The travel and playing itineraries of the top players are ever more intensive and, increasingly, they encroach on the previously sacrosanct English summer.

His methods may smack of opportunism but Warne has ultimately been faithful to his country and his career by refusing county offers. The same will be said of virtually all the best players in years to come and unless counties wish to squander their money on the second rate or the uncommitted, they must now accept that the overseas player market is no longer an asset.

Spinners punished by Pollock

By ALTHOUGH Adam Bacher

missed his maiden Test century by four runs, lively contributions from Hansie Cronje, the captain, Shaun Pollock and Lance Klusener helped South Africa to a first-innings total of 402 against Pakistan on the third day of the second Test at Sheikhupura. Pakistan were 53 for one in reply when bad light halted play.

Bacher, who resumed on 78, was troubled by the slow bowlers and was beaten three times in an over by Mushtaq Ahmed before the leg spinner turned one sharply to have him caught behind.

Cronje was fifth out at 252, but not before he had broken the grip of the spinners, hitting two sixes off Mushtaq and one off Ali Husain Rizvi in his half-century.

Pollock and Klusener, who added 96, followed their captain's example until Klusener was dismissed leg-before by Azhar Mahmood for 58. Pollock was last man out, caught on the boundary at long-off for 82, his highest Test score.

Scoreboard, page 38

Cayard on course to complete unexpected first-leg victory

By EDWARD GORMAN, SAILING CORRESPONDENT

THE first leg of the Whitbread Round the World Race is reaching its climax with Paul Cayard, in *EF Language*, expected to finish in Cape Town late tonight or early tomorrow, as the battle for second place continues around 100 miles astern of him.

Yesterday, Cayard was looking comfortable for an unexpected first-leg win, sailing straight down the rhumb line to the finish at about 15 knots. Kari Frostad, aboard the second-placed *Innovation* Kvaerner, and Grant Dalton, third in *Merit Cup*, were steering similar courses but were 109 and 112 miles behind respectively.

Overall, the first three in the fleet do not look in any danger because there is a cushion of around 250 miles between *Merit* and the fourth-placed yacht, *Silk Cut*, skippered by Lawrie Smith of Great Britain. Smith in turn is almost 275 miles ahead of Mark Fischer's *Chesley Racing*.

It has been a good weekend for Smith, whose boat was the fastest in the fleet on Saturday

night, after a day on which *Silk Cut* recorded a 24-hour distance record for the first leg of 417.2 miles. Steve Hayles, the navigator, reported: "The leg to date has been fairly slow but the last 30 hours have given us all a reminder of why we do this race. In the previous two days we have been working hard to get as far south as possible, so as to hook into a deep Southern Ocean depression. The breeze finally kicked in just before midnight and in 18 hours we covered 310 miles at an average speed of over 17 knots."

The brisk conditions caused minor damage to many boats. On Saturday, Ross Field, skipper of the seventh-placed *America's Challenge*, reported a huge breach in 47 knots of wind as his *W60* ploughed under with masthead spinnaker and spinnaker staysail set. Cl At the Laser class world championships at Algarrobo, in Chile, Hugh Styles, of Britain, was byes styles after five races, with fellow British and Olympic silver medal-winner, Ben Ainslie, in ninth position. Nik Burfoot, of New Zealand, leads the race.

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Tucker riding out the Storm

By NICHOLAS HARLING

LIFE was put in its true perspective for Steve Tucker last winter when he crawled out of his Chevrolet, which had flipped twice on the Mississippi freeway before crashing into a gully. "I was lucky to be alive and I knew when I got out that I still wanted to coach," he said.

It was with that narrow escape in mind that Tucker could not get too depressed about Derby Storm's disappointing start to the season. "But sometimes," he said, "a light comes up in the attic and you don't know where it came from." So it was on Saturday when the Storm, who had lost ignominiously the previous week to the Budweiser League's bottom-but-one club,

Crystal Palace, defeated the high-flying Thames Valley Tigers 93-63 to give their season extra purpose.

Formerly coach to Hemel Hempstead (now Watford) Royals (for two days) and Birmingham Bulls, Tucker, 40, answered the call from Mike Horton, the Derby owner, during the summer after he had released Jeff Jones. With only a single win — against the Royals, the league's bottom club — Tucker's start was anything but promising. "We hit the rocks and tripped over some of them," he said, "but we kept our belief and against the Tigers our young team grew up in front of the fans, who had been fantastic."

One of Tucker's new recruits, Ted Berry, led the scoring with 33 points for the Storm, who, after finishing the first half all square at 46-46, made their move in a post-interval surge of 18-7. Facing his former club, Jason Siemon collected 22 points for the Tigers.

Both the other games on Saturday were lopsided affairs. Worthing Bears, who had come within seven points of beating the Leopards the previous evening, ran out of energy on the long trek to Newcastle Eagles, where they were humbled 86-56. Ricardo Leonard returned from a family bereavement to contribute 24 points for Chester Jets, who beat Watford Royals 105-67.

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Graham takes plaudits as Leeds leave Dalglish lost for words Newcastle lose sense of adventure



LEEDS UNITED 4
NEWCASTLE UNITED 1
By Mark Hodgkinson

AMONG the less well-known services of Kevin Keegan plc are the motivational speeches that he offers to industry. If the price is right, he will expound the virtues of enterprise, self-belief, teamwork, and, in case you missed it first time around, more enterprise.

An hour with Special KK and staff are racing to their desks, doing deals at double speed, begging for overtime, and it is all accomplished with a do-or-die panache. True, the company might have been wise to think twice before speculating in Nicaragua bath salts but, hey, life is supposed to be fun.

Newcastle United, under Kevin Keegan's guidance, were fiercely loyal to the creed. Their football was reckless in the extreme, but always with a smile and a goal, or five. Where there was once daring, there is now Kenny Dalglish. The Newcastle manager aspires to neat, passing football, but the safety nets must be in place at all times.

Leeds United, thus far, have been average to abysmal in front of their home supporters. In sporting parlance, they were there for the taking at Elland Road on Saturday. Newcastle did not notice: they were too rigidly defensive and fearful of enterprise to concern themselves with Leeds' shortcomings.

Dalglish pitched Ian Rush, playing against his former club, as a lone striker against a hard tackling, quick-footed, four-man Leeds defence. Rush is 36, barely match-fit and trying to rediscover his form. He struggled even to reach nuisance value and, within minutes of the kick-off, it was obvious in which direction the traffic would flow for the rest of the game.

Ribeiro scored first when he aimed a hopeful stretched leg at a Wallace cross. Kewell bundled the second goal over the line after catching Lee dithering in his own



Kelly, of Leeds, bursts between Watson, left, and Howey, the Newcastle defenders, at Elland Road. Photograph: John Giles

penalty area. A trio of messy goals was completed when Beresford deflected a scuffed shot by Hopkin past Given, the goalkeeper.

Just after half-time Weirall headed home direct from a corner. Under Keegan's regime, Leeds might have steadied themselves for a stirring Newcastle fightback and a possible 4-3 win, but there was no need. Soon after the fourth goal, there was a cameo that epitomised Newcastle's obsession with caution. Given was about to kick the ball upfield, but there was no one to whom he could aim. Six Newcastle players were in their own penalty area, while the rest were barely ten yards in advance of it.

Newcastle scored a goal they did not deserve when a loob forward deceived Marlyn, the Leeds goalkeeper, who had raced needlessly from his area. Gillespie let the ball drop on to his forehead and lifted it into an unguarded goal.

Dalglish wore a look of bewilderment at the after-match press conference. He stared into the middle-distance solemnly, in a world of his own. It was a few seconds before anyone dared to ask a question. Finally, it came. What did he think of his team's performance? "Not much," he replied. He took a while too long to answer, reluctant to part with the words, "I can't give an explanation. The

performance levels were totally unacceptable." He was asked if anyone had been injured. "We wouldn't pick up any injuries playing like that, would we?" he countered. "The biggest thing hurt today was our pride."

George Graham, the Leeds manager, was, by contrast, savouring the moment. He was complimented on a "fantastic performance" by one journalist. "I cannot hear you, speak up," Graham said, asking him to announce it to the room. "It was a good all-round performance. We kept it very, very tight and were creating chances. The players are willing, honest and have some ability too," he said. Afterwards,

Dalglish retreated to a nearby corridor, next to the press lounge, where he spoke to his trusted cabal of journalists, drawn mainly from the North East.

They asked him about Cole and Gascoigne, two players with whom the club has been linked. The denials did not appear to be profuse or protracted; Newcastle supporters take heart, life may soon be fun again.

LEEDS UNITED (4-4-2): N. Marlyn — G. Halls, D. Whelan, L. Riechers, D. Robertson — G. Kelly, A. Hauland, B. Riechers, D. Hopkin (sub: L. Bowyer, 87min) — R. Howey, N. Watson. NEWCASTLE UNITED (3-5-1-1): S. Given — S. Watson, D. Peacock, S. Howey — W. Barton, R. Lee, D. Batty, J. Barnes (sub: K. Gillespie, 55), D. Beresford — T. Kewell (sub: J. D. Tomlinson, 52) — I. Rush. Referee: D. Elmsley.

Arsenal put on the spot by Bergkamp ban



CRYSTAL PALACE 0
ARSENAL 0
By Brian Glanville

ARSENAL stay top of the FA Carling Premiership after this undistinguished goalless draw, but for how long? Dennis Bergkamp, cautioned for the fifth time this season, will miss three league games, just as he missed their Uefa Cup game in Salonika against PAOK — though that was through fear of flying. Arsenal lost that match. Without the Dutchman, they resemble a car without an engine and one of the matches he must miss is against Manchester United.

Nothing much of any creative consequence comes from the midfield and, without Bergkamp at his side, life will be hard for Ian Wright. At Selhurst Park on Saturday, it was Wright who came closest to a goal. Bergkamp, booked for a second-half foul, could well have been shown a yellow card or worse when, in the first half, he swung a boot at Andy Roberts.

His manager, Arsène Wenger, spoke up strongly for Bergkamp afterwards. "We always see that the same things are not punished against him," he said, "which is a concern when you see opponents with their arms around him for five, six or seven seconds. The No 22 [Herman Hreidarsson] did so many fouls against him and always without being punished."

Steve Coppell, the Palace manager, not surprisingly, saw things differently. "Herman was superb and I thought it a good match-up between the two. Bergkamp's immensely strong and he's got to accept that, occasionally, people are going to make contact with him. I think Herman stayed his ground, and he's a strong man himself, but there's no way he wrestled with him; he just stood off and marked him."

In fits and starts, Bergkamp still managed to look the fine player that he is, an intricate piece of footwork here, a telling pass there, occasionally a shot. Amillo Lombardo, by contrast, faded into obscurity in the second half. With Edworthy overlapping so dangerously in the later stages of the first half, one can understand why Coppell plays Lombardo so centrally. But it is not his role. He is not a great ball-player; essentially, he is a piston of a right wing with a good change of pace, who can go up

and down the touchline forever. Late in the match he gave way to his compatriot, Ivano Bonetti, who, at 33, should still have some good games in him. As for that other Italian, Lombardo's former teammate at Juventus, the 31-year-old striker, Michele Padovano, Coppell said: "He won't be coming, I don't think."

Palace, however, could certainly do with him. They did not force a save from David Seaman until midway through the second half, when he had little trouble dealing with a first-time effort from Paul Warhurst. Kevin Miller, the Palace goalkeeper, had far more to do and did it well. In the first half when Ian Wright, playing on the pitch where he made his name, unleashed a low shot, Miller threw himself to turn it away. Earlier, Tony Adams should have done better when, after elegant work on the right by Bergkamp, he directed a tame header straight at Miller. Just after half-time, Wright jinked and jostled his way through, but Edworthy blocked his shot.

Luis Boa Morte, making his Premiership debut for Arsenal on the left wing, should have had a penalty in the first half when Edworthy palpably nudged him back. By and large, however, the young Portuguese found this a harsh anticlimax after the Coca-Cola romp against Birmingham City on Tuesday. Little that he did succeeded and, soon after being booked, he came off.

CRYSTAL PALACE (3-4-3): K. Miller — H. Hreidarsson, A. Roberts, A. Loughran, M. Edworthy, A. Lombardo (sub: I. Bonetti, 88min), S. Bonaldi, A. Padovano (sub: P. Warhurst, 50), G. Nott, sub: N. Stanger. ARSENAL (4-4-2): D. Seaman — G. Givens, S. Bonaldi, A. Adams, N. Winstanley — S. Watson (sub: A. Hogg, 77), P. Viala, E. Pels, L. Boa Morte (sub: D. Platt, 58) — D. Bergkamp, I. Wright. Referee: S. Dunn.

Gullit stays firm in his beliefs to triumph on and off the pitch



CHELSEA 1
LEICESTER CITY 0
By Keith Pike

AS SOMEONE who once declined his country's invitation to a World Cup because he did not agree with the coach's methods, there is an element of goalpoacher-turned-gamekeeper that does not sit easily with Ruud Gullit's image as the urbane, accommodating Chelsea player-manager: so cool that to see him perspiring even on such a steamy afternoon was a shock, so laid-back that you half-expected him to be carried horizontally into the Stamford Bridge press-room to analyse his team's latest success.

Those who mistook affability for weakness soon discovered that behind the broad smile and warm exterior was a ruthless streak. Players who wanted guaranteed places had to find them at other clubs, while those who stayed discovered that victory one week could be followed by demotion the next. Using an iron fist inside a velvet glove, Gullit won the battle with his staff hands down: this victory may have gone some way to achieving the same result with any doubters in the stands.

For 88 minutes an increasingly restless crowd had seen Chelsea frustrated by their own wastefulness in the penalty area and the unorthodox methods of a nervous but inspired debutant goalkeeper. They demanded the introduction of Mark Hughes from the substitutes' bench to get among a heavily manned and stoical Leicester City defence; they urged their team to abandon its studied, patient build-ups and get the ball in the box. They eventually got their first wish,

but not the second; and, in the end, they had to recognise that Gullit, once again, had got it right.

The late, decisive goal, hit from some 30 yards into the top right-hand corner with venomous power and exquisite precision, was described by Frank Leboeuf, the scorer, as "the most beautiful in my career". It reduced Martin O'Neill, the Leicester manager, to the point of tears. And it completed for Gullit "one of the most satisfying performances" that he has been involved with — and this from the coach of a team that possesses the best goals-per-game ratio of any in the FA Carling Premiership.

"I was very proud of the way we handled it," Gullit said. "We played with patience, we played with our heads as well as our hearts and we did not panic. In the past, Chelsea would not have won that game."

"It is important to do well against teams like Arsenal, Liverpool and Manchester United, but it is just as important to beat teams like Leicester. My ambition is to make people

play better — it gives me more satisfaction than the victory itself."

Pressed into action from the 28th minute on Saturday, when Graeme Le Saux fell heavily in the Leicester penalty area and dislocated an elbow, Gullit was able to orchestrate as well as admire at close quarters a performance that oozed class and composure. Gallantly as Leicester worked to stem the flow, they could have suffered a defeat every bit as comprehensive as the one that Chelsea inflicted on Barnsley in August.

That they did not was down to poor finishing by, in particular, Flo and Babayaro — although the latter was also unlucky to hit the crossbar in the first half — and the athleticism of Peggy Aphexad, the inexperienced French goalkeeper summoned when Kasey Keller fractured his thumb in training on Friday. Six times Chelsea thought they had beaten him from long range, six times the ball was turned over the crossbar.

"We were up against a world-class side," O'Neill said. "Anyone who can afford to leave Mark Hughes on the bench has lots going for it. With that sort of class, you would be entitled to think you would go close to winning the title." Chelsea, staff and supporters, were not about to disagree.

CHELSEA (4-4-2): E. de Geay — F. Sincir, F. Leboeuf, S. Clarke, G. Le Saux (sub: R. Gullit, 28min) — D. Patterson, E. Newton, R. D. Hogg (sub: 14 Hughes, 73), C. Babayaro — T. A. Rio (sub: G. Vial, 80), D. Zola. LEICESTER CITY (3-5-2): P. Aphexad — S. Price, M. Elliott, P. Karmali — R. Savage, S. Campbell (sub: J. Watts, 60), N. Lennor, M. Scott, S. Givens — E. Hoggins, S. Clancy (sub: G. Fenton, 38). Referee: U. Rennie.



BARNLEY 1
COVENTRY CITY 0
Today, 8.0



Oliver Holt
Every game is a crunch game now for Barnsley, every game filled with desperation and the struggle against relegation that has

encompassed upon the joy that everyone felt at their elevation to the FA Carling Premiership so early in their first season in the top division.

Danny Wilson's side are, at least, still within striking distance of other teams, a position that many observers feel will not be within their grasp by Christmas. Tonight, at Oakwell, though, they will be able to lift themselves off the bottom of the table if they can secure three points against Coventry City, who are no strangers themselves to the art of battling their way out of the basement.

BARNLEY (4-4-2): D. Wilson — A. Hughes, A. de Souza, P. Shutt, D. Barnard — R. Saxon, E. Taylor, N. Redman, C. Marshall — G. Hoggins, A. Ward. COVENTRY CITY (probable 4-4-2): S. Givens — G. Bagen, P. Williams, R. Shaw, D. Burrows — P. Taylor, G. Macdonald, T. E. Solovoy, J. Salako — D. Hoggins, K. Lightbourne.

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PREDICTION: Barnsley to secure rare victory.

Kinnear can afford to laugh as Villa count cost of failure



ASTON VILLA 1
WIMBLEDON 2
By Russell Kempson

VILLA PARK could have been alive with Gazzanman on Saturday. Paul Gascoigne, the clown prince of England and Rangers, was rumoured to be joining the ranks. Bring out the flags, rejoice. The saviour of St Paul will shortly be among us.

At the Holte End, the barometer of all things good and bad, the home supporters stayed silent. Even when Aston Villa were slipping almost apologetically towards their sixth defeat in the FA Carling Premiership this season, not a Gascoigne murmur could be heard.

That 43 per cent of those polled in a local paper suggested Gascoigne should reaffirm his allegiance to Rangers should have given a clue. That Doug Ellis, the Villa chairman, was reported to be meeting Mel Stein, one of Gascoigne's advisers, on Saturday night, inspired little but trepidation. That a 30-year-old, with suspect body and soul, would command a fee of £4.5 million and wages of £28,000 a week chilled the claret-and-blue blood.

Brin Little, the manager, also played it cool. Had he made an offer to Rangers? "I refuse to confirm that," he replied. Was the chairman about to enter negotiations? "He may well do." Had the speculation affected the Villa players? "Players get used to it." Is the Gascoigne deal on? "My main concern is the Uefa Cup game against Athletic Bilbao on Tuesday. That's all that is on my agenda."

By yesterday morning, the sense

of foreboding had eased. Ellis and Stein had apparently not met. Newcastle United had taken over pole position in the potential bidding and, anyway, maybe Gascoigne wants to stay put. The dark cloud above Villa Park may pass by.

Other clouds hover, though, with anything but silver linings. What is wrong with Villa? Why can they only rarely produce, whatever system or personnel Little chooses? And how are they going to cope with the Basques of Bilbao in their second round, first-leg tie in Spain, tomorrow night?

It is unlikely that a solution is close at hand, such is the gravity and perplexity of the predicament. If Little is mostly mystified — "We defended poorly, we waited for things to happen, we never got the tempo right," he ventured lamely — what chance has the humble scribe or ordinary punter?

Against a willing and workmanlike Wimbledon, nobody could blame Stan Collymore, either.

After a paltry return of one goal in 13 matches since his £7 million move from Liverpool, he sat it out because of suspension. Even with Yorke and Milosevic reunited up front, Villa were unsettled and unconvincing. No imagination, no invention: short on confidence and competence.

At least Joe Kinnear, the Wimbledon manager, could chortle. "You don't need money to win matches," he said, with another of his no-nonsense digs at Premiership fat cats. "We've been doing it for years."

Cort, 19, cost not a penny and has progressed through the club's renowned youth and reserve teams. He guided in a 62nd-minute cross from Ceri Hughes, for his fifth goal in seven starts this season, and should move on to a higher plane. Earle had given Wimbledon a first-half lead, Taylor had equalised.

Kinnear, in devilish mood, also entered the great Gazza debate. "In Scotland, you only get four big games a season," he said, referring to the quartet of Rangers-Celtic knees-ups. "Paul should come back to England, we'd then find out what he's really all about. If it's with Villa, then he might give them a new impetus." As usual, Kinnear spoke for the underdog. The minority, at Villa Park, he was in a minority of about one.

ASTON VILLA (3-5-2): M. Bannister — U. Elia, R. Scrimshaw (sub: A. Wright, 74min), G. Southgate — G. Charles, S. Currie (sub: J. Aspinall, 74), S. Gayson, I. Taylor, S. Sturton — D. Yorke, S. Milosevic. WIMBLEDON (3-1-4-2): N. Sullivan — C. Perry, D. Backwell, B. Threlkirk — V. Jones — K. Carrington, M. Hughes, R. Earle (sub: N. Andley, 55), C. Hughes — C. Cort, E. Elia. Referee: K. Buge.

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Henchoz brings Swiss role to Rovers



BLACKBURN ROVERS 1
SOUTHAMPTON 0
By Matt Dickinson

FIRST time around, it was a big, brash and extravagantly funded production. Blackburn Rovers' *The Revival* is a quieter affair, but it promises to be no less effective or enthralling.

Whereas Kenny Dalglish took on the bully boys of the FA Carling Premiership by flexing Sir Jack Walker's considerable financial muscle, Roy Hodgson, the manager, has guided the club almost surreptitiously to second place in the table. Blackburn's victory over Southampton at Ewood Park on Saturday, which lifted them above Manchester United, was confirmation that they are mounting a championship challenge — not that anyone at Ewood Park will admit as much under Hodgson's understated regime.

This unassuming man shows few signs that his career has taken him from Croydon to Blackburn via one of the great power bases of world football at Internazionale. Even the supporters appear to have adopted his low-key mood, seemingly unaware that a team bottom of the Premiership 12 months ago now stands within touching distance of the summit.

The approach is reflected in the type of players Hodgson has brought to the club: unpretentious men such as Stéphane Henchoz, who was wandering around after the game on Saturday carrying his belongings in a Tesco carrier bag.

The centre half, his choice of supermarket and his spurning of Manchester United in the summer for a quieter life in the Ribbles Valley epitomises the work ethic that Hodgson has instilled. "Some people in Germany said I could not be very well in the head to choose Blackburn ahead of Old Trafford," the Switzerland international, lured from SV Hamburg for £3 million, said. "I spent three days thinking about it, because I knew Blackburn could never be as big as United. But it was a big change coming to England from Germany and, as a 23-year-old, I wanted to be sure of first-team football. I have had no regrets."

"I played under Roy when he was manager of Switzerland, so I know what a great coach he is. We work more than other teams because he knows exactly what he wants and has very firm ideas about the game. He has so many tactical plans and in training he makes us do them again and again until we get them right. Sometimes that can be frustrating, but on match day you see how it all works."

Blackburn's functional victory was by no means the best demonstration of that meticulous planning, but then their ability to win when short of their best earned them the championship under Dalglish. Their domination of possession was only reflected by Tim Sherwood's 25th-minute goal, the captain striking a hobbled defender from the edge of the area after good work by the lively Kevin Gallacher and the indefatigable Chris Sutton.

With Henchoz and Colin Hendry so resolute at the back, the assertion by Dave Jones, the Southampton manager, that his team deserved something seemed somewhat wide of the mark, despite some promising enticement from David Hirst on his debut. It was Southampton's fifth defeat in as many Premiership matches away from home this season. They were far from outclassed, but there was a distinctly first-division look about them and it is no wonder Jones constantly appears to be on the brink of tears.

BLACKBURN ROVERS (4-4-2): T. Flowers — J. Kenna, S. Henchoz, C. Hendry, G. Collis. S. Hoyle (sub: M. McGuffee, 70 min), T. Sherwood, L. Roberts, D. Duff — K. Gallacher, C. Sutton.
SOUTHAMPTON (4-4-2): P. Jones — J. Dodd, K. Modest, C. Lindeboom, F. Davis — R. S. Smith, M. Doolley, S. K. Richardson, C. Palmer, S. Charlton (sub: A. Williams, 61 min) — K. Davies, O. Hargreaves, G. Whelan.

Champions' stubbornness earns point after Wanchope works wonders



His celebration ritual may lack originality but Wanchope again showed incomparable qualities in scoring the goal that put Derby 2-0 up. Photograph: Marc Aspland

Derby denied by United's pride

THE match had been good enough, anyway. Paulo Wanchope had scored a marvellous goal and achieved the rare feat of making Gary Neville look silly in the process. Teddy Sheringham had had a penalty saved, Andy Cole had come off the substitutes' bench to score a clinical equaliser. It could have ended there in the exhilarating draw between Derby County and Manchester United but there was an encore, too.

It was a vaudevilian episode, really, a modest soap opera snippet of revenge and retribution from the underbelly of football. In its seamy sort of way, though, it provided yet another indication that Alex Ferguson, the Manchester United manager, is most definitely not for mellowing, that the process of the fostering of grievances that he likes to build within him and his team is under way again for another season.

It started when a bespectacled Derby official in a jacket of rich burgundy walked into the press-room at Pride Park and made an announcement. "Mr Ferguson," he said, "has declined your invitation to come to speak to you. He will be leaving shortly on the team coach." And with that, the fun really started.

Jim Smith, the Derby manager and one of Ferguson's great admirers, could hardly suppress his mirth when he reached the end of his own press conference. "Alex isn't coming," he said. "Somebody misquoted him, apparently." The problem, it transpired, was not that at all. The problem was that someone had quoted him.

After United had lost to Ipswich Town in the Coca-Cola Cup at Portman Road on Tuesday, it was obvious to all who attended his post-match debrief that he was far from distraught about being eliminated from a competition that has become an irrelevance for the leading clubs in the FA Carling Premiership.

He made some comments to that effect but made it clear that they were off the record.

Whereupon a London-based reporter, still harbouring a grudge about being derided as "a nasty wee spiv" by the United manager after the posting of an innocuous question some years previously, sensed an opportunity to get his own back.

The quote duly appeared, and Ferguson, who has already banned the representatives of one national newspaper from all press conferences at the Cliff, Manchester United's training ground, promptly banned the representatives of another, too, and then tarred everyone with the same brush by failing to appear at Pride Park.

Quite how he would react if he was



DERBY COUNTY 2
MANCHESTER UNITED 2
By Oliver Holt
Football Correspondent

receiving the same sort of criticism as Gerry Francis and Howard Kendall does not bear thinking about. The point, though, a point which has been made many times before and which Smith made forcefully again, is that it is that very bloody-mindedness which has helped to bring him so many honours and that he has managed to instil in his team.

"Our problem today," Smith said, "was that we could not quite believe that we could beat Manchester United. In the second half, we sat back and we allowed them to play too many balls into the box. But there are not many teams who would have done what they did. They were

2-0 down but they kept playing and kept playing and eventually they wore us down."

In the first half, Derby, who started the day in sixth place as the FA Carling Premiership's form team, overran the champions. Wanchope, their Costa Rican midfielder, who is an elusive, gangling mixture of Faustino Asprilla and Chris Waddle, tore the United defence apart, robbed them of their composure, and reduced them to an indisciplined shadow of their usual selves.

They took the lead midway through the half. Rowett curled in a free kick, Wanchope rose above his marker and headed down powerfully, and even though Schmeichel produced a wonderful save, Baiano, Derby's close-season capture from Fiorentina, volleyed the ball back into the net.

Five minutes later, Poom, redeemed his own error in tripping Giggs by pushing Sheringham's penalty on to a post and six minutes before half-time, Wanchope, who by now had Neville thoroughly rattled, turned the England defender sweetly, nutmegged Berg and side-footed his shot past Schmeichel. He should have scored Derby's third in the dying seconds of the half but crashed his shot against the bar.

In the second half, though, as Derby tired, Neville epitomised the very spirit that Smith had highlighted, the kind of bloody-mindedness Ferguson had instilled. Six minutes after the interval, his determination got him to a long throw out from Poom before Sturridge. He advanced down the right wing and crossed for Sheringham to head in unchallenged. The stage was set for Cole's 53rd minute equaliser and the man in the burgundy jacket.

DERBY COUNTY (4-3-1-2): M. Poom — G. Rowett, C. Dooly, J. Lumsden, C. Powell — R. Smith (sub: J. Hunt, 70 min), J. Carlsby, P. Trollope — F. Baiano (sub: D. Burton, 68 min) — D. Sturridge, P. Wanchope.
MANCHESTER UNITED (4-4-2): P. Schmeichel — G. Neville, M. Berg, G. Potters, D. Jones (sub: P. Neville, 68 min) — D. Satchwell, N. Butt (sub: R. Johnson, 49 min), P. Scholes (sub: A. Cole, 70 min), R. Giggs (sub: E. Shearer, 68 min), O. G. Scalesby.
Referee: G. Poll



Ferguson makes his views known to the referee, Graham Poll, at Pride Park

Kendall frustrated by Everton's inconsistency



EVERTON 2
LIVERPOOL 0
By David Maddock

HE looked no more than six years old, and, perched precariously on his dad's shoulders, the boy was probably not even of an age to know what he was chanting. Blond hair, wide blue eyes filled with laughter, it was the spectacle, the occasion that excited him as he squeaked in the falsetto of youth: "Can we play you every week?"

From the mouths of innocents. Wrapped in the blue of his father's Everton, the youngster was enjoying the sight of hunched Liverpool players trooping on to their bus outside Goodison Park, a broken team.

He had taken up his cry from the mob around him. It has not been easy being an Everton supporter these past few years, but there was plenty to enjoy here as, grim-set, each Liverpool player filed by. "You should have put that bandage over your mouth, Ince," they shrieked, and "you've emptied the pie shop, Ruddock." Ravery at its wickedest.

Then it started again, the one

about playing their neighbours weekly. It was meant as a gibe at the lack of commitment in the Liverpool side, a lack of passion in the heat of the derby. And it was true, painfully true, for the red half of the city. As Roy Evans, the Liverpool manager, said afterwards: "It was not good enough for Liverpool Football Club."

But equally, their gibe could have been taken as a sideways reference to their team. Remember Alex Ferguson's comments about Leeds United that sparked Kevin Keegan's on-screen meltdown? The psychology obscured a very good point, namely that professionals are cheating if they are only motivated for the big games.

Well, Everton's players have been cheating. The fact that they played so well against Liverpool served merely to emphasise further their incompetence of recent weeks. If they show this level of commitment in a derby match, then why not against Coventry City in the Coca-Cola Cup?



EVERTON 2
LIVERPOOL 0
By David Maddock

It was a point that Howard Kendall, the Everton manager, was keen to emphasise after a satisfying afternoon's work. "Yes, we played very well; it was almost everything you would have wished for on the day," he said. "But it's consistency I'm after. It's no good doing it for one match."

"I think the incident at Coventry shows that I care and maybe that my players don't. They picked themselves up for this game, but then you expect commitment in a

derby. The players need to show me consistency, because I know they can play."

"Look at Duncan Ferguson. He was awesome, he won everything, he worked hard and showed real commitment. But I don't want a No 9 who just plays in derby games and the big games. I need one who will give it to me every week. Certain players have now set themselves standards and they need to maintain them."

Ferguson ran Liverpool ragged and his teenage sidekick, Danny Cadamarteri, finished them off. The young forward only turned 18 a week ago, but he displayed a maturity that belied his years. His pace troubled the visiting defence all afternoon and ended the match as a contest when, on 75 minutes, he sped away from Kvarme, turned Ruddock inside out and shot coolly past James.

That goal gave Everton the cushion their performance deserved. A Ruddock own goal on the stroke of half-time had given the

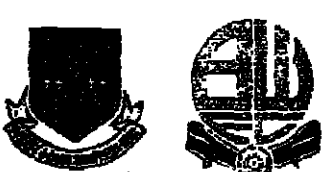
home side the lead, but it was a tenuous one as Liverpool nearly contrived to get back into the game almost in spite of themselves. Had Mike Reed, the referee, spotted a Barrett handball on the goal line from an Ince header a minute before Cadamarteri's goal, then they would have shared the spoils.

It would have been something of a travesty. On chances, Liverpool probably shaded it, although Cadamarteri still might have had a hat-trick. But they were outplayed in midfield and once again their defence was exposed as a creaking door, left invitingly ajar.

Unless Evans can remedy the situation quickly by purchasing a centre half, the trophy-room may remain a desert for another season.

EVERTON (4-4-2): N. Southall — E. Baines, D. Watson, C. Sheu, A. Hinchcliffe — G. Stuart, Williamson, G. Speed, J. O'Shea (sub: G. McCann, 59 min) — D. Ferguson, D. Cadamarteri (sub: M. Ball, 87 min).
LIVERPOOL (4-4-2): D. James — J. McAuley, B. T. Kearns, N. Ruddock, S. B. Barmby — S. McKinnon, P. Ince, M. Thomas, P. Beagrie (sub: O. Linton, 59 min) — K. Potters (sub: M. Owen, 49 min), R. Fowler.
Referee: M. Reed

Berkovic in demand as West Ham flourish



WEST HAM UNITED 3
BOLTON WANDERERS 0
By Peter Robinson

AS THE crowds streamed away from Upton Park on Saturday, a curious scene was being played out behind them. Peter Storr, the managing director of West Ham United, Eyal Berkovic, the club's Israeli playmaker, and his agent, Pini Zahavi, stood on a tiny dais in the press lounge and made a statement. First Storr and then Berkovic, with Zahavi interpreting — "I can speak English, but I am tired," Berkovic said — denied a newspaper report that he wanted to leave West Ham. He is not about to leave. He is three months into a five-year contract. He is happy.

Actually, he looked more indignant than happy, but that is not the point, now is the fact that somebody said he wanted to move on. These things happen all the time. More interesting is the fact that somebody wants to buy Berkovic — West Ham have already rejected an offer of £4.5 million for him this season — and that the player is keen to stay put. He knows a good thing when he sees it.

These are promising times at Upton Park and the sense of confidence is almost tangible. "Give me another striker and we'll be there," Harry Redknapp, the manager, said later. "I am happy with what I've got, they are good players." Lomas came in for special praise and so did Berkovic. "He's the icing on the cake, he adds that little extra class, that little bit of magic. You need somebody to unlock doors and he has the ability to do that." And if someone wants to buy him? "There are a few players here that people would love to buy now, it's a sign of a good team."

Yet, much as the game turned on

Full results and league tables Page 30

the contribution of Berkovic, who was outstanding, the little Israeli can claim only some of the credit for West Ham's win. Most must go to Bolton, who did not so much hand it to them on a plate as chuck it at them. "We lacked self-discipline," Colin Todd, their manager, said and never was a truer word or four spoken in a press conference.

In the first half they were fine, but while Todd was patting backs at half-time, a red mist was descending on the pitch and when his players ran out for the second period, they sucked in great lungfuls of it. Most became feckless, with Taggart, the huge central defender, the worst offender. First, he started a pushing match with a largely innocent team-mate, Frandsen, then joined in when Holdsworth and Ferdinand exchanged views. Finally, charging in on a Sellaers free kick, he launched himself at Forrest, the West Ham goalkeeper, who, grounded at the foot of a post, protested and was promptly attacked for his troubles. Taggart was sent off, presumably to face a club fine and a course in anger management.

Yet he deserves a plea in mitigation. For an hour, he had been heroic, waging a lone battle against Harrison and Dowie. Out-numbered, frustrated and tiring, it was a battle he had begun to lose and three minutes before his dismissal, West Ham had taken the lead. Berkovic prodding the ball in. With Taggart gone, Bolton were pretty much defenceless against the big men and Harrison made the most of it, scoring twice to take his tally for the season to 12. True, Branagan let Harrison's second slip through his hands, but that was just embarrassing, not decisive.

WEST HAM UNITED (4-4-2): C. Farnell — S. Potts, R. Ferdinand, D. Linton — F. Lampard, S. Lomas, J. Morrison, K. Rowland — E. Berkovic — I. Dowie, J. Harrison.
BOLTON WANDERERS (4-4-2): K. Branagan — J. Phillips, G. Beagrie, G. Taggart, M. Whelan — J. Rudge, P. Frandsen, A. Thompson (sub: M. Johnson, 59 min), S. Sellaers — P. Beardsley (sub: J. McCleney, 78 min), D. Holdsworth.
Referee: G. Achey

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PRUDENTIAL

Ferrari president prepares to take a back seat

He waits on destiny, waits alone in a darkened room not even in the land where, next Sunday, his definitive race will be run. Luca Cordero di Montezemolo is 50. The Ferrari motor racing legend is 50. And Montezemolo, now the company president, assesses the chances of restoring Ferrari to the Formula One drivers' championship title on Sunday as 50-50.

"I am calm today," he said, trying to sound convincing. "The last race, in Suzuka, was pressure. We had to win, and we did it. So, we approach the last race in Jerez, in Spain, not in any kind of panic. For sure, we are working day and night for the result, but I am not as fanatic as I was in Ferrari's fifth race year, but I know that we are on the top level of competing. I do not worry for Sunday."

But he does. Montezemolo is a

man made thin by worry, his successes have been driven by a nervous energy. When he drove Lancia rally cars, he was sometimes more fast than temperate, he either won or he crashed. That endeared him to Enzo Ferrari, who called him at Columbia University in New York, where he was studying international commercial law, and persuaded him to be his personal assistant and in time to become guardian of the Ferrari obsession, the legend.

The last time that Ferrari was omnipotent in Formula One, the days of Niki Lauda and Jody Scheckter, Montezemolo, working under Ferrari, was team manager. He left to orchestrate the World Cup in Italy in 1990, working again with his nervous combustion to produce an event free of the sort of shambling ticketing and police brutality witnessed when England played in

Rome recently. He also helped to organise the one and only Italian sailing campaign for the America's Cup. But cars were in his blood, particularly the red blood of Ferrari.


Almost six years ago, Gianni Agnelli, the other man who had placed almost patriarchal faith in Montezemolo, "gave" him the presidency of the Ferrari company — the racing machines and the international business — some three years after Enzo Ferrari died.

At Maranello, the factory and nerve centre of Ferrari, Montezemolo will sit this week in the president's office, the link between past and future. A photograph of the old man, Enzo Ferrari, staring at him behind the inevitable dark sunglasses, reminds him daily of the legacy.

Yet as the minutes tick by, as the week accelerates towards the Jerez test in Andalusia, Montezemolo will become increasingly isolated, deliberately withdrawing.

He has the background, the hands-on experience, the tempera-

ROB HUGHES



encounters a driving force

ment to be to Ferrari when Severiano Ballesteros was to the Europe Ryder Cup team at Valderrama, in that same Andalusia region of southern Spain. Yet Montezemolo knows himself; he knows that his fretful, brooding discharge of impulsive energy can

weaken as well as propel the multimillion-pound enterprise, for which he personally chose the designers, the *mechanics* and the drivers, Michael Schumacher and Eddie Irvine.

"As always, I will watch the race from my home in Bologna, alone, or with my son," his son Matteo, 19, and a student at Bologna University, was 12 when his father ran the gauntlet of *Italians carrying banners "Montezemolo, assassino"*, banners protesting at the deaths of 24 construction workers during the hurried building of 1990 World Cup stadiums.

Montezemolo has grown to realize that time is the friend and enemy. "I was born in 1947, the first year of Ferrari," he said. "It would be the 50th anniversary of my life if Michael [Schumacher] becomes world champion this weekend. We are living a huge moment, and if this is to be our time, it will be more than I imagined at the start of the season."

If you want to change the

positive outlook of the president simply mention the skullduggery of modern Formula One racing. Point out to him that Schumacher is a genius at the wheel but ruthless in pursuit of the prize, allegedly took Damon Hill off the track to win the championship in similar circumstances, when he was leading narrowly in 1994, and Montezemolo responds with the darkest of Latin stares. He knows there are two Peris on the track, and two Williams. He guesses that Williams are already the constructors' victors again this season, and he hears the public suggestions, emanating from Williams that Schumacher might, in a word, cheat. Montezemolo replies that there is enough difficulty preparing a Formula One car to complete the race, enough danger among men driving with strict honor, without anyone resorting to such

aggressive tactics. And he knows as a Lancia driver who either won or crashed, that there is little more president can do to suppress what drives the competitive man and the wheel.

Montezemolo's mission was to create new Ferraris for the road, to open up new markets, as he has done in China: to prepare the company for the 21st century. He feels that this is on course, he craves the competitive aura to go with it. If he needs further motivation, it came in the stern words of Agnelli, who, as Ferrari advanced from two seconds of the pace in Montezemolo's first year to parity with Williams today said: "It is getting better... but still only second best."

On Sunday, in the ancestral home that Montezemolo has restored, only the son can share the emotions, up and down, of the critical race to the line.

**'It would be
the best
present of
my life'**

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ATHLETICS: EVANS SIXTH BEHIND FIVE AFRICANS IN MEN'S EVENT

Sutton storms clear to stage action replay in Chicago

FROM DAVID POWELL
ATHLETICS CORRESPONDENT
IN CHICAGO

MARIAN SUTTON, her face covered in blood, retained her Chicago Marathon title here today with the most convincing and courageous performance of her life. Sutton broke away from the field at 17 miles and quickly built a comfortable lead, after which only a nosedive stepped between her and victory.

"She looked like she had taken on Lennox Lewis," Bud Baldaro, Sutton's coach, who was following the race on a bicycle, observed. Not that she ever looked close to the ropes. Sutton, a 34-year-old solicitor's secretary from West Loos, Cornwall, won by 2½ minutes, setting a personal best time of 2:29:10.

Sutton's victory was in stark contrast to last year when, trailing the leader by half a minute in the 24th mile, she did not hit the front until a mile from home. On that occasion Sutton began as an

outsider. This year, though, she set out as favourite and carried a great weight on her shoulders admiringly.

How this contrasted with her failure in the London Marathon last April when she finished twentieth, blaming her obsession with breaking 2hr 30min. She came here determined not to be governed by time and to concentrate on running a tactical race.

"In London the situation got to her," Baldaro said. "This time she was calm and composed. We subdivided the race into three sections, using the first eight miles to get rid of the lethargy and the second section to get into a rhythm. We knew if she went for it at 17 miles, she could hold it to the finish."

Although Christine McNamara, of the United States, began to pull away at eight miles, Sutton refused to be drawn. Within two miles, the group was back with McNamara and, at the half-marathon, reached in 1:14:10, five contenders remained: Sutton,

McNamara, Gitta Karlishoj, of Denmark, Lornah Kiplagat, of Kenya, and Elaine Van Blunk, of the United States.

When Sutton made her break, so effective was it that, within 600 metres, she had opened up 20 metres on Karlishoj, who was running second, with the others strung out behind. Karlishoj went on to finish runner-up in 2:31.31

Chicago results 38

with Irena Bogacheva, of Ukraine, third in 2:32.45.

While Sutton gave British athletics a boost after a morale-sapping week, Paul Evans was unable to do the same. Evans, also here as defending champion, finished sixth, but that said more about the quality of the opposition than his own performance.

Evans was within half a minute of his 99m time here, recording 2hr 09m 20sec, but was beaten by five Africans. At the head of the parade was

Khalid Khannouchi, of Morocco, in his first marathon. Khannouchi broke his way in the 23rd mile and, running his half-marathon in 1:03:00, went on to record the fourth fastest time in history, breaking the course record held by Steve Jones, of Great Britain, since 1985. Khannouchi, recorded 2:07:10, 20 seconds outside the world best held by Belayneh Densimo, of Ethiopia. The main goal was to finish the race and to get the experience," Khannouchi said. Jon Brown, of Britain, the European cross country champion, also ran his first marathon, finishing ninth in 2:10:13. Given his broken build-up, suffering hip and toe injuries, he cannot be disappointed.

While Sunta's time bonus was worth only \$4,000 on top of the \$100,000 winner's purse, Khannouchi's was worth as much as his prize-money. The Moroccan earned \$50,000 for his victory, \$50,000 for breaking 2:07.30 and in the region of \$40,000 from his kit sponsor for such a fast run.

1 - Sello



SNOOKER

**Parrott puts
Morgan
to flight**

BY PHIL YATES

BUCKING a trend that has seen a host of prominent players already eliminated from the tournament, Brian Parrott whitewashed Brian Morgan 5-0 to reach the last 16 in the Grand Prix at Bournemouth yesterday.

Parrott has won 13 tournaments during his career but only three on home soil, one of them on a visit to the South Coast region in February 1991 for the International Open.

"I like the atmosphere of this place. It's somewhere I respond to," Parrott said after an assured performance during which he made breakings of 72, 60, 55 and 54 to lead 4-0 before clearing the colours to steal the fifth on the black. He now plays Paul Hunter, who had runs of 89 and 85 to complete a 5-1 victory over Stephen Lee, the No 16 seed.

It was a result that strongly suggests that Parrott, this world No. 6, is determined to take advantage of the fact that Stephen Heddon, Ken Doherty, Peter Ebdon, Steve Davis and Mark Williams, the title-holder, have all been ousted.

Davis was defeated 5-2 by Dominic Dale, the world No 54, on Saturday after leading 2-0. Annoyed with his overall display and, specifically, by a glaring error when in sight of a 5-2 lead, Davis confined his answers to "yes" and "no" at the post-match

Bulls in
town for
lesson in
jargon

▶ REWARDING TIMES ◀

PLAY PORTFOLIO

£200,000 TO BE WON

£2,000 TO BE WON TODAY — TURN TO THE EQUITY PRICES, PAGE 42

Start playing new Portfolio, an exciting opportunity to play the stock market without getting your fingers burnt. You can win £2,000 a day six days a week in *The Times*, and you can play every Sunday in *The Sunday Times* to win £5,000. Better still, there is a £10,000 weekly prize, if you play Portfolio in both papers, seven days a week. Playing Portfolio is easy and fun. Every week companies' share prices go up and down in the real world of the Stock Exchange. So you can experience the excitement of the stock market swings, but without the risks.

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THE TIMES

Sutton raises her arms in triumph as she retains her Chicago Marathon title

Results, page 38

GUIDE TO THE WEEK AHEAD

TODAY

FOOTBALL

Kick-off 2.30 unless stated
FA Premier League
Aston Villa v Manchester City (B.0.)

Football League: Premier division
Preston v Everton.

FA CARLING Premiership: Second round
Sheff Wed v Newcastle (A.0.)
Sheff Wed v Stoke (A.0.)

Football League Championship: First round
Cardiff v Reading (A.0.)

Football League Cup: Group Five
Cardiff v Reading (A.0.)

MINNESOTA SPARTAN SHOOT: Midland
Leeds v Oxford (A.0.)

Football League: Premier division
Preston v Everton (A.0.)

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Cardiff v Reading (A.0.)

Football League Cup: Group Five
Cardiff v Reading (A.0.)

WEDNESDAY

FOOTBALL

EUROPEAN CUP CHAMPIONS' LEAGUE
Group A: Parma v Fiorentina (A.0.)
Group B: FC Kosova v Borussia Dortmund (A.0.)

Group C: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group D: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group E: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group F: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group G: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group H: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group I: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group J: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group K: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group L: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group M: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group N: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group O: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group P: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group Q: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group R: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group S: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group T: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group U: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group V: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group W: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group X: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group Y: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group Z: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AA: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AB: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AC: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AD: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AE: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AF: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AG: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AH: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AI: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AJ: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AK: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AL: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AM: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
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Group AP: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AQ: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AR: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AS: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AT: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AU: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AV: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AW: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AX: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group AY: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group AZ: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group BA: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group BB: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

Group BC: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)
Group BD: FC Schalke 04 v FC Bayern Munich (A.0.)

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Bowled over as end-to-end drama unfolds

When a sport takes up a significant part of *Grandstand* and yet struggles to make a single paragraph in the Sunday papers, something odd is clearly going on. It was indoor bowls, which for years has been telling us what a young and energetic sport it is, only to find its newly revived open championship is sponsored by Bupa Care Homes. After all that hard work, too.

That said, it is only on *Grandstand*, when one's expectations are still for something outdoor and vigorous, that indoor bowls looks seriously out of place. For the rest of last week, it propped up BBC2 afternoon schedules as effectively as any snooker tournament, while the final yesterday was a cracker. And to think I started the week not knowing who Les Gillest was.

By the close of play yesterday, I knew a little more. He is 26 but looks older, once harboured ambitions to be a driving instructor and was only at the Preston Guild Hall because he had won four qualifying matches at Blackpool. As Dougie Donnelly politely put it yesterday afternoon, after Gillest had beaten his fourth world champion of the week: "Where have you been — with the greatest respect, most of us have never heard of you?" Practising, presumably.

Aware of the problem that the BBC has filling its live sports schedule, the bowls authorities have worked hard

to deliver a sport that makes for good television. As either David Rhys Jones or Jimmy Davidson, the lead commentators, would patiently explain from time to time, the 21-up set had gone, replaced by a seven-up, best-of-five-sets format that could produce a winner in... well, that's still anybody's guess.

On Saturday evening, for instance, David Gourlay's semi-final against Andy Thomson lasted almost four hours, with Gourlay recovering from two sets to one down, and 6-1 and set shot against him in the fourth. I remember it clearly, because that is when I switched over, assuming Thomson had won.

At the other end of the timescale, if Gourlay had continued at the speed he began the final, the entire match could have been settled inside 45 minutes. As it was, it took Gillest roughly twice as long to come back from losing the first end 4-0 and recover from a nightmare mistake at the end of the third set that Rhys Jones and his co-commentator, Mal Hughes, took a couple of seconds to spot.

The camera caught it, though, which is why the most

memorable replay of the afternoon was not one of Gourlay's extraordinary run of defeat-defeating drives but of Gillest conceding the set by kicking away his opponent's bowl, only to discover — too late — that he himself still had a shot to play. A relieved Gillest later explained to Donnelly that there had been "a lot of excitement out there".

A week ago I might not have believed him, but by now I had



MATTHEW BOND
TV ACTION REPLAY

seen enough to know that the revised, telegraphic format does ensure a regular supply of drama. On Friday afternoon, for instance, Gillest had also supplied it when he took on the reigning world champion, Hugh Duff. With Gillest leading two sets to love, Duff saved the match with a full house. "Is that a turning point for Duff?" asked a voice that was either Bell or Hughes — it is difficult to tell their voices apart. One end later came the answer: no.

Chrysalis Sport, the same company that does Formula One for TV, has been producing indoor bowls for the BBC for some years and has it pretty much down to a fine art by now. The camera-work is straightforward but effective,

with a frequently used picture-in-picture effect allowing us to follow both the course of the bowl and its deliverer's emotions at the same time.

As is customary at all sports events now, one camera's job is to pick out friends and relations of players, sitting in the audience. As is not customary, however, is how cleverly the cameras avoided any wide shots of the audience itself. Was this because of the handful of empty seats that would occasionally creep into the background, or something to do with the average age of those there?

Certainly from the one or two glimpses we were granted, indoor bowls appears to be a sport still in transition — contested by ever younger

players, but watched by an audience best described as mature. No fools, these sponsors, are they?

The commentary style is also well judged. Although there is a slight tendency to get bogged down in the internal politics of bowls — if we heard about the Professional Bowls Association once, we heard it a hundred times — both Rhys Jones and Davidson provide regular recaps of the rules.

A couple of afternoons in their company and you'll be talking jargon and carpet speeds with the best of them. Passing on that illusion of inside knowledge is what good commentary on lesser-known sports is all about. All round, a good effort — especially by Gillest.

Skywalking, palming, bank-shots... basketball's finest leave no word undunked in Paris match

Bulls hit town for lesson in jargon

It seems to me, I opened a dictionary to the chap beside me (who happened to be a scout for the National Basketball Association), "that after his pump fake, Michael Jordan buries his jumper when he's already stopped skywalking. Which is the secret of his success, I suppose?"

The NBA scout shook his head and for the umpteenth time that day drew a diagram on a scrap of paper. Here we were at the Palais Omnisports at Bercy in Paris, ignoring a beautiful autumn day to sit inside a hideously overlit sports hall and watch the Chicago Bulls beat the world at basketball in the McDonald's championship. It had been an instructive day. I had seen Italians beat Spanish and French lose to Argentinians — and learnt the entertaining fact that virtually all their players hailed from Yugoslavia. In the final (Bulls versus Olympiakos Piraeus) only one player in the Piraeus team had the right to be called Greek.

I had also studied a glossary of NBA terms and was (see above) getting the hang of them. "Burying a jumper" has nothing to do with disposing of unwanted Christmas presents, as you might suspect. Oh yes, the price of the Eurostar ticket had been very well justified, indeed.

Now it was time for the scout to set me straight about the aerial trajectory of the most famous sportsman in the world. Apparently it was wrong to think that Jordan shot while descending. He sighed, patiently. "When he releases the ball he's at the top of his jump," he insisted, as the incredible Jordan leapt and scored for the umpteenth time. "Is he?" I said, unconvinced. "You see, I've seen a lot of basketball today..." The scout looked as though he might break his pencil. "He just looks like he's on the way down, because he's falling away." At which point I decided to stop arguing.

Good heavens, there's a lot to

LYNNE TRUSS



learn in this job. But luckily, on this particular occasion, there was lots of time to learn it. What nobody tells you about basketball is that, yes, it's fast and exciting and played by gigantic men whose shoe size is only one step short of luggage, but it's also (as played by NBA rules) the longest 48 minutes you will experience in your life, because it's forever stopping and restarting. I never thought I'd congratulate myself on being able to watch 45 minutes of football all in one go, but compared with watching basketball, it's like sitting down to read *A Dance to the Music of Time* with just the one cup of cocoa.

Every time the play gets interesting in basketball, somebody calls time-out, the clock stops and you get precisely 90 seconds of acrobatics (why?), a pop music introduction (truncated), aerobic jazz dancing or mascot clowning, while boys mop sweat from the floor. This perpetual start-stop is perhaps intended to enhance the drama (and it fits the American television commercials), but it is



Caught on the rebound: the incomparable Jordan leads the Chicago Bulls to victory against Olympiakos Piraeus in the McDonald's championship final

sorely irritating. In my naivety, I had assumed a game of four 12-minute quarters would be finished comfortably in an hour. Well, that's Old Maths for you. Thank goodness I hadn't ordered a cab for half past eight.

But at least I now appreciated why an American friend of mine (who came with me to Fulham FC the other week) laughed when I complained I couldn't see a scoreboard. "I think we might be able to remember the number of goals," he jeered when the score stood at 1-0. At basketball, you see, you are continually checking the clock, monitoring the score and ingesting as many statistics as you have access to.

By the end of the final on Saturday (which the Bulls won 104-78), I was agog to discover that

Jordan had scored 27 points, consisting of 11 field goals (22 points) and five free throws. Hoorah! He'd attempted two three-pointers (but not scored them) while also achieving one offensive rebound and four defensive rebounds (totalling five).

Fascinating, eh? Statistics. Rules. In advance of this championship, I had nodded on the train over a table of NBA-FIBA comparative regulations, circling their piddly differences with a resigned expression. But in the heat of contest, all this piddle mattered tremendously. Non-American players are accustomed to 30 seconds' possession before attempting to score (the "shot clock" rule), whereas the McDonald's chooses the NBA

option of 24 seconds. Non-Americans kept dithering and running out of time. Meanwhile, the NBA does not allow "zone defence" (defending in a general way, rather than marking an opponent). Zone defence was permitted on Saturday, so — well, it meant the rest of the world got a look-in.

The Americans were bound to win, however. In the ten-year history of this event, the NBA team (assorted Knicks, Bucks, Nuggets and Rockets) has emerged victorious on every occasion. In press conferences last week, Jordan said he'd hate to let the side down by being the first NBA team not to win — but it was just talk. The miracle is that FIBA, the world governing body, continues to turn up for its ritual pasting. I don't think I would, if I were them. But

then personally I had no idea that basketball was so inexplicably big in Yugoslavia, or that Michael Jordan was mega-famous globally — "Michael, Michael" the French crowd roared on Saturday whenever he was having a little rest.

His incontestable supremacy was aided by the non-attendance of his team-mates, Scottie Pippen and Dennis Rodman. People who know about basketball sorely missed those two, but Jordan's talent stood out all the more.

Even as a basketball ignoramus, I was amazed by his ability to run, soar and make plays; and, by all accounts, he wasn't even trying. Marked by two or three men, Jordan could simply reach out an arm, Twizzle-fashion, to catch the ball one-handed ("Palming," the scout told me, and I scribbled it

down). Having palmed it, Jordan could then deliver the ball to his team-mates, who were running free elsewhere.

At one point, positioned under the hoop, he reached out and scored backwards with a bank-shot, making it look easy. Sorry to get so technical, incidentally. Bank-shot. Hark at me.

If only they would play continuously it would be a pretty good game. But to watch it with all its interruptions is like watching a movie when the projector keeps breaking down and is too bloody tiring. In the FIBA system, they play two 30-minute halves, with only two time-outs per half. How miserable that the NBA doesn't do the same. I'm sure it doesn't stop anybody burying jumpers, which is the main thing, after all.

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SPORTS LETTERS

e-mail to: letters@the-times.co.uk

Italian view of England fans

From Signor Marco Molla

Sir, I would like to describe what happened in Rome last weekend because there may have been some misreporting.

I used to work at the games of the Olympic Stadium and I live in the centre of Rome (between the Colosseum and the station). I don't think your readers would be happy walking between hundreds of drunk English young men, screaming and insulting normal people, perhaps because they are Italians. I don't think they would be happy either seeing people climbing on monuments, thinking they can do what they want, just because it's not their own country.

I don't think it's right that someone like me should be insulted just because I was trying to explain where the gates of the stadium were and how to get there. Also because I did this in English (if the game was in England do you think someone would help the strangers in Italian?) and with a large proportion of the people drunk.

I think that a newspaper like yours would be more

interested in the truth than defending these kinds of people.

Best regards,
MARCO MOLLA,
Via P.Togliatti 139,
Rome 00122, Italy.
mistig@usa.net

Coca-Cola Cup

From Mr Richard Wilson

Sir, The controversy surrounding recent ties in the so-called Coca-Cola "League" cup reveals it to be the meaningless competition that it is. I do not mean to imply that a lack of European qualification has reduced its status, merely that since the Premiership has become a separate league it is no longer a "League Cup" per se.

There is now a glorious opportunity to streamline the competition and restrict it to the first, second and third divisions plus the Conference, whose own league cup (being a one-division league) consists of competing against the same clubs they are playing every week.

The need for two-leg earlier rounds is arguable, but seeing could be abolished. This may mean a lower likelihood of drawing a "money-spinning big name" but with increased possibilities of progression in-

Sensible notion to ban the dirty tackle

From Mr Magnus K. Moodie

Sir, Seeing that Fifa wish to abolish the tackle in Association Football makes me realise how far the strategic thinking is in the game of rugby. I am something of a pioneer in this field having last made a tackle in 1973 when my shorts got dirty. I am sure the need to keep clean kit and thus happy kit sponsors is a Fifa priority.

Another reason I desisted from the Victorian bestiality of laying hands on my opponents was the intelligence, vouchsafed by a close friend who is now a dealer in the City of London, that I could "catch tetanus from earthworms". So on both health and aesthetic grounds I abandoned tackling forthwith.

I am pleased to say that my team has this

season joined me in this progressive effort and we have the proud record of played six, won nil, for 30, against 175, but we do have nice clean kits and no players have reported symptoms of incipient lockjaw.

So, while once again claiming for rugby (football) the credit of forward thinking, I applaud the efforts of Mr Sepp Blatter, secretary general of Fifa, to turn the rough-house of soccer into a form of netball played with feet, which will doubtless be highly marketable, sponsor-friendly and dull as ditchwater.

Yours sincerely,
MAGNUS K. MOODIE,
60 Columbia Road, Edinburgh 4.

Football Association Hand-book. What is missing is the inability of officials to enforce the punishment.

My wife and I, who have been involved in Sunday soccer for over 20 years, were present at a match last Sunday. We and the other spectators present witnessed continual dissent, harassment of the official and foul language easily heard by all those present.

What perhaps summed it all up was when one player who told a group of spectators including a number of children, exactly what he thought of the referee, using extremely

foul language. When my wife remonstrated with him she was told that bad language was now part of football and if she didn't like it she should stay away. The officials' response to all this was an instruction to get on with the game.

Perhaps those responsible for providing organised sporting activity for those players should follow that advice and stay away and let them get on with it.

Yours sincerely,
DEREK BURK,
28 Wines Road,
Barnsley,
South Yorkshire.

America and Paralympics

From Mr Gareth Mantle

Sir, Having just listened to Inside Edge on BBC Radio 5 Live today (October 17) I am appalled at the greed of the American Paralympic Association. As I understand it they are funding their own domestic paralympic organisation with money raised from an "international" sporting event, the Paralympics held in Atlanta last year.

Believing they would only break even, the sport's international body agreed the terms. However, a profit of \$4.5 million was eventually made. A year on, this cash has begun to be injected into their internal success. In a competition where international athletes have performed, any profit should undoubtedly be available to an international body able to help development of paralympic sports in countries where it is needed.

The representative of the American association believed the money to have been mostly raised by sponsorship from American companies and said it was the American public who had filled the venues.

Surely pressure can be put on the United States to release the international money from an international sporting event? At a time when British athletics is facing a cash crisis it is ironic that America's paralympic sector seems to be acquiring more and more. The global Paralympians certainly deserve better.

Yours faithfully,
GARETH MANTLE,
Tower House,
Bentfield Green,
Stansted Mountfitchet,
Essex.
gamb@ie.ac.uk

Rugby razzmatazz

From Mrs Clare Parkinson

Sir, Is this rugby? As music pulsates, cheer girls dance, free mini rugby balls are used as missiles and free chocolate bars hurled into the crowd cause near riots. Not forgetting the remote control car bringing on the kicking tee, to a cacophony of music.

Let's say goodbye to professionalism if this is the new way forward for rugby. I for one will not be venturing to Saracens again.

Yours faithfully,
CLARE PARKINSON,
14 Coppice Avenue,
Great Shelford,
Cambridgeshire.

This week in THE TIMES



Tomorrow

He may be loud and brash on the pitch but away from football Peter Schmeichel is quiet and content. The Manchester United goalkeeper talks to Matt Dickinson.

Wednesday

Who will lead the Whitbread Round The World race fleet into Cape Town?

Friday

Michael Schumacher and Jacques Villeneuve prepare to decide the world championship.

Saturday

Football Saturday. The Premiership match-by-match: Oliver Holt, Steve McManaman and Danny Baker.

Hype fails to disguise lack of quality in opening match of World Series

Marlins take Florida to fever pitch

FROM KEITH BLACKMORE IN MIAMI

TIME seemed out of joint as the best-of-seven World Series between the Florida Marlins and the Cleveland Indians began here on Saturday night. The crowd of 67,245, the biggest for a series game for more than 20 years, went home happy after the Marlins had won, 7-4, but all their orchestrated cheering and Mexican waves could not quite dispel the air of unreality hanging over Pro Player Stadium.

Somewhat, like many of the pitches made by the Cleveland starter, Orel Hershisser, the tradition and grandeur which usually attend the series failed to turn up on time. True, it was difficult to be entirely serious about an event held in an arena named after a brand of underwear (Pro Player is an offshoot of Fruit of the Loom), but there was more to it than that.

Perhaps it was that neither of these teams was expected to reach the game's great showpiece. Cleveland were ranked no higher than seventh among the eight teams qualifying for the play-offs and the Marlins did not even win their division, relying instead on a wild card as best runner-up in the National League.

The impression that these were not actually the two best teams in baseball was heightened by the fact that each had won their pennants despite having inferior batting and pitching averages to their opponents in their respective league championship deciders.

It may be a statistical fluke (it is not so much the number of runs you score but when you score them that really counts), but to beat a team while scoring fewer runs than you allowed them is the sort of trick that gets more than a few wizened old experts scratching their heads.

Still, here they were, and no one on either team, at least, doubted that they deserved to be.

So perhaps it was the lack of pomp

and circumstance that gave the opening game its curious air of detachment. There was ceremony, of course, but it was more *Miami Vice* than *The Godfather*, and the Florida-based pop trio, Hanson, set the tone for the evening with their shrill rendition of the national anthem. At the song's climax, a bald eagle was allowed to fly from one end of the stadium to the other, but the symbolism was lost: the bird's dutiful compliance spoke more of servitude than liberty.

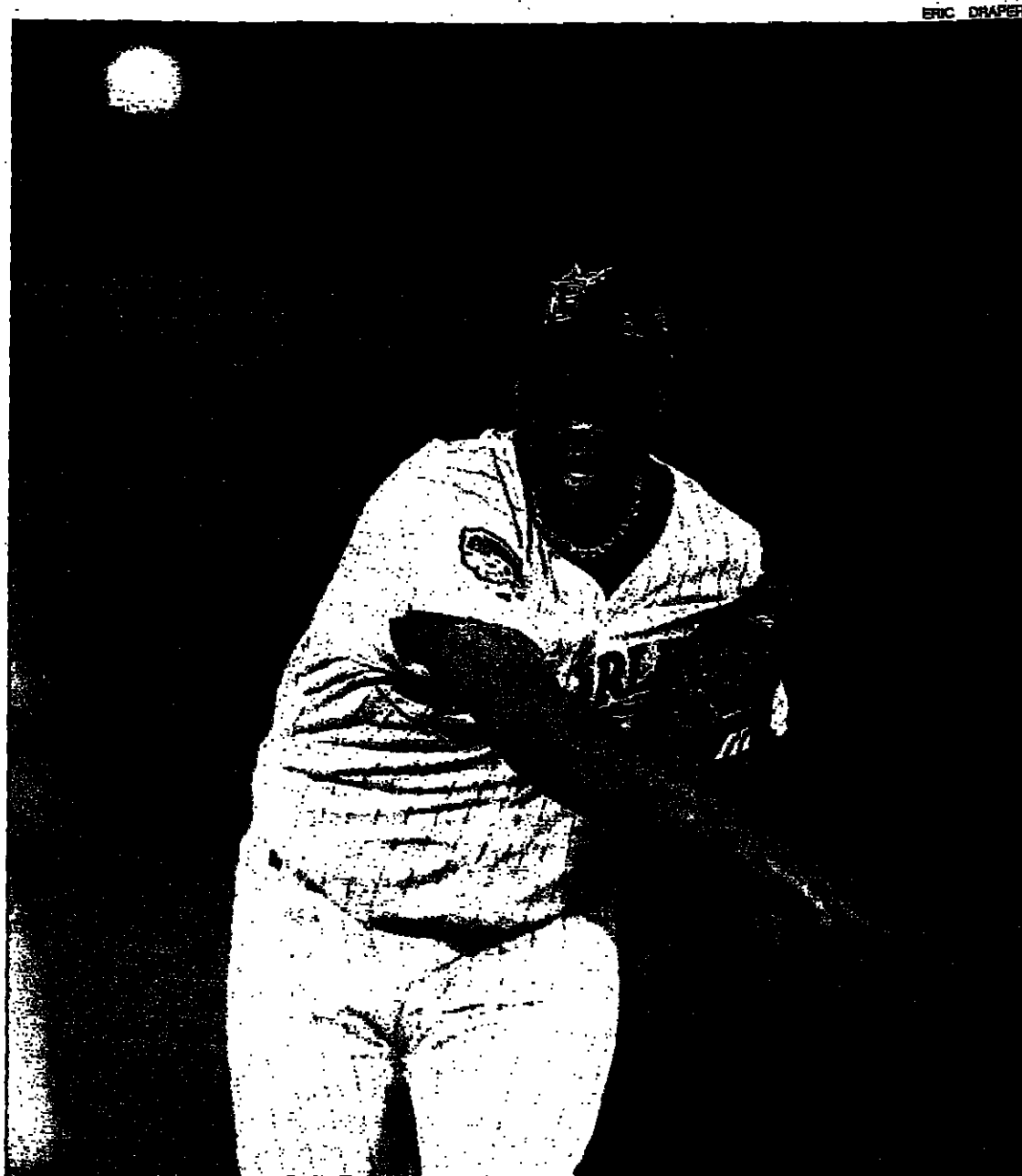
But then the Marlins and tradition are rightly strangers. The team has only been in existence for four years and if little history attaches itself to them then it is hardly noticed by their fans, many of whom seem to be just learning about America's national pastime themselves.

With an accuracy he was unable to find from the pitching mound, Hershisser put his finger on the problem. "When you come to the World Series you think of baseball, apple pie and history," he said. "The Marlins are writing their history. With this series, we're writing history, not reliving it."

Hershisser, as it turned out, would have been better off reliving history than rewriting it during a game in which the teams were perfectly represented by their starting pitchers. Nine years earlier, Hershisser had given one of the great World Series performances in leading the Los Angeles Dodgers to victory over the Oakland A's. Now, at 39, he was older and slower but, we thought, wiser.

Opposing him was the symbol of the Marlins' brash youthfulness: Livan Hernandez, 22, the first rookie to start a game in the series for more than a decade. Hernandez defected from Cuba two years ago and had never even seen a World Series game live on television before starting one.

Halfway through the Indians' first



Hernandez, the Florida Marlins rookie, helps his team to victory over the Cleveland Indians.

inning it seemed likely that the older man would prevail. Hernandez had already given up one run and still had two men on base. His face, suddenly coated with sweat, looked more like that of a lost 12-year-old than a millionaire sports star. But he escaped and wriggled free from further jams in the third and fifth innings. By then, though, he was in the clear. Hershisser, after a confident start, had simply fallen apart. In the fourth, he gave up a three-run homer to Moises Alou, and four pitches

GAME ONE DETAILS

Inning	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Runs	Hits	Errors
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	4	11	0
Florida	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	X	7	7	1

Winning pitcher: L Hernandez. Losing pitcher: Q Hershiser. Save: R Nen.

Winning pitcher: L. Hernandez. Losing pitcher: O. Hershisser. Saves: R. Men.

The World Series continued with game two in Miami last night before moving to Cleveland for game three tomorrow, four on Wednesday and five (if necessary) on Thursday. Games six and seven (if required) will take place in Miami next weekend. The series is being televised live in Britain by Channel 5.

later allowed another solo shot which put the game out of sight. By the time that he disappeared amid a hail of caecals, he had given up seven runs, equalling a World Series record. Thus Hernandez was allowed to

get away with his patchy performance. He, too, gave up two homers and had a temper tantrum when he was lifted by his increasingly anxious manager in the sixth. But he had done enough to win.

With the help of an interpreter, he even managed to summarise accurately the whole evening. "To pitch in the World Series... it's the mad dream," he said. "This is a tremendous dream."

By game two, surely, everybody will have woken up.

RUGBY LEAGUE

Kimmorley surprise choice for Australia

BY CHRISTOPHER IRVINE

THREE uncapped players find places in the 22-strong Australia squad for the British Gas series against Great Britain, which starts at Wembley on Saturday week. The most surprising choice is the inclusion of Brett Kimmorley, 20, who ousted Noel Goldthorpe as the Hunter Mariners' first-choice scrum half. He will be the understudy to Allan Langer, who has not entirely recovered from a groin injury.

Kimmorley was given his chance after the late withdrawal of Ricky Stuart, the Canberra Raiders scrum half, who has back and hamstring problems, and was not confident about being fit.

Paul Green, another highly-rated scrum half, was not available. He broke his sternum during Australia's 30-12 defeat by New Zealand last month.

The other uncapped players are Robbie Kearns, prop for the defunct Perth Reds club, who joined the new Melbourne Storm franchise last week, and Russell Richardson, the long-striding Cronulla Sharks centre.

The squad is otherwise largely predictable, apart from a recall for Steve Walters, the North Queensland Cowboys hooker. The Brisbane Broncos, the world club champions, provide eight of the players.

The squad, coached by John Lang, leaves for Britain next weekend. Lang said that Langer had insisted all along that he would make the tour. Even half-fit, Langer posted sufficient warnings to Britain of his mastery abilities in Brisbane's world club final defeat of Huller last Friday.

AUSTRALIA SQUAD: Backs: L. Daley (Canberra), captain, A. Bingham (Cronulla), R. Gardner (Perth), B. Kimmorley (Hunter), J. Langer (Brisbane), D. Lockyer (Brisbane), S. Mullins (Canberra), K. Nuge (Canberra), S. Ransford (Brisbane), R. Richardson (Cronulla), W. Sellar (Brisbane). Forwards: M. Ackermann (Perth), S. Chisholm (Canberra), C. Gower (Perth), C. Gower (Canberra), D. Smith (Brisbane), S. Walters (North Queensland), S. Webb (Brisbane).

SPEEDWAY

Hancock's hour has come to aid Cradley

BY TONY HOARE

SPEEDWAY'S most famous rivalry will be resumed tonight when Wolverhampton and Cradley Heath tackle each other in a fund-raising event with a difference. The difference is that Cradley Heath have not been part of British speedway at all this year and money is being raised to help to bring the club back from the dead.

Greg Hancock and Billy Hamill, former Cradley riders and winners of the individual world championship in the past two seasons, will lead a team of former Heathens against the Wolves. Cradley lost Dudley Wood, their stadium, two years ago and, after a financially draining 1996 season using Stoke's stadium, they were forced to put their promoting licence on hold while they strove to return to their spiritual home.

The stadium owners agreed two years ago to sell the site to Barratts, the builders, but Dudley council refused planning permission and has also rejected a subsequent appeal. The speedway club's hopes rest with the council placing a compulsory purchase order on the site.

The stadium is now derelict and the chances of a return in 1998 are slim, but the club is determined to return and Wolves would relish the return of regular local derbies. Chris van Strazene, the Wolverhampton promoter, said: "The whole of speedway has suffered through not having Cradley in the fold."

Hancock, who rode for eight seasons in the colours of Cradley, said: "Some people have lost interest but we want to show that there is still hope. Billy and I want to ride for Cradley again because our roots are at Dudley Wood."

A special fund-raising turnstile has been set up at Wolverhampton's Monmore Green Stadium for the meeting tonight and £3 of the price paid for each ticket at that gate will go to the fighting fund.

AN EXCLUSIVE OFFER

THE TIMES

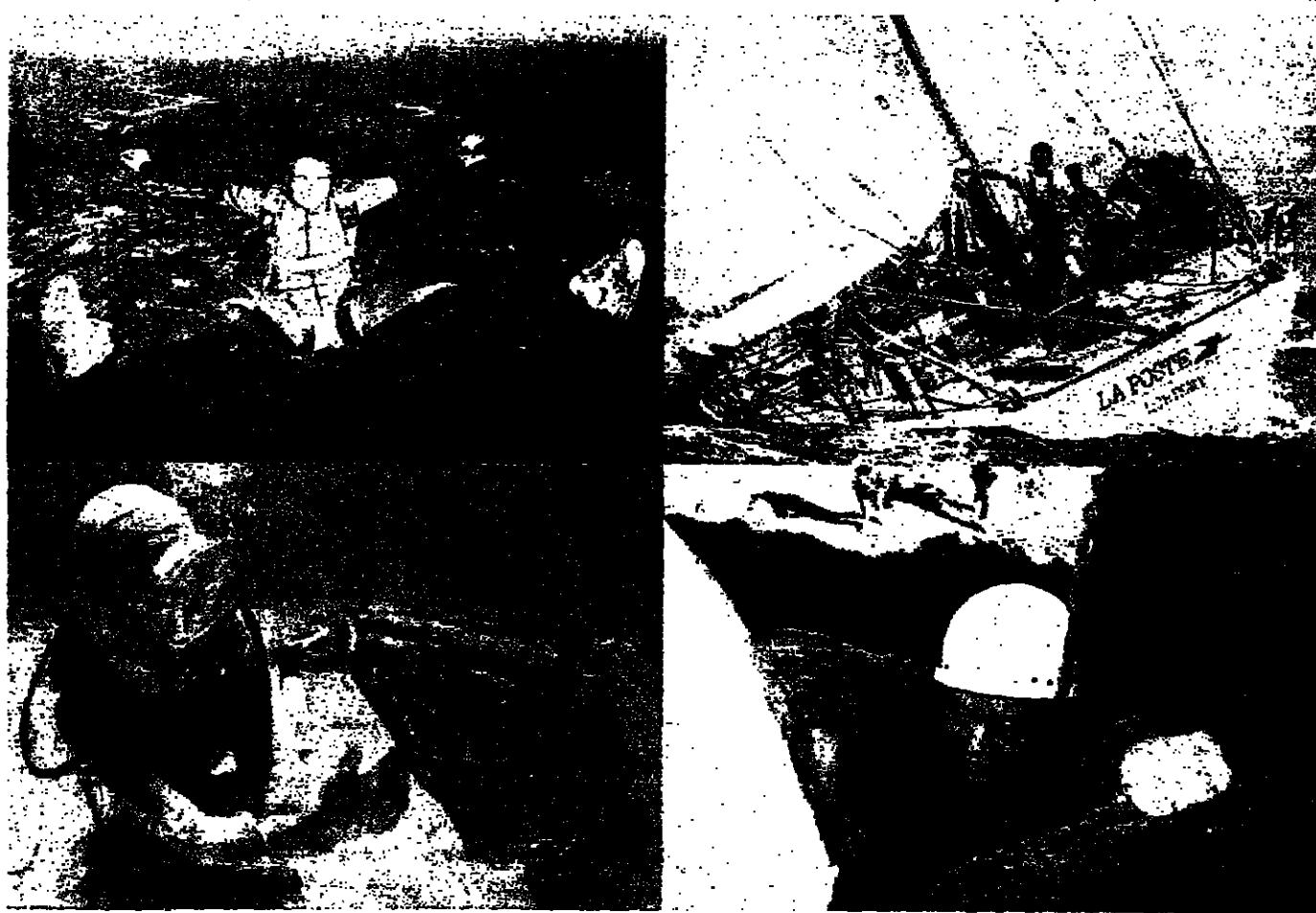
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CHANGING TIMES

ICE HOCKEY

Stewart on song as Newcastle cut loose

By NORMAN DE MESQUITA

AYR Scottish Eagles, Cardiff Devils, Manchester Storm and Newcastle Cobras are through to the semi-finals of the Benson and Hedges Cup. The most emphatic performance in the second-leg matches on Saturday came from Newcastle, who, having been held to a 1-1 draw at home by Basingstoke Bison in the first leg, won 5-1 in the return. Each team scored once in the first period but, from midway through the second, Newcastle took over with Brett Stewart claiming a hat-trick.

Because of the unavailability of Sheffield Arena, the Steelers and Cardiff played their legs home and away on Friday and Saturday. A goal by Steve Moria with less than two minutes remaining gave Cardiff a 3-2 edge in the first leg but, after one period in the second leg, the Steelers were level on aggregate.

Then the Devils found their form, scoring five times in the second period and, but for Piero Greco who made 35 saves in the Sheffield goal, the Devils could have been even more emphatic winners.

The Eagles gained ample revenge for their defeat at the hands of Nottingham Panthers in the semi-finals of the Superleague play-offs last year, following up their 4-2 home win with a 4-3 away success.

The Eagles boosted their aggregate lead to three with a goal by Jeff Hoar, the former Nottingham player, in the first period but the Panthers scored three times in the second to draw within one overall, only to concede two goals in the final session.

Manchester Storm were clearly not inconvenienced by their midweek trip to the Czech Republic, where they gained their first win in the European League, and beat Bracknell Bees 5-4 to go through on a 7-6 aggregate. This was another game in which the losing goalender stood out, with Mark Bernard facing 45 shots.



No quarter is asked, and none given, as Hampton tackle Glantaf in The Times St Joseph's College National Schools Festival

Wakefield rewrite the script

By SIMON WILDE

FOR those of a sensationalist disposition, the signs were quite promising. Independent schools sport has incurred some unsavoury publicity with cricket teams refusing to play each other and standards of behaviour under scrutiny.

Combine that with rugby's reputation for violence interrupted by sporadic outbursts of play, and one had a potentially heady mix at The Times St Joseph's College National Schools Festival at Ipswich this weekend. There were no scandals, fortunately, but enough uncompromising action to confirm that this was not the idle pursuit of pre-pubescent schoolboys.

The teams were clearly playing to win, as a vote of thanks to the St John Ambulance Brigade brought home. The volunteers attended to more than 100 casualties and ten were taken to hospital.

Colston's Collegiate School were the holders and a team of giants, physically and metaphorically, compared to others. They kept the referees and opposition 'sponges' busy. One hapless defender, laid

low by a high tackle, looked as though it would be only a matter of time before Colston's got the ball out to their fleet-footed backs and the tries started pouring in. Wakefield, though, refused to lie down and kept making their tackles. Colston's, whose handling was a class above everybody else, simply could not break them down. It was tense, dour stuff, but Wakefield's fitness stood them in good stead and late in the game they were awarded a penalty.

It was further out than the kick that had earlier won Kelvin Lock, of Bedford Modern School, the long-kicking competition but James Burroughs duly sneaked it over for a 3-0 win. When the final whistle went, the Wakefield party went wild. Colston's looked stunned.

Both schools had won their six qualifying games with Colston's scoring far more points. But perhaps the writing was on the wall because in their last match before the final they struggled to beat Bromsgrove, 12-10.

The tournament, now in its eleventh year, is one of the most prestigious rugby tournaments in the independent sector and scouts from the big clubs were again in attendance. Sixteen of the sport's leading schools are invited to take part over the two days.

The trophy is competed for by the two top teams from each of four qualifying pools. The other eight teams contested a plate competition, won this year by RGS Wycombe who beat Merchiston College, Edinburgh, winners of the trophy last year, 13-12. All matches consist of 15 a side and two 15-minute periods, which adds up to a physically demanding programme for the most successful teams, who play seven 30-minute matches within 36 hours.

The festival, which has been a breeding ground for young talent, was blessed with some glorious weather, was superbly organised and well attended, with a crowd for the trophy final of several hundred.

to see his point. It looked as though it would be only a matter of time before Colston's got the ball out to their fleet-footed backs and the tries started pouring in. Wakefield, though, refused to lie down and kept making their tackles. Colston's, whose handling was a class above everybody else, simply could not break them down. It was tense, dour stuff, but Wakefield's fitness stood them in good stead and late in the game they were awarded a penalty.

It was further out than the kick that had earlier won Kelvin Lock, of Bedford Modern School, the long-kicking competition but James Burroughs duly sneaked it over for a 3-0 win. When the final whistle went, the Wakefield party went wild. Colston's looked stunned.

Both schools had won their six qualifying games with Colston's scoring far more points. But perhaps the writing was on the wall because in their last match before the final they struggled to beat Bromsgrove, 12-10.

PASSING THE BUCK
INSIDE THE BUSINESS OF SPORT

No one looks like winning their spurs at Tottenham



Gerry Francis must go, eh? That's what the fans are saying — well, those who turn up.

The others are voting with their feet, then?

While Arsenal are fretting about how they can expand Highbury because all 38,000 seats are spoken for, nine games out of ten, White Hart Lane has empty spaces almost every match, despite being nearly a fifth smaller. The venerable ground, once graced by Greaves, Gilzean and Gazza, was full only a handful of times last season.

But Spurs are a big club, aren't they?

Traditionally, one of the big five, along with Manchester United, Liverpool, Arsenal and Everton. They were the first club to come to the stock market and led the way in money-making schemes such as sponsorship, executive boxes and merchandising.

What's happened, then?

In recent years, the balance of power has shifted and Spurs have been left behind. They have not won anything for six years and, if you were drawing up a big five now, it would be Manchester United, Liverpool, Arsenal, Newcastle United and either Chelsea or Aston Villa.

Is this all the fault of Alan Sugar, the chairman?

Some might say so, but others say he is the club's saviour. The previous management — Irving Scholar and Paul Bobroff — drove the club to the brink of collapse. Terry Venables, then the manager, brought in Sugar to bankroll the company, but they fell out as Sugar started trying to run Spurs as a business. On those terms, Sugar has succeeded — operating profits went from £1.4 million in 1993-94 to around £16 million last season. The club is now valued on the stock market at £92 million.

But he hasn't given Francis any money to spend on players.

Wrong again. Sugar has actually allowed Francis to spend more than £20 million. Apparently, Sugar was prepared to let Francis spend £4 million to bring Gascoigne back from Lazio.

So throwing money about is not always the answer?

With clubs traded on the stock market, it is now a much more interesting balance. For instance, Newcastle United's full-year figures, which are out tomorrow, will show the benefits of selling Les Ferdinand a matter of hours before the end of the company's financial year.

How come?

The Newcastle board was desperate not to show a big loss in its first year on the stock market. But after joining Spurs for £6 million, Ferdinand has also taken up residency in the treatment room. A couple more poor acquisitions by Spurs will not only put pressure on Francis but also Sugar.

So Sugar might go?

Only if he wants to. He controls 40 per cent of the company and calls the shots. He has dealt with more pressurised situations than this in the past and survived. The same cannot be said for Francis.

JASON NISSE

House of Lords

Law Report October 20 1997

House of Lords

Compensation for employees

Tracey and Others v Crosville Wales Ltd

Before Lord Goff of Chieveley, Lord Maccay of Clashfern, Lord Lloyd of Berwick, Lord Nolan and Lord Clyde

[Speeches October 16]

Where there was collective industrial action for which all involved were equally responsible and for which all were dismissed, the compensation payable for unfair dismissal on the selective re-engagement of some employees who were not re-engaged would not be reduced to take account of contributory fault.

It was impossible to judge the blameworthiness or otherwise of the particular employee's conduct without reference to the conduct of the other employees concerned and to that of the employer. However, individual blameworthiness could be taken into account in principle amounting to contributory fault.

The House of Lords so held dismissing an appeal by Crosville Wales Ltd from a decision of the Court of Appeal (Lord Justice Beldam, Lord Justice Ognall and Lord Justice Ognall) (The Times August 4, 1995; [1996] ICR 237) allowing an appeal by Sharon Tracey and 72 other former employees of the company against a decision of the Employment Tribunal reversing the decision of an industrial tribunal not to make any deduction for contributory fault from their awards for having been unfairly dismissed by the company's selective failure to offer re-engagement following their dismissal for taking industrial action.

Alleged contemnor should be represented

Regina v Tyne Tees Television Ltd

Before Lord Justice Beldam, Mr Justice Ognall and Mr Justice Buckley

[Judgment October 9]

Any judge exercising the jurisdiction to punish for contempt was well advised to invite, although he could not require, the alleged contemnor to be legally represented in court. As a rule it was only in that way that the judge could obtain the assistance of counsel or solicitors when considering what powers he had and the circumstances of the case.

The Court of Appeal so stated when quashing the order made by Judge Stephenson on January 17, 1991 in Newcastle-upon-Tyne Crown Court imposing on Tyne Tees Television Ltd a fine of £10,000 for contempt of court.

Mr Jonathan Caplan, QC, for the appellants; Mr Ian Burnett as *amicus curiae*.

The House expressed concern that in the current state of the law an employee who had not deliberately victimised employees through selective re-engagement should be required to pay as much compensation as if he had. It was an area which would benefit from examination by the Law Commission.

Section 62 of the Employment Protection (Consolidation) Act 1978 as amended by the Employment Act 1982, since re-enacted as section 238 of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992, provides:

"(1) The provisions of this section shall have effect in relation to an employee (the 'complainant') who claims that he has been unfairly dismissed by his employer where at the date of dismissal — (a) the employer was conducting or instituting a lock out, or (b) the complainant was taking part in a strike or other industrial action."

"(2) In such a case an industrial tribunal shall not determine whether the dismissal was fair or unfair unless it is shown — (a) that one or more relevant employees of the same employer have not been dismissed, or (b) that any such employee has, before the expiry of the period of three months beginning with that employee's date of dismissal, been offered re-engagement and that the complainant has not been offered re-engagement."

"(3) Where it is shown that the condition referred to in paragraph (b) of subsection (2) is fulfilled, the provisions of sections 57 to 60 shall have effect as if in those sections any reference to the reason or principal reason for which the complainant was dismissed they were substituted a

reference to the reason or principal reason of which he has not been offered re-engagement."

Mr Jeremy McMullen, QC and Mr Paul T. Ryan for Crosville Wales Ltd; Mr Michael Burton, QC and Mr John Bowers for the employees.

LORD NOLAN said the appeal concerned the relationship between the provisions of the Employment Protection (Consolidation) Act 1978 concerning the refusal of an employer to re-engage striking employees who had been dismissed, and the provisions under which the compensation payable to unfairly dismissed employees might be reduced for contributory fault. Different answers had been given by the Employment Appeal Tribunal in earlier cases.

The employer dismissed 119 bus drivers who took part in a walk-out in support of union branch officers disciplined during a ban on overtime and rest day working in support of a pay claim.

Twenty-two of those dismissed were subsequently re-employed and 73 of the drivers made complaints of unfair dismissal. An industrial tribunal held that there was jurisdiction to hear their complaints pursuant to section 62 of the 1978 Act, now section 238 of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992. That decision was upheld on appeal by the Employment Appeal Tribunal.

A new industrial tribunal upheld the complaints in principle and concluded that the failure of Crosville Wales to re-engage the employees was unfair. The employers had failed to offer re-engagement to all because they

thought advertising through the media and the job centre was sufficient to constitute an offer to comply with the legislation.

Crosville Wales had contended on appeal from that decision that because the employees' conduct had contributed to their dismissal, the compensation to which they became entitled in consequence of the industrial action as a ground for dismissal should be reduced by such amount as the tribunal considered just and equitable in all the circumstances.

The first complication was that although the complainants' claims for compensation only came into existence because of the selective re-engagement carried out by Crosville Wales, that factor had to be ignored in determining whether the compensation should be reduced under section 73(7B) or section 74(6). *Courtauld's Northern Spinning Ltd v Moss* ([1984] ICR 218).

The second complication was that the tribunal had applied *Courtauld's* and held that it was not entitled to regard the participation of the complainants in the industrial action as a ground for reducing their compensation. The tribunal added that if it had been entitled to reduce the compensation on that ground it would have done so by 50 per cent, since the complainants and Crosville Wales were equally to blame.

By the time the matter came before the Employment Appeal Tribunal again the decision in *TNT Express (UK) Ltd v Dawes* ([1994] ICR 1) had been given. The employer in that case had held that where an employee had been dismissed while engaged in industrial action the merits of the case could only be considered if it could be shown that the employee had been subjected to discriminatory treatment in the matter of dismissal or re-engagement.

The Employment Appeal Tribunal had felt bound to follow *TNT*, the more recent decision in preference to the earlier *Courtauld's* decision. It therefore allowed the appeal of Crosville Wales, and also allowed a cross-appeal by the complainants against the 50 per cent reduction, remitting that issue to the industrial tribunal.

The immediate and apparent purpose of section 62 read by itself was simply to make it plain that an employer who conducted a lockout or who carried out a wholesale dismissal of striking employees was prima facie immune from claims for unfair dismissal. If the matter rested there, then the section would be strong evidence of a legislative intention to keep the merits of industrial disputes out of the courts.

But the reintroduction of the concept of unfair dismissal by way of the provisions regulating selective re-engagement inevitably involved the possibility of the tribunal having to consider the case of the individual employee in the context of the industrial action

and of the employer's conduct in applying the provisions of section 57 as a necessary precondition to the final stage of deciding whether the dismissed employees' compensation should be reduced on account of the contribution of the selective re-engagement had to be ignored.

It was at that point, to his Lordship's mind, that the argument for the employer failed, because of the sheer impossibility of the task of allocating the blame for the industrial action to any individual complainant, the more so since the collective blame for the industrial action was shared by those who were re-engaged.

That was a consequence which Parliament could never have contemplated. The conclusion simply gave effect to the statutory requirement that any reduction in the compensation of an individual employee should be, and should only be, such as was just and equitable.

His Lordship accepted that a broader approach must be followed when the case was one of selective re-engagement, the particular employee had been unfairly dismissed.

At that stage, particularly if the employer's conduct came into the reckoning under section 57(2)(b), it might well be essential to compare the treatment accorded to that employee with the treatment accorded to others, and to have regard to the employer's conduct and to the general merits of the case.

But even there his Lordship would stop short of accepting that the consideration of the matter by the tribunal must necessarily extend to the collective merits or demerits of the industrial action.

The point was not before his Lordship and so it would be wrong to attempt to decide it, but one could not ignore the proportionate of judicial opinion over the last 20 years to the effect that whole policy of the law as enshrined in the 1974 Act and the later enactments was to withdraw the law from the field of industrial disputes.

His Lordship dismissed the appeal, but with little sense of satisfaction about the justice of the result, or the state of the law which had given rise to it. It was not, after all, a case of deliberate victimisation by the employers, but they were being required to pay just as much compensation as if it had been.

That area of the law appeared to his Lordship to be one which would benefit from the attention of the Law Commission.

Lord Goff, Lord Maccay, Lord Lloyd and Lord Clyde agreed.

Solicitors: Dickinson Dees, Newcastle upon Tyne; Jack Thornley & Partners, Ashton-under-Lyne.

Terrorism suspect has no right to solicitor at interview

Regina v Chief Constable of the Royal Ulster Constabulary, Ex parte Begley

Before Lord Browne-Wilkinson, Lord Lloyd of Berwick, Lord Steyn, Lord Hoffmann and Lord Hope of Craighead

[Speeches October 16]

A person arrested in Northern Ireland under section 14 of the Prevention of Terrorism (Temporary Provisions) Act 1989 had no right to be accompanied and advised by his solicitor during interviews with the police.

The House of Lords so held in giving reasons for having on July 30:

1 Dismissed an appeal by Charles Begley from the decision of the Divisional Court of the Queen's Bench Division in Northern Ireland on March 6, 1996 to dismiss his application for an order of certiorari to quash decisions of the Royal Ulster Constabulary refusing to permit a solicitor to attend him during police interviews following his arrest under section 14(1).

2 Dismissed an appeal by Thomas McWilliams from the order of the Court of Appeal (Lord Justice Hope, Lord Chief Justice, Lord Justice Carswell and Lord Justice Nicholson) dated September 20, 1996 dismissing his appeal against his conviction for murder in Belfast Crown Court, a ground of his appeal having been the refusal to allow his solicitor to be present during police interviews after his arrest under section 14(1).

Mr A. D. Harvey, QC and Mr J. F. Larkin, both of the Northern Ireland Bar, for Begley; Mr R. E. Weatherup, QC and Mr Bernard McCloskey, both of the Northern Ireland Bar, for the Crown.

Mr Kevin Finnegan, QC and Mr Seamus Treacy, both of the Northern Ireland Bar, for McWilliams; Mr J. A. Cusack, QC and Mr P. T. Lynch, both of the Northern Ireland Bar, for the Crown.

LORD BROWNE-WILKINSON said that the common law recognised a general right in an accused person to communicate and consult privately with his solicitor outside the interview room.

That development was reflected in the Judges' Rules and Administrative Directions to the Police which were published as Home Office Circular No 89/1978.

That principle was subsequently enshrined in legislation in England and Wales as well as in Northern Ireland, and the right was extended to persons suspected of having committed offences under the terrorism provisions.

To that legislation, his Lordship would turn later. But the present case was concerned with the separate and independent question whether every accused person had an established common law right to have a solicitor present during police interviews regardless of the nature of the offence in respect of which he was arrested.

Needless to say, there was no decision or dictum in support of such a right. If the Judges' Rules had been formulated on the basis that a suspect already had a legal right to have his solicitor present during interview, it was inconceivable that such a right and the necessary qualifications to it would not have been spelt out in the elaborate statement of the rights of a suspect in the Judges' Rules.

Counsel had argued that even if the right to have a solicitor present during interview had not been established by specific judicial decision it was, nevertheless, part of the corpus of the common law.

They argued that the rationale of the general principle, which gave a suspect a right to consult a solicitor outside the interview room, was fairness and that fairness similarly demanded the recognition of a right to have a solicitor present during interviews.

What a court of law would have decided if such a common law issue had been presented to it was a hypothetical point. His Lordship was far from saying that a court could not have developed by analogy with the right to consult a solicitor privately a further right for the solicitor to be present during police interviews in aid of the fairness of the pre-trial procedure. But he was quite satisfied that such a common law principle had not been established to date.

That brought him to the alternative argument that the House should now, by analogy with the right to consult a solicitor outside the interview room and on the ground of fairness, recognise a suspect's right to be accompanied by his solicitor in a police interview.

That argument was reinforced by the fact that by the Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order (SI 1988 No 1087 (NI 20)) the right of an accused person to remain silent in interview had been introduced. It was a power to draw adverse inferences from silence where it would be reasonable for the accused to be forthcoming in his responses to questions.

There was considerable force in that argument but it could not be

considered in isolation and divorced from the legislative framework made applicable to Northern Ireland.

The power of the House to develop the law was limited and could be exercised only in the gaps left by Parliament. It was impermissible for the House to develop the law in a direction which was contrary to the expressed will of Parliament. And that was in truth what the House was being asked to do.

Under section 38 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 any suspect, including a suspect arrested under section 14(1) of the 1989 Act, had a legal right to consult privately with a solicitor as well as a right to have a solicitor present during interview.

That represented the law in England and Wales. A different regime applied in Northern Ireland.

It was true that under the 1984 Act legislation applicable in Northern Ireland a suspect had both the rights already described but that did not apply to a person arrested or detained under the terrorism provisions: see article 39(2) of the Police and Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order (SI 1989 No 1341 (NI 12)).

A suspect detained under the terrorism provisions was merely entitled to consult privately with a solicitor: see section 15 of the Northern Ireland (Emergency Provisions) Act 1987; section 45 of the Northern Ireland (Emergency Provisions) Act 1991; and section 47 of the Northern Ireland (Emergency Provisions) Act 1996.

The Code of Practice issued under section 61 of the 1991 Act was to the same effect. Nowhere was there reference to any right in a person arrested under terrorism provisions to have a solicitor present during interview.

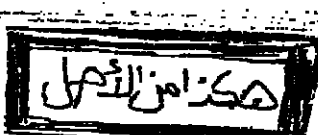
The differential treatment of persons suspected of having committed offences under the terrorism provisions in Northern Ireland was plainly part of a deliberate legislative policy.

It was the clearly expressed will of Parliament that persons arrested under section 14(1) should not have the right to have a solicitor present during interview.

In those circumstances, his Lordship would reject the invitation to develop such a right as beyond the power of the House of Lords.

Lord Lloyd, Lord Steyn, Lord Hoffmann and Lord Hope agreed.

Solicitors: B. M. Birnberg & Co for John J. Rice & Co, Newtownards; Treacy, Solicitors, Madden & Finnegan, Belfast; Director of Public Prosecutions, Belfast.



John Young introduces a two-page report on the importance of design in boosting British business and the economy

It's time to back Britain's boffins

More than 40 per cent of the world's commercially important innovations in the past half century have originated in the United Kingdom. Going further back, British invention has been responsible for nearly three quarters of all significant new products and processes since the Industrial Revolution.

Such a claim might seem an outrageous piece of chauvinistic hype, were it not for the fact that it comes from the government trade and industry department in Japan. Last year it was cited by Barbara Roche, now Minister for Small Businesses, to support her assertion that Britain loses about £165 billion a year in GNP by failing to take advantage of its inventions.

A time-honoured perception is that the Brits, while brilliant at dreaming up new ideas, are too lazy to translate them into well-designed, marketable and reliable products, thus leaving it to their competitors to reap the rewards.

It is not a view that Andrew Summers, chief executive of the Design Council, accepts as ever having been wholly true, and is one that he would rebut today. While not complacent, he asserts that there has been a drastic change in attitudes and a recognition that, if Britain is to remain an industrial power, it will have to exploit and perfect as well as innovate.

Mr Summers would be the last to claim that the change coincides with his own appointment less than three years ago. But he does believe that during his time an organisation that was perceived as overstuffed and out of touch has acquired a new respect and relevance.

Drastic cuts in staff by up to 80 per cent, and the selective employment of freelance consultants have, he says, altered the council's method of operation. The result has been renewed confidence on the part of Government, business and edu-



Summers encouraged

tional authorities in its importance for the nation's economic future.

Mr Summers cannot resist a certain satisfaction at the encouragement he and his colleagues received at the recent Labour Party conference. He has with him an extract from the Prime Minister's speech, describing the British as by nature and tradition innovators, adventurers and pioneers, and still world leaders in design and creativity. "Delegates showed a lot of interest in the council's work and said we were doing some very good things," he says.

Political approval, however welcome, is less important than the marked shift in the attitudes of businessmen and industrialists. "From a situation where no one ever asked us for anything, we are now overwhelmed with requests for help and advice," he says.

"It is far easier for us to make contact with outside organisations than in the old days when their attitude seemed to be 'Don't waste our time'." The improvement in communications has been matched by renewed interest on the part of the media, with more coverage of the council's work.

In broader terms, Mr Summers believes that the only way in which

Britain can maintain and increase its share of world markets is by offering added value in the form of better design and improved technology. The era when companies sought to remain competitive by shedding staff and cutting costs is largely over, he says. The emphasis now is on innovation.

The greatest single advance is likely to be in electronic communications. "We need to understand and put ourselves in a position to appreciate the power they will exert. The way in which communications are designed and fitted into business systems will make a hell of a difference in how business functions in the years to come."

Mr Summers draws a distinction between invention, which produces new concepts, and design, which brings those concepts to the market. He concedes that, in the development of computers for example, the invention of the microchip was a crucial breakthrough. But the key to their public acceptance has been designing equipment that customers want and are confident they can use.

Britain's recovery from industrial decline has been recognised by the number of international companies now investing here. But there is still a long way to go, he says.

While the perception of Britain among overseas investors and customers has improved, there is still a complacency, a belief that British is best. Although wary of taking political sides, Mr Summers nonetheless applauds Tony Blair's vision of a more open and tolerant society. "We must at all costs avoid any attempt to be exclusive," Mr Summers says. "Creativity is international. Our future lies in exporting ideas as well as products."

Only a cynic would suggest that this is what we have been doing all along and have been forced to pay the price.



Andrew England Kerr, left, and Brian Ollis, hold on to Michael England Kerr as he demonstrates the lifejacket in a reservoir

Happy landings for anglers who cast off

An inflatable fishing jacket invented by a Birmingham entrepreneur has helped in the rescue of three fishermen since its launch last year.

The Doctor's Jacket is designed to be as good as any fishing jacket on the market, but has the added benefit of a lifesaving device through a method of automatic self-inflation and a self-righting capability.

It is the work of Andrew England Kerr and his brother Michael. Their company, Englands Fly Fishers, now exports the jacket not only throughout Europe but to

destinations including Russia, Japan, South America and America.

Andrew says: "We dedicated the jacket to the memory of our late father, Dr W.A. England Kerr, who came from Inverness. The second reported life saved was that of the local dentist in Inverness."

In April last year the company contacted Business Link Birmingham for help in applying for a regional innovation grant, and after advice from Brian Ollis, the Link's innovation and technology

specialist, it was awarded a £25,000 development grant.

Mr Ollis says: "The designs were first-rate, combining fashion and style with a unique life-saving function. It was obvious that the product had enormous potential. There was nothing else like it on the European market."

The secret is an automatic inflation device which responds to water pressure and means that if a casualty is unconscious or unable to inflate an orthodox lifejacket,

the "Doctor" is still operational.

Andrew had in the past gone to the assistance of two people who got into difficulties in the water, and was convinced of the need for life-saving appliances to be worn.

But he says that inventing something like this was only the start of the process, which has taken five years. "We have had to source technically complex fabrics, fastenings, inflation mechanisms, plus fight our way through the maze of regulations that surround life-saving clothing," he says.

CHRISTOPHER WARMAN

A model of wall to wall success

CARPET DESIGN

When Ulster Carpet Mills won the UK Quality Award for Business Excellence last year it was the first time that a design-based business had taken the UK's leading prize for business excellence. Christopher Warman writes.

A year on, Daniel McLarnon, corporate services director, is convinced that the company's success can be attributed to its commitment to the Business Excellence Model.

Developed as a route-planner for companies, the model sets out nine components of business process and performance, explaining how companies can assess themselves against each one to bring about improvements.

"The model has had a fundamental impact on our approach to carpet design," said Mr McLarnon. "When we came to evaluate our policies and strategies we realised that we were not as close to our customers as we should be. Many of our corporate installations are overseas, yet our designers were in Portadown. We had



In tune: Ulster Mills

to address this isolationism in order to grow. Now we have designers in France, the United States and Africa as well as back home. We are much more in tune with customers and better able to anticipate changes in design taste."

Richard Parker, of the British Quality Foundation, guardians of the Business Excellence Model in the UK, says Ulster Carpet Mills is a prime example of how the model's principles can improve results.

British Quality Foundation: 0171-463 8000.

The UK must match its rivals in presentation skills, says John Young

How image can improve profits

If some statistics are said to lie, others appear frankly inexplicable. What, for example, is one supposed to make of the Design Council's finding that, while 92 per cent of small businesses believe design provides a competitive edge, 50 per cent still think it is a waste of money?

The council's response is to declare its determination to "close the gap", a determination reflected in events such as Design in Business Week, instigated last year as a means of conveying the message that better design means bigger profits. In the simplest terms, an investment of just 1 per cent in improved product design can lead to a 3 or 4 per cent increase in profits.

Among larger companies the message seems to have got across. The British design industry is now worth more than £12 billion a year and employs 300,000 people, accounting for 1.8 per cent of GDP and 1.2 per cent of total employment.

Manufacturing industry spends an estimated £10 billion on product development and design. About 173,000 employees — 4.5 per cent of the workforce — are involved in design, and overseas earnings by British design consultancies contribute nearly £400 million to the nation's balance of payments.

Significantly, those indus-

tries that invest most heavily in product design and development, such as aerospace, mechanical engineering and chemicals, are those in which Britain has a trade surplus. Although engineering and technology account for the largest block of investment, proportionately more is spent by companies engaged in the production of furniture, textiles, clothing and graphics.

Yet although Britain has a disproportionately large share of "world-class" companies, their brand images seldom match the scale of their investment and turnover. Other countries, and smaller companies, have been more successful in promoting the quality, flair and reliability of their products.

British manufacturers have lagged behind their international competitors in exploiting the value to be gained from good design and promotion. A CBI report concluded that only one in ten manufacturing companies was truly innovative, and that there was an urgent need to speed up the introduction of new products.

Encouragingly, surveys in the past two years have found



Margaret Beckett: support

that the proportion of large companies recognising that design is an essential component of their work has risen from about 40 per cent to more than 66 per cent. But many small to medium-sized companies still see it as an expensive drain on resources.

Hopes that attitudes may change will find expression in Design in Business Week '97, to be opened on Thursday by Margaret Beckett, President of the Board of Trade, and intended to become an annual event. In a foreword to the accompanying brochure, Mrs Beckett

declares that effective exploitation of design is a message that must be taken to heart if companies are to survive and grow.

Events during the week offer a broad choice of venues including London, Belfast, Warwick, Huddersfield, Bradford, Cardiff, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Norwich, Cambridge, Leicester and Plymouth. Conferences, seminars, lectures and exhibitions cover subjects ranging from innovation advice for small businesses to the use of the Internet to improve communications; from environmental pressures to the design of healthcare products; and from brand promotion to encouragement for young entrepreneurs.

The voluntary sector has just one event: a seminar in London on October 29 organised by The Media Trust. From charity branding to campaign management, the seminar aims to demonstrate how to adopt a more cutting-edge approach to image and presentation.

Barbara Roche, the Small Businesses Minister, will be among the speakers at the seventh annual conference of the Institute of Business Advisers at the Hilton Hotel, Coventry, on October 25.

Information is available from the Design Council, Haymarket House, 1 Overton Street, London SW1Y 4EE. Tel: 0171-208 2121. Fax: 0171-839 6033.

Duke's award is relaunched

The Prince Philip Designers Prize, last awarded in 1994, has been revived to recognise a significant contribution to the process of design, emphasising originality and aesthetic quality, Christopher Warman writes.

First known as The Duke of Edinburgh's Prize for Elegant Design, it has been through many different stages in its history since it was first awarded to the Prestcold "Packaway" refrigerator by C.W.F. Longman in 1959.

The relaunched Prince Philip Designers Prize 1997, to be awarded to an individual designer or leader of a design team, has new criteria. They include the entrants' influence on design standards and trends, their contribution to the perception of design and status of designers, and their success in the market place.

There are seven finalists, nominated by organisations invited by the Design Council, including the Arts Council, the Consumers' Association, the Federation of Small Businesses and The Royal Society. The



The Duke's contribution

winner will be announced during Design in Business Week '97.

They are: James Dyson, inventor of the revolutionary cyclone vacuum-cleaner; Sir Norman Foster, architect; Michael Gill, developer of a range of ultrasonic flow meters, including the Ultrasonic Domestic Gas Meter; Betty Jackson, fashion designer; Ben Kelly, interior designer; Jane Pridemore, architect and design management consultant; and Richard Seymour and Dick Powell, product designers.

Design Council

What's the essence of Britain's creativity? Have old notions of nationhood had their day? Do we need to rebuild the UK's image? Just what would a 'new brand for new Britain' mean?

You'll find the answers in the latest challenging issue of *Design*, the journal of the Design Council. Every quarter, *Design* takes an in-depth view of design developments in business, education and government. Our new Britain issue, for example, features studies of brands from Rolls-Royce through BA to Psion. And articles by top business writers including Charles Handy.

So for the inside story on innovation, subscribe to *Design*. Call ETP publishing 01245 491717.

Style parade to put us ahead of the pack

Amanda Loose on the showcase that will prove the UK is in the forefront of a creative revolution

A major initiative was launched by the Design Council last month to identify Britain's most innovative products and services to take us into the 21st century. Successful innovations will be showcased at the Millennium Dome, in Greenwich, on regional tours and promoted around the world by the British Council.

The initiative, which will be funded by the Government through the Department of Trade and Industry, was welcomed by Tony Blair, who said it would prove Britain was at the forefront of a "creative revolution".

Reminiscent in many ways of the 1951 Festival of Britain, the Millennium Products scheme aims to promote Britain at home and abroad as a design leader. Design for the future and the future of design is something that the Council is keen to promote, according to Karen Levi, director of the Millennium Product scheme. Those involved want to identify products or services which do something differently, and to highlight British successes in many fields, from pharmaceuticals to fashion.

"We are aiming to identify, encourage and promote innovative products created in Britain for the next century, from the broadest range of sectors as possible," she says. "We frequently see innovations as one-off examples in this country, but they are not often displayed as a collective body."

The scheme focuses on our successes and harnessing them, showing what we can do and achieve, changing how we are perceived abroad.

The diversity of selected designs will be one of the scheme's greatest merits, according to Paul Thomp-

son, director of London's Design Museum and a member of the Millennium Products panel. "It is important that as an industrial nation we do look forwards," he says, "and the scheme gives us this opportunity. We can concentrate on what Britain is good at; we have strong creative minds, and this excellence is what we have to sell to the rest of the world."

"This creativity extends beyond design and architecture, to innovations and scientific achievements. The awards are not just confined to patting arty excellence on the back, but rewarding design in its broadest sense."

So what makes a Millennium Product? Ms Levi says: "We are looking for products which are innovatively conceived or challenge the conventions of how they are used or produced. It is very hard to be more prescriptive as we will be looking at such a wide range of entrants."

Successful entries will be heavily promoted, not just in the media, but on the Internet and CD-Roms, says Ms Levi, taking the story of the thinking behind them to as many people as possible, at home and abroad.

to their own methodology," she says. "We will take them into schools so students can get excited about them at primary and secondary levels, developing the right interests and attitude in the next generation of designers."

The entries, which must be a product or service created in Britain and launched between January 1995 and December 31, 1997, will be judged by a panel of 50 style gurus, including household names such as Janet Street-Porter, Sir Terence Conran and Germaine Greer.

The Design Council will invite submissions and announce Millennium Products every six months until 2000. Many thousands of entries are expected for the first round, where the deadline for submissions is January 16, 1998. Those selected will be announced next March.

The Design Council has selected a number of products as pointers for prospective entrants. They come from the worlds of IT, medicine, fashion and even supermarkets. A biodegradable wound dressing, in tune with human tissue, is listed, as is the Psion Series 5, a hand-held computer which can surf the Internet, send and receive messages and even track share prices. Shop & Go, Safeway's personal scanning system which allows shoppers to avoid checkout queues, is also included.

The scheme will "gee" us up, says Mr Thompson: "It will make us all aware of what is going on. It will stop people in industry, the service sector and laboratories, and make them think about what they are doing. And many will realise that they are developing world-class products."

● Brochure and submission form, 0181-550 8826.



Julian Atkinson among some of his newly designed coffins, including a carving on a lid taken from a brass rubbing

Bringing art to an essential craft

You might not think a coffin-maker would need to explain his product to the world. Christopher Warman writes. But a family-owned company from Peshaw, Tyne and Wear, has achieved successful results from producing a new catalogue designed with the help of a local Business Link design counsellor.

Coffin designers and manufac-

ture J C Atkinson & Sons wanted to produce a catalogue that would promote its business to the funeral profession and enable undertakers to show the range of coffins to bereaved families. They realised that at such a sensitive time the design of the brochure would be critical.

the catalogue, and the use of advanced imaging computer technology enabled them to assess the brochure fully before committing it to print.

Mr Devitt said J C Atkinson & Sons had made a significant investment in design and through careful planning, preparation and working with the appropriate design company, the "investment was paying off".

Easy-to-recycle items benefit companies and consumers

Designing products with the environment in mind can pay dividends, particularly with the advent of "producer responsibility" legislation. Amanda Loose writes.

Many companies already have to collect and recycle their products' packaging materials, but legislation in the pipeline could mean that they will have to "take back" products at the end of their lives.

Easy-to-recycle products with re-usable components would have a competitive edge, as would environmental standard benchmarks, because consumers are increasingly aware of such issues. Looking at environmental concerns at the early stages of design is vital, says the Centre for Sustainable Design, and can save your company money.

A survey by the centre last year showed that 68 per cent of companies in the electronics sector believe "producer responsibility" will have a significant impact on their businesses. Many expect it to change the way they design and manufacture products, and 80 per cent were looking at designing for the environment in relation to new product development.

Such legislation will mean products must be designed with durability, disassembly, recycling and reuse in mind, says Mark Shayler, design counsellor at Business Link Bradford. Mr Shayler, who is running a seminar on Design for the Environment in Bradford on October 28, says: "Companies often see environmental issues as a design constraint, stopping them from using hard woods, for example. But then design for the environment also gives opportunities for competitive advantages."

A report by the Design

Drive to promote second-life surgery



Mark Shayler, left, and Tony Bhogal with a car parts cleaning machine

Council last year confirms this. It found that just over 80 per cent of a product's costs are set during its design phase, and that a similar proportion of the impact it will have on the environment are also set at this low-cost stage.

Mr Shayler agrees: "It is hard work convincing the small and medium-size enterprises I work with that looking at environmental issues at an early stage can have economic benefits. But products which require fewer raw materials and less energy to develop give massive cost and environmental benefits. If companies develop a new component which doesn't need to be broken down when it is recycled, there will be future savings."

Emma Prentis, senior man-

ager of the Environment and Sustainability unit of Canadian telecommunications equipment manufacturer Nortel, says the company has gone back to the design process with many of its products, and removed hazardous materials.

Nortel's research unit in Harlow, Essex, for example, has come up with a soldering technique which removes 99.99 per cent of lead.

"Environmentally friendly products have competitive advantages particularly in northern Europe, as well as countries in Latin America," she says. "The Eco-Label, awarded to products meeting certain environmental criteria, managed by the European Union, is a popular selling point, particularly in Germany, and is starting to gain influence over here."

Developing components which can be re-used and are more durable, or products which are more modular in design so that parts can be easily replaced, is increasingly common. Rank Xerox offers customers a choice of three photocopiers, including one made from re-used parts. Flat already labels its components with advice on how to recycle them.

Much of the take-back legislation will affect the electronics and the automotive industries first, says Mr Shayler. Tony Bhogal, managing director of Autoclectro in Bradford, is already looking at ways to re-use car components, using what he can and selling on the waste for recycling.

His job would be much easier if designers considered a more modular approach in the early stages of design: "Car designers should look at making parts easier to overhaul. Many components fail due to wear and many, if designed properly, could be made to last longer," he says.

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THE PHENIX AWARDS

Design Council

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MILLENNIUM
DOME



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THE TIMES

Portfolio

£2,000 to be won

Check the numbers on your Portfolio card and find your eight stocks in the Portfolio panel below. In the column provided next to your eight shares enter the share move-

ments as published on this page. Ignore fractions, if enter 16 1/2 as 16 (the symbol ... means no change). After listing the price changes of your eight shares, add or subtract as appropriate to find your total, which can be plus or minus. If your overall total matches exactly the points required for the daily dividend you win or

No	Company	Group	Gold or Silver
1	Go-Ahead	Transport	
2	Saltire	Distrib's	
3	JLI Group	Food Man	
4	Coats Vyella	Textiles	
5	Br Steel	Engineering	
6	Old Eng Pub	Breweries	

7	Paragon	Orth Fin
8	Inspec	Chemicals
9	GBT Int	Engin'g
10	Xenova	Pharm'als
11	Stranner	Distrib
12	Wilson (C)	Bld & Cons
13	Thistle Hotels	Leisure
14	SEP Indi	Distrib
15	Ladbroke	Leisure
16	Bougainville	Mining
17	Driefontein	Mining

18	Lambert Fen	Insurance
19	Walsley	Sid Mats
20	Monteagle	Mining
21	LASMO	Oil & Gas
22	IWP Intl	House Gds
23	Phenixfield R	Oil & Gas
24	Hay (Nrmn)	Engineering
25	Yates Bros	Breweries
26	Eurocamp	Leisure
27	West Fithcare	Healthcare
28	EMAP	Media

29	Sea Brothers	Oth Fin
30	Environmed	Healthcare
31	Sotobays	Ref Gen
32	Lands Imp	Property
33	Cardiff Prop	Property
34	FirstBus	Transport
35	SkyePharma	Pharm'cals
36	Dolphin Pack	Print Pap
37	Granthchester	Property
38	Chambrlin Ed	Engin'ng
39	Plasmon	Electronic

40	Cap & Regnl	Property	
41	Rubicon	Engineering	
42	Try Homes	Bld & Cons	
43	Burn Swrl	Alc Bev	
44	Norcross	Bld Mats	

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Weekly Dividend

Five winners shared the prize on Saturday, each receiving £400: D. Floyd, Telling; A. Das, Wifrat; M. Ali, Southend; J. Jamieson, Ayr; M. Clarke, Warrington.

Mid cap (public)	Company	Price (\$)	Vol. +/-	Yld %
7.67	Jeanette (S)	35	-	7.1
52.10	Arco Steel	359	+ 1	3.8
24.25	Lambert	175 1/2	+ 1 1/2	5.7
39.10	Larson	130	- 6 1/2	12.7
48.90	Leeds	133 1/2	+ 1	6.4
7.82	Capital Wm Co	22 1/2	- 1	62.5
5.00	Lynn (S)	71 1/2	- 6	4.0
29.50	Morgue	18 1/2	-	7.5
5.85	POC	4 1/2	-	4 1/2
25.45	Parkland	101 1/2	- 2	4.5
352.10	Parkland	97	-	4.5

18.50	Palmist	77½	1	9.8
81 00	Asphalt	38	4	8.3
8.42	Richards	36	4	5.9
4.85	SEETA	30½		
35.40	Sherrard Sp	31½		14.3
7.25	Salish	120½		4.1
34.50	Sider	84	4	11.4
30.70	Sliding Sp	35		8.2
4.05	LK Soley	11½		
11.30	Usher (Frank)	153	4	9.0
5.80	Wheaton	72½	8	8.8
17.00	Yachyle	151½	5½	8.7

TRANSPORT

21.80	Air London	2509		3.9
4.331.10	All Hops, Air	1000	12%	0.15
1.30	Am. Express (Fr. Post)	3000	—	0.15
940.40	Auto Europe	3000	—	0.15
6.183.20	BMA	500	2%	2.6
5.527.50	Br. Airways	5200	1%	3.0
110.10	Can. Gen. Ins.	15		
21.20	Charlton (R)	10400		4.0
300.00	Cryptolite Ops	1420		4.4
800.00	Deutsche	2400	7	4.4
39.20	Dani	2400	10	3.7
92.10	Emphallat	190		
250.50	Emphallat Ltd.	85		
670.50	Finibus	1720	6	3.2
58.00	Fisher (Japan)	120	5	2.0
243.00	Fr. Post	6300	5	2.6
243.00	Gen. Ins.	650	4	2.0
300.00	Gen. Ins.	650	4	2.0

36.70	Hughes Co.	230	+ 74	0.4
135.49	John Const	789	- 30	0.8
107.50	Jacobs	90	+ 1	2.5
62.70	Law O'Shea Pts	94		
62.30	Money Market	433+	+ 7	2.8
1,000.00	Novartis	450	+ 15	3.7
292.30	Nov. Group	450	+ 15	2.7
292.70	Ocean Group	631	+ 6	4.0
46.80	Oscar Wilcox	718	+ 2	4.0
4,474.10	P & O Ind	727+	+ 5	5.2
73.00	P & O 3.5%	1183+		5.8
5,064.00	Reckitt	987	- 22	2.8
11.00	Saxon	42+	+ 1	2.6
133.20	Seymour	32	+ 10	1.5
1,680.20	Shimadzu	704	+ 38	1.5
277.90	Thales & Brist	452+	+ 12	3.0
271.30	TRG	106+	+ 7	6.0
109.80	Upstart	84	+ 1	3.3

WATER			
2,214.66	Anglin	818%	16
1,322.40	East Survey	268%	3.0
1,291.70	Hyder	643% + 7	5.8
1,281.10	Hyder On Pd	115% + 2	6.0
1,066.50	Adair Farm Ridge	825 + 5	6.0
1,065.80	Adair Farm Throat	643 + 18	5.1
1,031.30	South Fork	316%	3.5
1,031.30	South Fork	877% + 11	5.2

1,013.50	Old Dominion	564 + 48	4.8
1,659.20	Wheat	718 + 10	6.2
1,641.00	Wheat	518 + 23	4.2
	Wheat	485 + 18	4.8

ALTERNATIVE INV MARKET

8.27	Atlantic Herring	129 + 2	1.5
8.75	Catfish	189 + 3	1.9
46.50	Crab	224 + 8	2.8
118.20	Dungeness	355 - 20	2.6
178.00	Flounder	327 + 1	3.3
51.40	Halibut	337 + 1	3.4
26.20	Monterey Crab	327 + 1	3.4

74.00 Petrox Inc.	202 ⁺ + 3	
262.40 Thomson Corp.	102 ⁺ + 47 ⁺	0.2
187.10 Southern Railway	770 + 10	3.2
13.00 Southern Pacific	60 ⁺	3.6
124.00 Travelmot	24 ⁺ + 6	

Source: FT Information.

▲ Price at announcement; † Ex dividend; ‡ Ex split; ◆ Ex the latter; ● Ex all; § Ex capital distribution; * Figures on year available. ... the significant date; Computed on basis of month-end of the FTSE 100 index.

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Thailand: Finance minister to quit

SB drugs cocktail comes up trumps



Peter Job, Reuters chairman, must grapple with the year 2000 computer software bug

TODAY

Interim: Courtside Clothing, Harvey Nash Group, Kayser, Borden, North Hydro (Q3), Novo Nordisk (Q3), Salton Healthcare, Wildman & Rickard, Finesse Creston Land & Estates, International Biotech, Newcastle United, Economic statistics: UK car production (Sept).

TOMORROW

Interim: Airtel Streamlines, David Brown, Charlton Athletic, Oliver Ashworth, SmithKline Beecham, Waste Management Int'l, Finesse, Batscom, Zochonis, Scottish Metropolitan Properties, Wolseley, Economic statistics: CBI quarterly industrial trend survey.

WEDNESDAY

Interim: Dana Petroleum, Grampian Hds, Finesse, Lady in Leisure, Wescol, Economic statistics: total sales (Sept).

THURSDAY

Interim: Hercules Inc (Q3), ICI (Q3), Lunnar, Philips Electronics, Reuters (Q3), Shires Smaller Companies (interim), Finesse, Action Computer, Ewart, Economic statistics: Provisional M4 and final M3 (Sept), bank lending (Sept), building society lending (Sept).

FRIDAY

Interim: Baxmore Int'l, NEC, Economic statistics: Preliminary GDP (Q3), UK global and non-EU trade balance (Sept).

SMITHKLINE BEECHAM

Another sturdy performance from its established drugs portfolio will have provided a useful increase to sales when the group reports third-quarter figures tomorrow. Pre-tax profits are expected to come in at about £395 million, up 6 per cent on the £374 million last time. Earnings are likely to be up 7 per cent, at almost 5p.

Paxil/Seroxat should have seen constant currency sales grow by 30 per cent with Augmentin up 11 per cent and vaccines 15 per cent. The performance of the new drugs such as Ramvir, Kytril, Hycamtin and Coreg will also come under close scrutiny, with sales expected to total £122 million. Evidence from the main US drug producers would indicate that SmithKline can beat most of the sales forecasts pencilled in.

Third-quarter operating margins are expected to have grown 3 per cent, to 26 per cent. About 2 per cent of this can be accounted for by the change of business mix at DPS, with the remainder down to gross margin expansion. The quarter payout is likely to grow from 1.8p to almost 2p with 20.2 for the full year.

REUTERS: A timebomb is ticking away under Peter Job, chief executive, and the cost of defusing it could prove expensive. The millennium time bomb is likely to see hefty write-offs over the next couple of years and the group, along with every other company using computers, is likely to find it costly to solve the problem of computers failing

to recognise the year 2000 because it ends in two zeros.

Provisions relating to these costs may start to become apparent when third-quarter results are unveiled on Thursday. Attention will focus on whether the group has been able to maintain the underlying 8 per cent revenue growth achieved in the first two quarters. But with sterling having traded, during the third quarter, 20 per cent above the comparable period last year, it seems a dent will have been made in revenues. NatWest Markets, the broker, is forecasting a decline in total revenues, from £2.17 billion to £2.13 billion.

There was surprise at the 7 per cent growth achieved by information products in the second quarter. This was achieved despite the move to restructure services to upgrade clients to the Series 3000. Order and installation levels were 24,300 and 10,600 respectively.

Brokers will be anxious to see if the Reuters 3000 product line has continued to make progress. But for the group to reach its year-end target of 30,000, installations will need to have reached 20,000 in the third quarter.

ICI: Third-quarter results on Thursday will provide a clearer insight into the impact of Specialty Chemicals that the group bought from Unilever earlier this year. These figures will contain 84 days of the new acquisition.

Overall, pre-tax profits are likely to have fallen sharply from £313 million to £115

million, while earnings per share should be down 2p to 8.5p. This profits setback will not come as a surprise after its warning earlier this year. Instead, brokers will be focusing their attention on the future now that a key element of that strategy is in place.

The rest of the specialty division should have benefited

from strong demand, especially in National Starch and the flavours and fragrances businesses, while in Unichema the decline in glycerine prices will have been offset by strong oleochemical prices.

WOLSELEY: This month's acquisition by Meyer International of Harcros may have

ruined a few feathers at Wolseley, but it is unlikely to affect its dominant position in the building supplies market. Full-year figures tomorrow should show pre-tax profits up from £242.9 million to £262 million on sales 8 per cent higher at £4.4 billion.

The group has already made it clear that the recovery

in the housing market has been slow to filter through. This combined with evidence if a slow-down in the US means that the real benefits from the recovery are unlikely to be felt until 1998. The payout should grow from 10.4p net to 11.3p.

WASTE MANAGEMENT INTERNATIONAL

A small decline in profitability is forecast when the group unveils third-quarter results tomorrow. Pre-tax profits should come in at £37.3 million (£42.8 million), while earnings a share will have declined by one third to 4.7p. Currency factors will have made a dent in profits and the overall outcome has been distorted by the divestment of the Wessex Water stake at the interim stage.

Brokers will be looking for further information on the disposal programme in Europe and how conditions in Hong Kong are faring after the handover. Once again there will be no payout.

NEWCASTLE UNITED

The "Toon Army" comes marching into the Square Mile today with its first set of full-year figures. The end result should be impressive. Pre-tax profits are expected to come in at £40.5 million, an increase of 40 per cent, with improvements reported in all the main revenue streams. Revenues from television will have soared from £3.5 million to almost £8 million, while sponsorship and branded products are likely to have grown by almost a third, to £6.3 million and £9 million respectively. A first-time payout of 1.6p is expected.

MICHAEL CLARK

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

THE tenth anniversary of Black Monday and the launch of order-driven trading are expected to cause some market jitters this week, but it is a raft of vital economic statistics that could provide the market with a headache.

The jury is hung on whether the Bank of England will move on interest rates next month, although stronger than expected GDP and retail sales data will tip the odds towards a quarter-point rise.

Third-quarter GDP data on Friday is expected to show strong growth continuing. MMS International, the economics consultancy, forecasts that quarterly GDP will rise 0.9 per cent, taking the annual growth rate from 3.5 per cent to 3.8 per cent.

The retail sales data for September, due on Wednesday, could prove to be much softer than in recent months. MMS predicts monthly sales growth will fall 0.1 per cent, taking the annual rate to 5.7 per cent.

Economists have been consistently surprised by the relatively stable trade deficit despite the surge in the pound. Friday's data is expected to show the August whole world trade deficit increasing from £450 to £750 million, while the non-EU trade gap for September will rise from £359 to £500 million. M4, the measure of broad money supply, is predicted to remain strong at 11.9 per cent on Thursday.

ALASDAIR MURRAY

Thailand's finance minister to quit

By ALASDAIR MURRAY, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

INVESTOR confidence in Thailand is expected to hit a new low today after Thanong Bidaya, the Finance Minister, said yesterday that he would step down from the Government in the next few days.

Mr Thanong is credited as the architect of austerity measures pushed through by the Thai Government as part of the \$17 billion (£10.5 billion) IMF rescue package.

His decision to step down comes after a government U-turn on an oil tax increase on Friday. But Mr Thanong denied there was a direct connection with the failure of the oil tax, claiming instead that he had finished laying down the

framework for tackling Thai economic problems.

International investors fear that the Thai government will not find a suitable candidate to fill the Finance Minister's post. The country's third Finance Minister in ten months will have to continue with the austerity measures as well as decide what to do with the \$8 debt-ridden financial companies suspended by authorities last July.

Analysts predict the baht and Thai stock market will come under renewed pressure today. The baht has lost 40 per cent of its value since July, closing on Friday at a record low of 37.30 to the dollar.

	Bank Buys	Bank Sells
Australia \$	2.31	2.14
Austria Sch	21.03	19.37
Belgium Fr	62.25	57.29
Canada \$	2.589	2.181
Cyprus Cyp£	0.888	0.817
Denmark Kr	11.49	10.60
Finland Mk	9.14	8.39
France Fr	10.07	9.29
Germany Dm	3.03	2.79
Greece Dr	475	436
Hong Kong \$	13.36	12.16
Iceland Iskr	128	108
Ireland Pt	1.17	1.08
Israel Shk	6.03	5.38
Italy Lira	2971	2734
Japan Yen	209.33	191.80
Malta	0.687	0.608
Netherlands Gld	3.417	3.122
New Zealand \$	2.88	2.44
Norway Kr	12.10	11.16
Portugal Esc	304.03	282.00
S Africa Rd	8.32	7.36
Spain Ptas	253.29	234.50
Sweden Kr	13.17	12.07
Switzerland Sfr	2.54	2.32
Turkey Lira	288248	278370
USA \$	1.725	1.582

Rates for small denomination bank notes only as supplied by Barclays Bank. Different rates apply to travellers' cheques. Rates as at close of trading on Friday.

Stock	Price	Vol	High	Low	Open	Close
SHORTS (under 5 years)						
100 100 1997	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 1998	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 1999	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2000	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2001	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2002	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2003	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2004	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2005	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2006	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2007	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2008	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2009	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2010	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2011	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2012	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2013	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2014	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2015	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2016	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2017	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2018	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2019	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2020	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2021	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2022	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2023	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2024	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2025	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2026	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2027	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2028	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2029	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2030	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2031	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2032	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2033	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2034	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2035	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2038	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2039	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2040	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2041	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2042	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2043	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2048	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2049	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2050	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2051	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2052	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2053	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2054	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2055	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2056	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2057	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2058	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2059	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2060	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2061	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2062	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2063	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2065	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2066	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2067	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2068	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2069	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2070	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2074	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2087	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2088	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2089	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2090	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2091	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2092	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2099	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2100	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2101	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2102	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2104	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2105	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2106	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2107	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2108	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2109	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2110	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2111	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2112	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2113	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2114	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2126	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2127	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2128	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2129	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2130	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2131	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2132	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2154	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2155	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2156	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2157	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
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100 100 2160	100%	14.08	7.02	7.02	7.02	7.02
100 100 2						

THE FACTS

Turnover (1996): £8.4 billion
Pre-tax profit: £840 million
Employees: 58,000
Alliances:
Cantas
Deutsche BA
TAT European Airlines
Air Liberté
Franchisees:
British Mediterranean Airways
British Regional Airlines
Brymon Airways
CityFlyer Express
Comair (South Africa)
GB Airways
Maersk Air
Loganair
Sun-Air (Scandinavia)

THE BOARD

BA follows the American model of corporate management in having a board of predominantly non-executives, fronted by two full-time directors, Bob Ayling, who has been chief executive since January 1996, and Derek Stevens, who is the chief financial officer.

Hands-off chairman is Sir Colin Marshall, one of the best-connected men in British business, with roles ranging from president of the Confederation of British Industry to chairman of Inchope.

He was chief executive of BA from 1983 to 1995, acting as second-in-command to Lord King of Warratby, now aged 80, who stepped down as chairman in 1993 after the "dirty tricks" row with Richard Branson's Virgin, but remains the honorary president.

The deputy chairman and head of the remuneration committee is Sir Michael Angus, the former head of Unilever and a Confederation of British Industry bigwig.

Other non-executives include Lord Remwick of Clifton, the former British ambassador to America and South Africa, Raymond Seltz, the former American ambassador to the United Kingdom, Baroness O'Connell, previously managing director of the Barbican Centre in London, where BA holds its annual meeting, Ashok Ganguly, a former director of Unilever, and Michael Davies, the chairman of Perkins Foods.

Aviation expertise is provided by Captain Colin Barnes, the former BA chief pilot. Perhaps the ultimate business club.

Everyone has an opinion about British Airways. To investors who bought the shares at 125p in February 1987, when BA came to the market, it is summed up in a satisfying, if somewhat bumpy, ride. To passengers, it means service, getting away on time and whether your baggage turns up. To BA employees, it is all about hanging on to your job.

Few companies are so exposed to the public gaze at every level, and this goes a long way to explaining the way BA is. Since privatisation, the company has gone through certain distinct phases — the Gulf War slump, which cost the airline industry \$15 billion in three years; "dirty tricks"; cutting cost and making alliances. The current era, ushered in with Bob Ayling's appointment as chief executive, is proving the most turbulent of all. The original BA shareholders are losing returns of close to 500 per cent, but the shares have underperformed recently, and their prospects depend heavily on several converging threads, chief among them the long-running alliance talks with American Airlines.

BA unveiled its alliance with American in June 1996 and hoped to have the whole thing airborne by Easter. It had not counted on Richard Branson, chairman of Virgin Atlantic, who was quick to scramble his fleet in an attempt to shoot down the whole thing.

The Office of Fair Trading (OFT) was swift to pass judgment, saying it was minded to recommend the deal provided that BA and American gave up 168 take-off and landing slots at Heathrow, but others have proved less forthcoming. Karel van Miert, the voluble European Competition Commissioner, has talked about stripping BA-American of 350 slots, although how much influence he will ultimately bring to bear remains unclear. Theoretically, the UK should have the final say, but Mr van Miert would suggest otherwise.

More important is the outcome of "open skies" talks between London and Washington. Heathrow is Europe's dominant airport, handling about 22 per cent of all US-Europe traffic. Frankfurt speaks for about 14 per cent; Gatwick has 11 per cent; Amsterdam has 9 per cent; and Paris (Charles de Gaulle) has 9 per cent.

City analysts fear that BA's revenues will be hit hard if the

CORPORATE PROFILE: BA



Plane tale: Sir Colin Marshall, now seen as a hands-off chairman, above, was second-in-command to Lord King of Warratby, below. Bob Ayling, chief executive, centre top, enjoyed happy times with staff but his standing with City investors was hit by the strike and a change of livery has been controversial

airline loses prime slots to competitive US carriers. Some think that it would be better for the BA management to form a marketing agreement with American within the existing regulatory framework, avoiding the damaging downside of "open skies". Either way, BA has to do something to expand its reach. Rival groupings such as the Star Alliance, which includes Lufthansa and United Airlines, are drawing an increasing number of international travellers into their web.

So much time has now elapsed that any eventual deal will come as an anti-climax. Predictions on when it might happen vary from Christmas to early 1998, pushing the actual launch back to late next year.

The other big issue facing BA is internal, but very public nonetheless. Soon after becoming chief executive, Ayling

launched his business efficiency programme, aimed at licking BA into shape for the new millennium. With its yields shrinking, he saw the need for reforms aimed at slicing £1 billion in annual costs out of the business. Without these savings, BA

risked losing out to more cost-efficient carriers.

Lord King of Warratby, chairman of BA during the Eighties, did much to slum the business ahead of privatisation, and undoubtedly the next phase of cuts was always going to be harder. It is also

true that BA enjoyed a much more stable relationship with its unions in the King days. Ayling has flown into storms. The summer of 1996 saw the BA pilots threatening to ground the fleet and stage a mass protest. Unsurprisingly, a compromise was found and action was averted.

This year was different. The process expanded to include "back-office" aspects such as ground fleet services and catering, along with the thornier side of all, the cabin crew. If ever there was going to be a flashpoint it was here, and doom-mongers were not disappointed. Plans to increase basic pensionable pay in return for more flexible working led to a spectacular showdown with the unions.

Only about 330 stewards and stewardesses went on strike, but 2,000 more "went sick" in sympathy, disrupting flights for weeks. BA has put

the cost of the strike action at £125 million, although the ongoing toll in passengers who defected to rival airlines, and decided not to return, has yet to be seen. The picture may become clearer when BA publishes its interim results on November 5. But the fact is that BA won the battle. Newly diplomatic, Ayling has avoided public gloating over the deal, reached with the unions, but it gave him what he wanted, the freedom to organise BA the way he believes is vital for its long-term survival.

Now, BA is well on its way to achieving its targets, but at some cost to image and morale. The decision to spend £60 million on a corporate rebranding, including dubious new livery on its aircraft, appears ill-timed. Dropping the Union Flag not only upset Baroness Thatcher but played right into the hands of Branson, who snatched the colours for his own fleet. Morale

is at a low, and passengers are feeling the pinch.

Some of the most enduring problems have involved lost and delayed baggage. So bad was the situation at Heathrow this summer that BA was forced to impose a temporary cap on bookings at peak times. Equipment breakdowns have contributed, but demoralised handlers — delaying cases, or even refusing to load aircraft — have played a big role. Ayling faces a struggle bringing them back on-side.

Ayling's handling of the staff dispute denied his standing with City investors, led by Mercury Asset Management, with a 17 per cent stake in BA, and Schroders, with about 7 per cent. The threat, in the thick of the cabin crew dispute, to sue or sack staff who went on strike, does not say much for BA's attitude to its employees, although there are signs that a genuine effort is now underway to get things back on an even footing. Relations with pilots have improved after last year's troubles, and the hope is that this *glasnost* will spread elsewhere.

This year BA introduced a new statement of mission, values and goals to complement the code of business conduct produced in the wake of the "dirty tricks" controversy. Financially, much hangs on the outcome of the alliance talks, although the strength of the pound is still a worry to City observers. The shares, which climbed from 88p in February to 760p in May, have since underperformed, smudging an otherwise solid record over the ten years since privatisation. BA has one of the strongest brands around, and is rightly lauded for the quality of its service. Investors and passengers will hope it stays that way.

JON ASHWORTH

Ethical policy	07/10
Fast-cast quotes	07/10
Financial record	07/10
Share performance	08/10
Attitude to staff	08/10
Strength of brand	08/10
Innovation	08/10
Annual report	08/10
City star rating	08/10
Future prospects	08/10
Total	61/100

Ethical policy is evaluated by "Sage" Works. The Fast-cast quotes, in which best boardroom pay ratios score highest, is provided by "Crisp Consulting"

Windfalls fail to produce boom

By SARAH CUNNINGHAM

WINDFALL spending has failed to produce the widely predicted consumer boom and is fading away fast, a report today suggests.

Verdict, the retail consultancy, says that retail sales growth this year in real terms will be 5 per cent, slowing to 3 per cent next year, and dipping further in 1999.

The report, *Verdict on Retailing 2001*, says: "In reality, 3 per cent volume growth is

the underlying level and the extra two percentage points this year is due to windfall spending. This remarkably modest windfall surge shows that consumers are behaving themselves and Verdict sees no reason why interest rates should be raised again."

It says that for much of the retail sector "windfalls have brought no relief and shopkeepers have needed to sharpen their retail skills and improve their

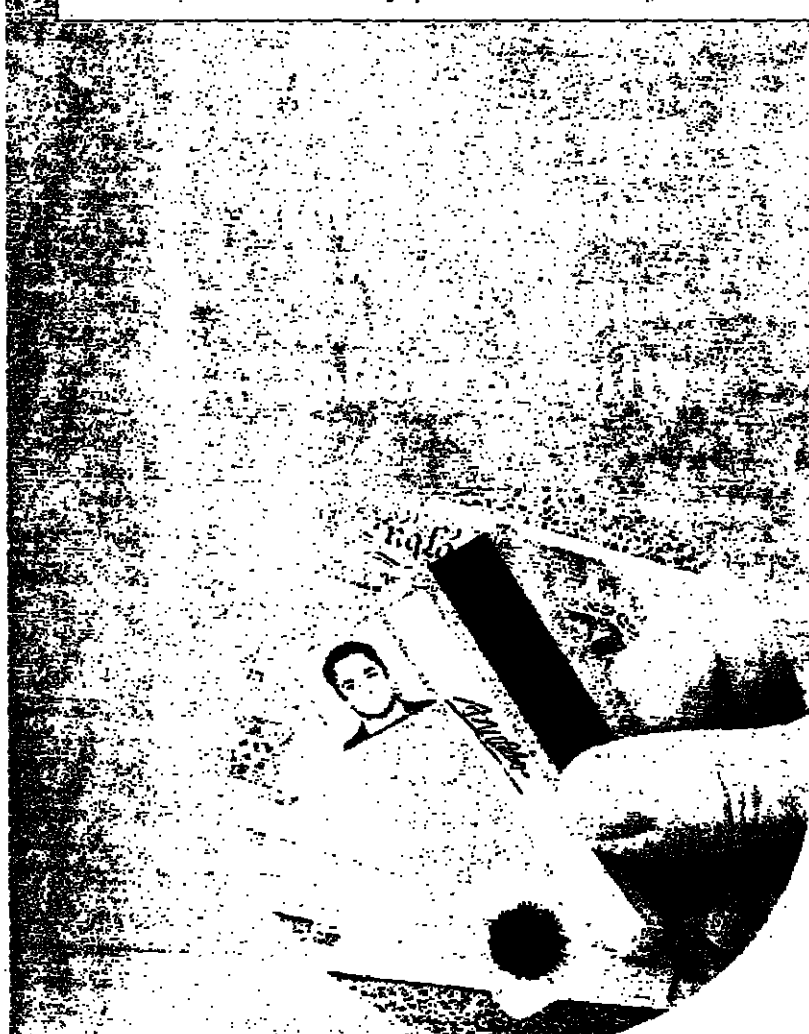
value-for-money offer". It believes that the most successful retailers will be those with a strong own-brand or exclusive-label offer. It thinks that Marks & Spencer is "on the brink of explosive market share growth". The purchase of 19 stores from Littlewoods and the move into clothing mail order could boost its retail sales by £2 billion, Verdict says.

It also sees the supermarket

chains increasing their dominance by building up non-food sales and putting more pressure on booksellers, music and video retailers and clothing and footwear specialists.

Department stores are also seen growing ahead of the rest of the sector and electrical retailers, such as Dixons and Comet, will benefit from this year's windfall spending and strong underlying demand for new leisure products.

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Liverpool Victoria is the UK's largest Priority Society managing assets of over £2.5 billion.

Answers from page 35

OM
(c) In Hinduism and Buddhism, an utterance of assent used in prayer and meditation. The Sanskrit monosyllable. "The note greets me. 'Hare Krishna. Please accept my Om prayers for your eternal well being. I would like to see you for a few minutes'."

RIONE
(b) A district or administrative division of Rome. Italian for a region. "In every rione deputies were appointed to take command of the citizens when the bells of the Capitol and Montecitorio summoned them to arms."

PLAFOND
(a) An early form of contract bridge. So called because a player aimed to bid to his ceiling of tricks. The game originated in France. "Mr Vanderbilt joined in a rubber of the continental game of plafond. He saw possibilities in the game, added the attraction of vulnerability, and introduced it to the [New York] Whist Club under the name of Contract Bridge."

REJON
(a) In bull-fighting, a wooden-handled spear, usually placed from horseback. The Spanish word, *rejón* a pointed iron bar, *regia* a ploughshare. Latin *regula* a straight piece of wood. "The rider plays the bull with the horse itself, placing long banderillas, darts known as rejones, and killing with a long lance, also called a rejón."

SOLUTION TO WINNING CHESS MOVE
1 ... Ng4! 2 Qg3 (2 Rxf7 N2 wins the queen) 2 ... N2- and Black wins.

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Keep our opinions to yourself

It's all very well to say share and share alike, but in all honesty wouldn't you prefer to enjoy at leisure your own copy of the Times Educational Supplement? The FE Focus section, in particular, really does deserve much more than a rushed flick through in the staffroom. So for opinions worth taking the time to listen to, buy your own copy, take it home and keep it to yourself.

FE FOCUS

TES

THE TIMES EDUCATIONAL SUPPLEMENT

Don't you believe in the "new paradigm"? I wish I had a euro for every time I have been asked that question, particularly over the past week. With investors keenly aware of what happened to share prices ten years ago, it has become closely bound up with concern about the current level of the equity market. My answer, I'm afraid, is that it all depends on what you mean.

As I've discovered recently, such prevarication can be deeply shocking. Apparently, you either subscribe to a whole rag-bag of ideas which are lumped together as the new paradigm school, or you reject the lot. Well, I'm afraid I'm one of the awkward squad. I subscribe to some, but not to others.

There are four propositions that make up the creed of the new paradigm school. Inflation is likely to be low for the foreseeable future; low inflation can be accompanied by low rates of unemployment; the sustainable rate of economic growth is now higher; business cycles will now be much attenuated, if indeed they occur at all.

Some people seem to believe that these propositions are inextricably linked in a sort of logical progression. Stock market bulls go further and see them as justifying the current level of share prices, or even supporting the notion that the market can go on rising at double-digit percentage rates year after year. In fact, although

Time to determine if miracles can happen



ROGER BOOTLE

there are links between the four propositions, they are separable. I have listed them in ascending order of strength or improbability.

Some would demur right at the very beginning. As a founder member of the "Inflation is Dead" school, though, I'm hardly one of them. You could complain of bias, but the number of doubters does seem to have fallen sharply over the past year.

Low inflation is one thing, but being able to combine it with low unemployment is a much tougher proposition. It implies that something more is involved than governments and central banks simply maintaining tough policies. In economists' jargon, something has to have happened to reduce the so-called natural rate of unemployment.

This, too, I believe. The evidence is strongest in the US, but it is strengthening in the UK, as unemployment continues to fall while inflation remains low.

Higher sustainable rates of economic growth are connected with this idea, but the connections are not straightforward. Moreover, it is easy to confuse the transition phase with what will be sustainable once the transition is complete. When the economy is expanding to take up slack, it will be growing faster than it will be able to once the slack has been exhausted.

It is a moot point whether the low inflation, low unemployment combination will itself directly raise the sustainable growth rate. But it is plausible that it will, by reducing nominal and real rates of interest and encouraging investment. Moreover, the technological and organisational changes which are themselves contributing to the new, low inflation environment will directly raise the growth rate.

But according to the super-bulls, not only is inflation down and out, but the business cycle is dead as well. This is where I part company.

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But according to the super-bulls, not only is inflation down and out, but the business cycle is dead as well. This is where I part company.

Economists should regard one case of conceptualism as quite sufficient for the time being.

It is easy to see why the death of the business cycle might be thought to follow from the death of inflation. If economies are indeed able to run with lower levels of unemployment without sparking inflation, then the manifestation will be the expansionary phase of the cycle carrying on for longer. Expectations that it will soon hit the buffers by running into shortages of capacity or labour, causing higher prices and wages and bringing down the wrath of the central bank, will be persistently proved wrong. This is precisely the US experience over the past few years.

At some stage, though, these limits will appear again, albeit at a different level of unemployment. But why should this change of level imply that the natural tendency of economies to fluctuate has somehow been eradicated? And why should it imply that the hitherto endless supply of external shocks has suddenly run dry? In the nineteenth century, there was no persistent inflation in either Britain or the US, but business cycle fluctua-

tions were severe. In many ways, it is belief in the death of the business cycle that is the crucial underpinning for the leap from propositions about the new economic paradigm to ultra-bullish views about stockmarket values.

If you are a believer, then it is perfectly acceptable to build in expectations of boom level profits for the foreseeable future, because the economy is in a state of permanent boom.

Moreover, without serious economic downturns, there is no risk of overall price deflation, with all that would imply for profitability and balance sheet strength. The policy-makers will have created a regime of not only low, but also stable inflation, something quite unfamiliar in the nineteenth century. By contrast, if the business cycle is alive and well, then a serious downturn would bring sharply lower inflation. And, as they have discovered in Japan, zero is not a magic number.

As both economic and stock market performance have continued to defy the doomsters' more and more outlandish versions of the new paradigm view have come to be believed - and built into share prices. Views about the economy which were recently thought radical have passed from controversy into conventional wisdom. This has gone so far that the realm of the radical is now restricted to the thoroughly incredible. Transformations I can believe in - miracles I can't.

Of material importance

Making Masterpieces
BBC2, 7.30pm

This intriguing series by Neil MacGregor, Director of the National Gallery, will compel us to look at even the most familiar paintings with a fresh eye. His subject is one that standard works on art history tend to ignore: how artists have been influenced by the materials at their disposal. If Rembrandt's water shimmerers while Renoir's dapples, that is because they used different types of paint. And if Veronese's painting of St Helena has a most un-Mediterranean sky of muddy grey, that is because the cheap pigment has faded from its original blue. Computer simulation shows us how the picture originally looked and technology also provides new insights into Renoir's *Les Femmes d'Alger*. Thanks to X-rays and the ability to magnify tiny paint samples 250 times, MacGregor establishes that one of the female figures was repainted five years after the painting was started.

Picture This: Silvering Up
BBC2, 9.30pm

Once again the series for emerging film-makers has a subject that cannot fail. If you have ever thought what it takes to film electricity pylons, Kirkham Jackson's film, cleverly crafted and delivered without commentary, supplies the answer. Men with no fear of heights don wellies, boiler suits, hoods and rubber gloves and shin up the towers without a second thought. Even to watch from the safety of the living room is enough to induce vertigo, but one of the men reckons it is far less being on a ladder. The physical toll, however, can be substantial. Dave reckons there is not a painter in the country with a decent pair of knees. He also has arthritis in both wrists and a bad back. But the work, though seasonal and paid by the pylon, not the hour, is addictive.

Omnibus: The Fame and Shame of Salvador Dali
BBC1, 10.40pm

In Salvador Dali the outrageous paintings and flamboyant personal life were all of a piece, and the challenge for Ian Gibson in this two-part documentary is to sort the artist from the buffoon. Gibson is not short of source material, much of it



Salvador Dali (BBC1, 10.40pm)

oral. He has located an impressive number of former associates willing to search their memories. For not nothing was Dali an admirer of Freud, whom he met in London in the 1930s. The artist's exhibitionism, it is suggested, hid shyness while shame and sexual desire were linked from boyhood. Tonight Gibson takes the story to 1940, when Dali decamped to the United States. The film is good on Dali's Catalan roots and his place in the Surrealist movement, but shrinks from a verdict on his art. Part two is being shown tomorrow.

The Art of the Reporter
BBC2, 11.15pm

Fergal Keane uses the Huw Wheldon Memorial Lecture to mount a spirited and sometimes emotional defence of the integrity of journalism. Keane's own credentials, particularly his reporting from the horror of Rwanda, are impeccable. But he pays proper tribute to forebears, going back to Richard Dimbleby and James Cameron, as well as to contemporaries including Michael Buerk, James Maclean and Martin Bell. Keane argues that it is the duty of the reporter to tell the truth, in an accessible, caring and intelligent way and never mind whom it offends. He fears this is getting more difficult in face of growing technology (he is specially concerned about the Internet) and pressures from the market. But he is confident the BBC will never engage in dumbing-down. Peter Waymark

RADIO CHOICE

Dear Bill
Radio 4, 8.45am

The title demonstrates that Lord Deedes has a sense of humour, for it borrows from the long-running *Private Eye* spoof which purported to be a weekly letter from Deedes, then Editor of the *Daily Telegraph*, to Sir Denis Thatcher, consort to the blessed Margaret. But Deedes is an amusing writer and even the five extracts this week, read by the author, cover more than 60 years, from Deedes's time as a reporter on the *Morning Post* to his present campaigning for a ban on landmines, including two spells in government, as a junior Housing Minister under Churchill and Information Minister under Macmillan. This Radio 4 version includes an account of his visit to Bosnia in August with Diana, Princess of Wales.

RADIO 1

6.50am Kevin Greening and Zed Ball 9.00 Simon Mayo 12.00 Jo Whitey, includes 12.30pm Newsbeat 2.00 Mark Radcliffe 4.00 Dave Pearce 6.15 Newsbeat 6.30 Steve Lamacq, Evening Session, includes sessions by Super Furry Animals and David Byrne 8.30 The Evening Session 9.30 The Evening Session 10.30 Andy Kershaw 10.50 Mary Anne Hobbs 11.00am Dave Warren 4.00 Chris Moyles

RADIO 2

6.00am Alan Lister 7.30 Sarah Kennedy 9.30 Ken Bruce 11.30 Jimmy Young 1.30pm Debbie Thompson 3.00 Ed Stewart 5.00 John Dunn 7.00 Humphrey Lyttelton 8.00 Malcolm Lockart 9.00 Big Band Special 8.30 Hayes over Britain 10.30 Richard Ainsworth 12.00am Steve Macdonald 3.00 Charles Nore

RADIO 5 LIVE

6.00am The Breakfast Programme 9.00 The Magazine 12.00 Midday with Mark 2.00pm Radio 5 on Five 4.00 Nationwide The start of a week-long investigation into dog abuse in Britain 7.00 News Extra 7.30 Football Legends 8.30 The Monday Match: Barnsley v Coventry City 10.00 News Talk 11.00 News Extra 12.00 After Hours 2.00am At Night 5.00 Morning Reports

VIRGIN RADIO

5.00am Jeremy Clark 7.00 Chris Evans 10.00 (FM) Robin Banks (AM) Graham Dene 1.00pm (FM) Nick Abbot (MW) Nicky Horns 4.00am Paul 7.00 (FM) Paul Coyte (AM) Colin Jones 10.00 Mark Forster 2.00am Richard Porter

TALK RADIO

6.30am Paul Ross and Carol MacGiffin 9.00 Scott Chisholm 12.00 Lindsay Kelly 2.00pm Tommy Boyd 4.00 Peter Dinkley 7.00 Anna Rastburn 8.00 James White 1.00am Ian Collins

WORLD SERVICE

6.00am Newsday 6.30 Europe Today 7.00 News 7.15 Parade 7.30 Omnibus 8.00 News 8.15 On the Spot: The Portrait of a Lady 8.30 The Village Chat Show 9.00 News: News in German (8.45 only) 9.10 Paves for Thought 9.15 International: Question Time 10.00 News 10.05 World News Report 10.15 Ends of the World 10.30 BBC English: Britain Now 10.45 Sports Roundup 11.00 News 11.30 Omnibus 12.00 Newsday 12.30pm Jazzmat 2.00 News: News in German (1.45 only) 1.55 World Business Report 1.58 Britain Today 2.00 Seven Days 1.45 Sports Roundup 2.00 Newsday 3.00 News 3.05 Outlook 3.30 Call Out 4.00 News 4.05 Sports Roundup 4.15 On Your Behalf 4.30 Pop: The Question 5.00 Europe Today 5.05 World Business Report 5.45 Britain Today 6.00 News 6.15 The World Today 6.30 Seven Days: News in German (6.05 only) 6.45 Sports Roundup 7.00 Newsday 7.20 Brain of Britain 8.00 News 8.01 Outlook 8.25 Paves for Thought 8.30 Multibyte 10.15 8.00 Newsday 10.00 News 10.05 World Business Report 10.15 Britain Today 10.30 Dreams of Learning: The Story of Human Migration 11.00 Newsday 11.30 The World Today 11.45 Sports Roundup 12.00 News 12.05 Outlook 12.30 Multibyte: The List 1.00 Newsday 1.30 See It My Way 1.45 Britain Today 2.00 Newsday 2.30 Seven Days 2.45 Points by Post 3.00 Newsday 3.30 On Screen 4.00 News 4.05 World Business Report 4.15 Sports Roundup 4.30 Europe Today 5.00 Newsday 5.30 Europe Today

CLASSIC FM

6.00am Alan Mann 9.00 Nick Bailey, includes the Classic Masterpieces and Hall of Fame Hour 1.00pm Lovers Request Hour with Jane Jones 2.00pm Concerto 1.15 Britain Today 1.15 In It 3.00am Jackie Crook 7.00 Newsday with John Burrell 7.30am Sonnet: Knut from Sonnet in F 8.00 Evening Concert: Paves (Overture: Variations: Music from Quo Vadis), Maurice Jarre (Suite: Variations of Anahit: Howard Shore (Suite: Looking for Richard: Vaughan Williams (Coastal Command); Bernard Herrmann (Music from Taxi Driver); Franz Waxman (Concert Suite: Tierses Subes) 10.00 Michael Mappin, includes 11.30 (Jazz) 2.00am Concerto (1) 3.00 Mark Gittie

RADIO 3

4.45 Music Machine: Tommy Pearson presents the best of week's programmes from Scandinavia. 5.00 In Tune: Sean Rafferty talks to the new music director of the English National Opera, Peter Daniel, as Tim Albery's new production of *House of the Dead* by Janacek opens at the Coliseum in London. 7.30 Performance on 3: Laila Ove Andersen, piano, City of Birmingham Symphony Orchestra under Simon Rattle. Rattle (La Tombeau de Couperin); Symphonies (Symphony No 4, Symphony Concertante); Stravinsky (Four Norwegian Woodcuts); Borodin (Symphony No 2 in B minor); Faust (Prelude). 9.05 Postscript: The Life of Dali, Ian Gibson talks to the artist from his new biography of Salvador Dali (1/4) 9.25 Obituary: Obituary: David Threlkington plays the new two-movement of the Welsh composer Llywelyn Iwan at the chapel of Pembroke College, Oxford. 10.00 Voices: Ian Burnside explores the appeal of forests, woods, glades and trees for poets and discusses how composers have responded to their words. 10.45 Mixing It: Includes a studio session by the composer-collaborator Marie Gayot. 11.30 Composer of the Week: Dmitri Shostakovich (1) 12.30am Jazz Notes: This week's programme mark John Denworth's 70th birthday. 1.00 Through the Night, with Donald Macleod

RADIO 4

5.55am (LW) Shipping Forecast 6.00 News Briefing 6.10 Fanning Today 6.25 Prayer for the Day 6.30 Today 6.45 Dear Bill: See Choice (1/4) 6.50 Weather 9.00 News 9.05 Start the Week, with the Times columnist Melvyn Bragg and guests including the American author Donna Tartt and the journalist Paul Johnson. 10.00 (LW) Daily Service 10.00 (FM) News: With Great Pleasure, The American novelist Alison Lurie chooses her favourite pieces of writing, read by Bonnie-Harman and Ben Crutwell. 10.15 (LW) On This Day, with Geoffrey Wheeler 10.30 Woman's Hour, includes a report on Belgian corruption by Rosalind Gibbs. 11.30 Money Box Live, with Vincent Dugganby 12.00 News: You and Yours, with Mark Whitaker 12.25pm Round Britain Quiz: The last in the present series. See Choice 12.55 Weather 1.00 The World at One, with Nick Clarke 1.40 The Archers (1) 1.55 Shipping Forecast 2.00 News: Blood of the Ring Finger, by Jane Cassidy, based on a true story in Co Down at the turn of the century, rumours begin to circulate about a married couple's real relationship after the husband's death. With Marie Jones, Nora Mullin and Des McAleer (1) 3.00 The Afternoon Shift, with Laurie Taylor 4.00 News 4.05 Kaleidoscope: Lynne Watkin discusses opera and music theatre in the east of England as a new opera, *Miss Julie*, opens in Norwich. Plus a review of John Hare's new CD, *Sternum*. 4.45 Shipping Forecast: Faith's Pledge, by Lawrence Scott, read by Carol English and Chris Lowe 5.50 Shipping Forecast 5.55 Weather 6.00 Six O'Clock News 6.30 News: Colin Simon Hoggarth chairs the topical quiz, with panelists including Alan Coren (1) 7.00 News 7.05 The Archers 7.20 The Food Programme, Simon Parkes investigates how the oyster has become a food for the rich (1) 7.45 The Monday Play: Burlesque, by Judith Adams, and identify: Lady Dingles to recover her mind and identity, with Kathryn Hunter (1) 8.15 Colour Radio: An exploration of yellow (5/6) (1) 8.20 Kaleidoscope (1) 9.50 Weather 10.00 The World Tonight, with Isabel Hilton 10.40 Book at Bedtime: The Diving Bell and the Butterfly, by Jean-Dominique Bauby, translated by Jeremy Leggett, abridged by Brian Miller and read by Richard Derrington (1/5) 11.00 Continuing Notes with Brian Kay (1) 11.30 (FM) Ballydoon: The second of a four-part comedy by Christopher Fitz-Simon, with Stella McCusker, Margaret D'Arcy and T.P. McKenna (2/4) (1) 12.00 News 12.30am The Late Book: The Drowned World, by J.G. Ballard (RTO) (1) 12.45 (LW) Shipping Forecast 1.00 As World Service

Alchemy is catalyst for change on Genus's farm

A firm owned by thousands of farmers is weighed for market, writes Paul Durman



Richard Wood, head of Genus, Britain's largest cattle-breeding firm, which has become the target of venture capitalists



The attempt by a venture capital firm to buy Genus, Britain's largest cattle-breeding firm, is being seen by some as farming's version of Andrew Regan's tilt at the Co-operative Wholesale Society.

From the outset, Alchemy Partners has seemed to have a little chance of success as the hapless Mr Regan. Yet, as with CWS, the very attempt is set to change the way Genus is run. This is readily acknowledged by Richard Wood, chief executive of Genus since last December. "The world is not the same after something like this has happened," he says. Since Al-

chemy made an "indicative offer" for Genus worth around £28 million, the company has suspended its clumsy twice-yearly sharedealing mechanism and brought forward plans for a stock market flotation.

Genus emerged from the old Milk Marketing Board, a heritage that has endowed it with 29,000 current and former

dairy farmers as shareholders. To the smirking delight of many involved, Genus is Britain's biggest supplier of bull semen, fertilising half the cows that are artificially inseminated. Genus has 19 insemination centres, with 350 technicians standing ready to despatch nitrogen-cooled semen anywhere it is needed. Last year it

made operating profits of £1.9 million, from sales of £46.6 million, and made a further £2.8 million from property disposals.

Since most shareholders are also customers, Genus would seem to hold most of the aces. Amanda Shipman, the Alchemy partner who is backing a shadow management team led by Julia Walsh, admits: "It might be a hopeless case. But if we can get opinion behind us, they should at least let us have a look at the company's books. We will at least make a fair offer."

John Beckett, the dairy farmer who is chairman of Genus, has refused to meet Dr Walsh, a former chief executive of ADAS, a recently privatised agricultural advisory agency. Greg Aldridge, the assistant director of Singer & Friedlander, the merchant bank advising Genus, said: "The company is not for sale. There's no pressure on it to put itself up for sale. The company has a very clear strategy and is busy pursuing that. We will resist any attempt to go fishing through the company's books to try to justify making us a bid."

Unwelcome as it is, Alchemy's intervention has thrown up some useful points. Its offer pitched above Genus's net asset value, is worth an estimated 120p a share. This is more than double the 50p that shareholders were offered on the last dealing day, in January. An embarrassed Genus moved rapidly to abandon the planned October deal. It is working on plans for a daily matched-bid trading mechanism through the Olex market or a stockbroker.

Genus, which only last week adopted plc status, has also been ticked off by the Takeover Panel for Mr Wood's comment to *Farmers Weekly* that its 1997 accounts understated the firm's net asset value by about 30 per cent. Ms Shipman says: "If the difference is that material, you are meant to restate the accounts. People were trying to sell shares on the basis of these accounts."

The discrepancy is because of historical property valuations. Mr Wood says that it is ridiculous to value Genus on its assets - it is not a property company. Fair enough. Yet Genus is such an unusual company that its shareholders, if they are to stand any chance of valuing it correctly, should

be entitled to the best possible information.

While the Alchemy team tries to woo support among dairy farmers, Dr Walsh has turned her attack on Genus's strategy. She accuses Genus of losing its focus on its core breeding expertise, and diversifying into unrelated areas, such as arable consultancy.

Some of her concerns seem trivial, such as Genus's reliance on Dutch and American firms for about half its semen, to the detriment of good old British bulls. Mr Wood replies that farmers are mainly concerned with the milk output of the cows produced.

Mr Wood, a former managing director of ICI Seeds UK, has set himself the task of doubling Genus's annual turnover to £100 million over the next five years, and increasing profits to £10 million. His problem is that dairy farming is in steady decline, its difficulties exacerbated by the BSE crisis. His solution has been to cut overheads, to sell unwanted properties and to expand into new areas. On the breeding side, this has involved the just-completed acquisition of Scottish Livestock Services and a move into horse breeding, a small but undeveloped market.

Meanwhile, Genus's grandly named consultancy arm, Ardent Farm Business Solutions, has extended its service from the dairy industry to arable farming, and has acquired an agricultural software firm. Mr Wood even has plans to expand into farm management. Dr Walsh said that diversification will be a considerable challenge, and unlikely to offer the best returns for investors. She believes that, in the present difficult climate, many farmer shareholders would prefer to receive some cash for their shares. And she says that the management team has no intention to break up Genus.

So far, Alchemy lacks the financial detail to let it make a full offer, and unless Dr Walsh and her colleagues find some sympathetic farmers, it is unlikely to gain access to Genus's books.

Mr Aldridge said: "Ultimately, they will go away because they aren't able to do the due diligence that enables them to finance the bid. They may not like the board's answer, but that's their view."

BUY COX'S ON APPLE DAY AND HELP SAVE BRITAIN'S ORCHARDS

Over 150 famous names have pledged their support

Tony Blair, Joan Collins
James Fox, Joanna Lumley, Hugh Grant
Barbara Windsor, Anthony Hopkins
Zoe Wannamaker, Nigel Havers, Julie Walters
Ben Kingsley, Susannah York, Des Lynham
June Whitfield, Chris Tarrant, Anthea Turner
Ron Atkinson, Carol Barnes, Eamonn Holmes
Geoffrey Boycott, Jill Dando, Linford Christie
Twiggy, Peter Beardsley, Annabel Croft
Julian Dicks, Stephanie Beacham, David Gower
Wendy Richard, Colin Jackson, Vanessa Feltz
David Essex, Jilly Goolden, Dennis Wise
Fiona Armstrong, John Motson
Katherine Hammet, John Humphrys
Jilly Cooper, William Hague

BUY ENGLISH COX'S ON APPLE DAY TUESDAY 21 OCTOBER

THE ENGLISH COX CAMPAIGN

FREQUENCY GUIDE: RADIO 1, FM 97.8-99.8, RADIO 2, FM 88.0-90.2, RADIO 3, FM 90.2-92.4, RADIO 4, FM 92.4-94.8, LW 168, MW 722, RADIO 5, LW 683, 958, WORLD SERVICE, MW 648, LW 198 (12.45-5.55am), LW 100-102, VIRGIN RADIO, FM 106.8, MW 1197, 1215, TALK RADIO, MW 1085, 1088, 1089, 1090, 1091, 1092, 1093, 1094, 1095, 1096, 1097, 1098, 1099, 1100, 1101, 1102, 1103, 1104, 1105, 1106, 1107, 1108, 1109, 1110, 1111, 1112, 1113, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1122, 1123, 1124, 1125, 1126, 1127, 1128, 1129, 1130, 1131, 1132, 1133, 1134, 1135, 1136, 1137, 1138, 1139, 1140, 1141, 1142, 1143, 1144, 1145, 1146, 1147, 1148, 1149, 1150, 1151, 1152, 1153, 1154, 1155, 1156, 1157, 1158, 1159, 1160, 1161, 1162, 1163, 1164, 1165, 1166, 1167, 1168, 1169, 1170, 1171, 1172, 1173, 1174, 1175, 1176, 1177, 1178, 1179, 1180, 1181, 1182, 1183, 1184, 1185, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196, 1197, 1198, 1199, 1200, 1201, 1202, 1203, 1204, 1205, 1206, 1207, 1208, 1209, 1210, 1211, 1212, 1213, 1214, 1215, 1216, 1217, 1218, 1219, 1220, 1221, 1222, 1223, 1224, 1225, 1226, 1227, 1228, 1229, 1230, 1231, 1232, 1233, 1234, 1235, 1236, 1237, 1238, 1239, 1240, 1241, 1242, 1243, 1244, 1245, 1246, 1247, 1248, 1249, 1250, 1251, 1252, 1253, 1254, 1255, 1256, 1257, 1258, 1259, 1260, 1261, 1262, 1263, 1264, 1265, 1266, 1267, 1268, 1269, 1270, 1271, 1272, 1273, 1274, 1275, 1276, 1277, 1278, 1279, 1280, 1281, 1282, 1283, 1284, 1285, 1286, 1287, 1288, 1289, 1290, 1291, 1292, 1293, 1294, 1295, 1296, 1297, 1298, 1299, 1300, 1301, 1302, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306, 1307, 1308, 1309, 1310, 1311, 1312, 1313, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1319, 1320, 1321, 1322, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1327, 1328, 1329, 1330, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1334, 1335, 1336, 1337, 1338, 1339, 1340, 1341, 1342, 1343, 1344, 1345, 1346, 1347, 1348, 1349, 1350, 1351, 1352, 1353, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1357, 1358, 1359, 1360, 1361, 1362, 1363, 1364, 1365, 1366, 1367, 1368, 1369, 1370, 1371, 1372, 1373, 1374, 1375, 1376, 1377, 1378, 1379, 1380, 1381, 1382, 1383, 1384, 1385, 1386, 1387, 1388, 1389, 1390, 1391, 1392, 1393, 1394, 1395, 1396, 1397, 1398, 1399, 1400, 1401, 1402, 1403, 1404, 1405, 1406, 1407, 1408, 1409, 1410, 1411, 1412, 1413, 1414, 1415, 1416, 1417, 1418, 1419, 1420, 1421, 1422, 1423, 1424, 1425, 1426, 1427, 1428, 1429, 1430, 1431, 1432, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1436, 1437, 1438, 1439, 1440, 1441, 1442, 1443, 1444, 1445, 1446, 1447, 1448, 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453, 1454, 1455, 1456, 1457, 1458, 1459, 1460, 1461, 1462, 1463, 1464, 1465, 1466, 1467, 1468, 1469, 1470, 1471, 1472, 1473, 1474, 1475, 1476, 1477, 1478, 1479, 1480, 1481, 1482, 1483, 1484, 1485, 1486, 1487, 1488, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 1493, 1494, 1495, 1496, 1497, 1498, 1499, 1500, 1501, 1502, 1503, 1504, 1505, 1506, 1507, 1508, 1509, 1510, 1511, 1512, 1513, 1514, 1515, 1516, 1517, 1518, 1519, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1530, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553

PROFILE 44

Out with the old and in with the new at BA

BUSINESS

PARADIGMS 46

Do you believe in miracles, asks Roger Bootle

BUSINESS EDITOR Patience Wheatcroft

MONDAY OCTOBER 20 1997

Hyundai may double plant investment

By FRASER NELSON

HYUNDAI, the South Korean electronics group that is building a £1.3 billion microchip plant in Scotland, is preparing to double its investment if the boom in the computer market continues.

The company, which last year announced it would open two 650 million memory chip factories in Fife, is building infrastructure that will support four factories.

If the market conditions are good, it will open a third and fourth microchip plant, taking total investment to £2.6 billion and creating a total of 3,200 jobs. This would make the Dunfermline development

one of the largest inward investment projects in the world. The full potential of the site has not been publicised by the Scottish Office, which considers the prospect of a third and fourth factory too distant.

However, Hyundai said that unless demand slowed down, it would be drawing up plans for the third factory within five years, triggering the extra investment.

Seung Rak Lee, assistant operations manager, said: "We have chosen a 150-acre site, and this includes space for four factories. If market conditions are good, we will keep expanding." The third and fourth

factories would be on a similar scale to the first two, he said, and required the same levels of investment. The company's expansion plan forecasts that computer microchip technology will take a step-change every three to four years.

Mr Lee added: "We need to produce memory that matches the cycle of development in PCs. You used to have eight megs four or five years ago, now the base is 32 megs and the need for memory is still growing." Its first factory starts dummy runs on 64-megabyte memory chips next spring, and the second is due to begin work on the more complex 256-megabyte chips within two years. If the three-year cycle model holds good, the third factory should start production in 2003.

However, Mr Lee emphasised that the company has not planned beyond the second factory, and even that could be scaled down if the semiconductor market fell. He said: "If we said a third factory will open in 2003, we would be lying. We will look at the market after each stage and then decide."

The more advanced factories are likely to look at producing one-gigabyte memory chips and be produced on 12-inch wafers of silicon against the eight-inch wafers used at present.

Hyundai is the largest of South Korea's trading companies, but takes sixth place in the memory-chip market. It agreed to locate in Scotland after months of intense lobbying by the Government and a promise of an £80 million subsidy. Mr Lee said each of the four plants should employ 400 administration staff and 400 electronics graduates - a demand that recruitment consultants say might be difficult to fulfil.

Wilson (Connolly) is to build 3,500 houses around the plant together with a multiplex cinema, a 62-acre park and a cricket square - creating an estimated 1,000 jobs in support services alone.



ROBERT FELD, above, the former managing director of Resort Hotels serving an eight-year prison sentence for fraud, is to seek leave to appeal to have his sentence reduced (Dominic Walsh writes). Feld, described by the judge as "a man of quite appalling dishonesty", is said to have been shocked at the severity of the sentence. He was found guilty in April of 12 counts of fraud and forgery, with most of the charges relating to a rights issue in 1992. Resort collapsed two years later with debts of more

than £140 million and most of the group's hotels were subsequently sold to Jarvis Hotels. Harkavy, the firm of solicitors that represented Feld during the trial, declined to comment, but it is understood that he will shortly ask the High Court for leave to take his case to the Court of Appeal. A previous request for the sentence to be reconsidered by the High Court was rejected.

His efforts are unlikely to attract sympathy from the army of small shareholders who lost all their

money when the company collapsed. Edwin Cox, the firm of solicitors representing the Resorts Hotels Shareholders' Action Group, is this week expected to serve writs on the company's former directors, as well as BZW, which underwrote the £20 million rights issue, and Coopers & Lybrand, the company's auditor. The writs will be served on behalf of about 500 individual shareholders and seven institutional investors that between them accounted for about ten million shares.

Accountants' files seized by taxman

By JASON NISSE

OFFICERS from the special compliance department of the Inland Revenue have raided the premises of two of the top six accountancy firms, Ernst & Young and Coopers & Lybrand, and seized papers.

The raids, last week, came as part of the Revenue's largest criminal investigation into tax avoidance schemes and will be a particular embarrassment to the firms, both of which are planning huge mergers with other accounting groups.

Coopers unveiled a merger with Price Waterhouse last month and the coming together of Ernst & Young and KPMG, revealed in *The Times* on Saturday, is due to be announced today, creating the world's largest accounting firm.

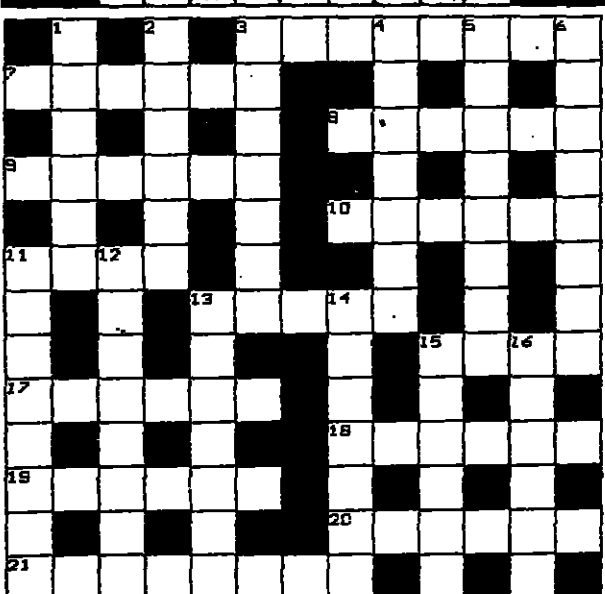
The mergers will have to be approved by US anti-trust authorities and the European Commission. The Coopers deal has already drawn criti-

cism from leading finance directors, and yesterday a former senior partner of Ernst & Young, John Keenan, said that its merger with KPMG would be "a great leap backwards".

Ernst & Young is understood to have created many of the schemes being investigated by the Revenue. They involved a number of offshore companies in countries such as Switzerland and Denmark. The firm confirmed that tax officers had raided five of its offices last week and removed documents.

Coopers & Lybrand has been widely promoting some of the schemes. It said that the Revenue has been investigating some of its clients and, as part of that, has used its powers to remove documents from offices of the accountants. In all, more than 80 offices have been raided, including those of solicitors and private companies.

TIMES TWO CROSSWORD



No 1229

ACROSS

- 3 A tramp (5)
- 7 Staid, composed (6)
- 8 Enveloping Muslim garment (6)
- 9 School absentee (6)
- 10 Illegal delivery (cricket) (2,4)
- 11 Shack: east off (4)
- 13 Face growth: boldly confront (5)
- 15 Religious splinter group (4)
- 17 Andy —, US pop artist (4)
- 18 Get less light (6)
- 19 Full of tricks (6)
- 20 Heavily embellished (6)
- 21 Child's jumping game (8)

DOWN

- 1 Bottom of furnace: home symbol (6)
- 2 Risk (6)
- 3 Another risk (7)
- 4 Chunnel station: Daisy —, Young Visitors author (7)
- 5 Munitions (8)
- 6 Abandoned, dilapidated (8)
- 11 Rapidly grow: Trotsky figure (Animal Farm) (8)
- 12 Non-obligatory (eg pay-out) (2,4)
- 13 Old Eng. poem: hero kills Grendel (7)
- 14 Selfish driver (4,3)
- 15 Leap source (6)
- 16 A toboggan run (6)

SOLUTION TO NO 1228

ACROSS: 1 Abound 5 Pagoda 8 Tess 9 Gridlock 10 Siding 11 Sassy 13 Euphemistic 16 Score 18 Penguin 21 Revellie 22 Lock 23 Asylum 24 Signal
DOWN: 2 Beehive 3 Upright 4 Doggerel 5 Prim 4 Gallant 7 Deceit 12 Likeness 14 Purcell 15 Chimera 17 Chess 19 Gulag 20 Sift

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NatWest pressed on sale of Markets

By JASON NISSE

SOURCES within NatWest Markets dismissed speculation at the weekend that the troubled merchant bank may be sold quickly, with ABN Amro Hoare Govett leading the list of potential buyers.

NatWest Group has hired Lazard Brothers to advise on the future of NatWest Markets, whose chief executive, Martin Owen, resigned earlier this year after the group ran up more than £80 million of losses on options trading.

Chip Kruger, his replacement, is understood to be pressing Derek Wanless, chief executive of NatWest Group, to make a decision on the future and ideally sell the ailing business. However, Mr Kruger went on holiday this weekend and is not expected back in the NatWest Markets' offices for at least ten days.

Lazard is believed to be recommending that NatWest defers any decision until the sale of BZW, the broker, by Barclays is announced. The City is expecting news on the BZW sale this week, with CSFB, the Swiss securities house, favourite to buy it.

Speculation has also centred on the future of Hambros, the merchant banking group hit by the Lanza Trust scandal, with the Italian bank, Sao Paolo di Torino, tipped as a bidder. Sao Paolo is Hambros' largest shareholder, with 16.6 per cent of the group, and has been associated with Hambros for more than a decade.

Coca-Cola mourns death of chairman

FROM TUNKU VARADARAJAN IN NEW YORK

OFFICES of the Coca-Cola Company worldwide will be closed tomorrow as a tribute to Roberto Goizueta, the group's chairman and chief executive, who died on Saturday of lung cancer, aged 65.

A Cuban refugee who became a legend in American business, Mr Goizueta oversaw phenomenal growth in Coca-Cola's market value during his 10 years at the helm. Worth \$4 billion (£2.6 billion) in 1981, when Mr Goizueta, a rank outsider, succeeded J. Paul Austin as chairman, Coca-Cola is today valued at nearly \$130 billion. This makes Mr Goizueta one of the greatest creators of shareholder wealth in corporate history.

Mr Goizueta took hold of the conservative and bureaucratic Coca-Cola, mired in the quicksand of Georgia's "Southern" business methods and dragged it into virtually every corner of the world. One of his most audacious moves was the creation of Diet Coke in 1982.

Today, Diet Coke is America's largest-selling sugar-free beverage, and the fourth-largest soft drink behind normal Coke, Pepsi and 7-Up.

Mr Goizueta's other achievement, rated by many analysts as pivotal to his success, was consolidation of a previously chaotic bottling system. He also conducted corporate warfare over bottling: in 1996, Coca-Cola bought Pepsi's Venezuelan bottler, putting its rival out of business overnight in the only Latin American country where Coke had a smaller market share.

Mr Goizueta was also, however, the author of the 1985 blunder in which Coca-Cola replaced its 99-year-old formula with a sweeter, smoother version, called "New Coke", which the public spurned and which had to be withdrawn.

Coca-Cola's new chairman is likely to be Douglas Ivester, 50, its chief operating officer.

Obituary, page 23

This week in THE TIMES



■ **Tomorrow**
Sentences are to be passed down on Ted Ball and David Ashworth of Landhurst Leasing

■ **Wednesday**
Janet Bush, left, assesses the economic background to the jittery markets

■ **Thursday**
Graham Scaryeant gives an in-depth opinion on the issues of the week

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